



**Report on**  
**Western Isles (South)**  
**Coastal Zone Assessment Survey**  
**South Uist & Benbecula**  
**(East Coasts)**

by

Hazel Moore

Graeme Wilson

Commissioned by **SCAPE**  
Scottish Coastal Archaeology  
and the Problem of Erosion

Funded by Historic Scotland

January 2007

**EASE Archaeology**



**Report on**  
**Western Isles (South)**  
**Coastal Zone Assessment Survey**  
**South Uist & Benbecula**  
**(East Coasts)**

by

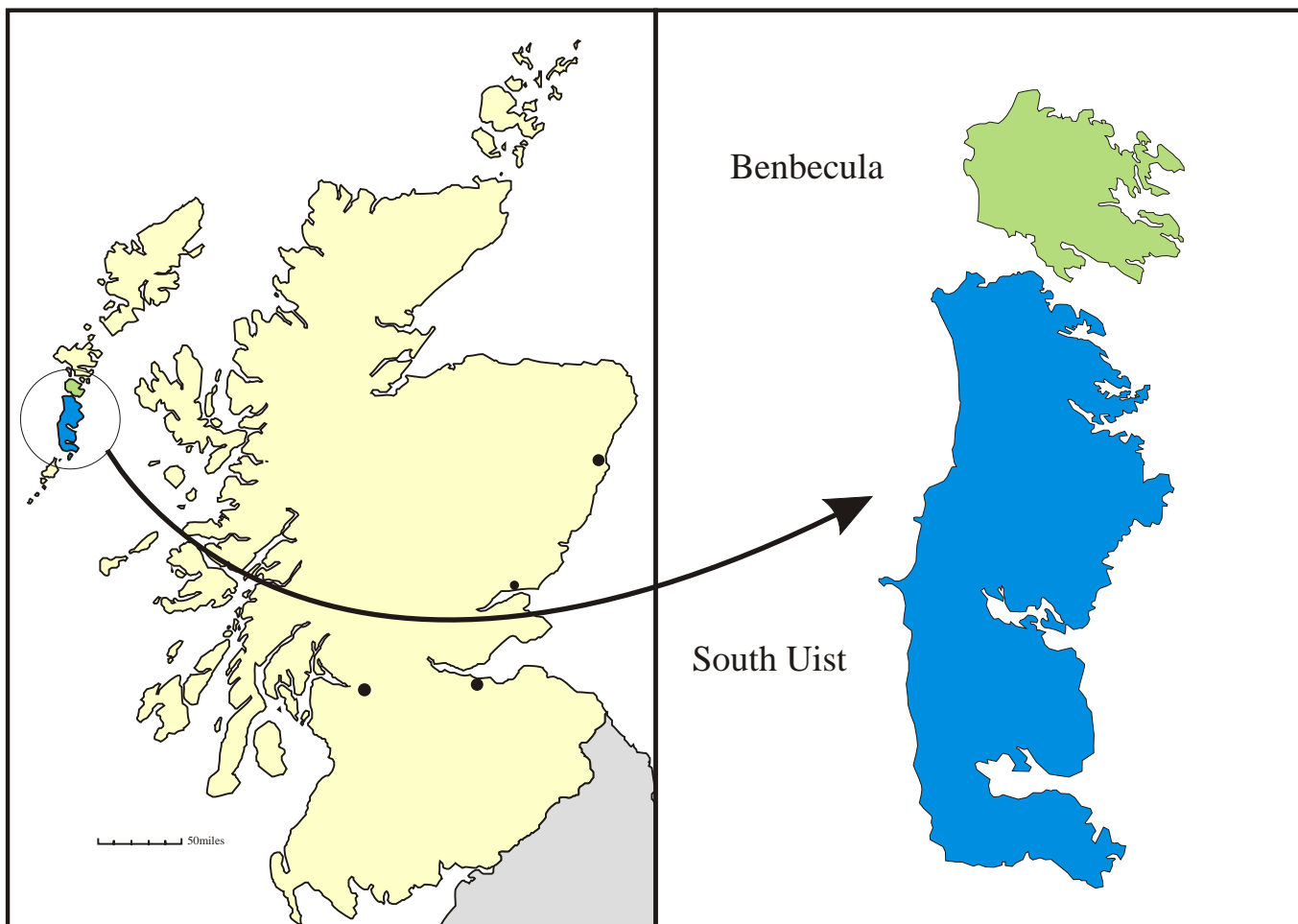
Hazel Moore  
Graeme Wilson

**EASE Archaeology**  
Unit 8, Abbeymount Techbase,  
2, Easter Road,  
Edinburgh, EH7 5AN.

Commissioned by The SCAPE Trust

Funded by Historic Scotland

January 2007



## Contents

	<i>Page</i>
<b>The Report</b>	
<b>1.0</b> Introduction	1
<b>2.0</b> Background to Survey Area	5
<b>3.0</b> The Survey Report	8
<b>4.0</b> Analysis of the Results of the Coastal Survey	12
<b>5.0</b> Discussion	19
<b>6.0</b> Review of Desk Based Study	20
 <b>The Survey Results</b>	
 Benbecula Maps 1- 3	25
 South Uist Maps 1- 4	55
 <b>Site Descriptions</b>	
 Benbecula	94
 South Uist	132
 <b>List of Photographs</b>	193
<b>Bibliography</b>	200



## **1.0 Introduction**

**1.1** This report documents the findings of a coastal zone assessment survey carried out on the east coast of the island of Benbecula and parts of the east coast of South Uist. The survey was undertaken in November 2006. It was commissioned by The SCAPE Trust and funded by Historic Scotland.

**1.2** The survey represents the second and final part of a coastal survey programme undertaken by EASE Archaeology covering the islands of South Uist, Benbecula and Grimsay. The first part was carried out in the wake of particularly severe storms in early 2005 and examined the entire coastline of the island of Grimsay, together with the west coasts of South Uist and Benbecula (Moore & Wilson, 2005).

**1.3** The area to be examined by this survey was specified within the project brief, designed by the SCAPE Trust. It comprised of the entire east coast of Benbecula, together with selected parts of the east coast of South Uist. The fact that the survey of South Uist was partial rather complete was due to the logistical complexity of accessing the more remote areas of the east coast. The unsurveyed areas are accessible only by boat, or by hiking from the road and camping overnight. Neither of these options was considered suitable for the purposes of this survey.

**1.4** The remit of the work was to conduct a walk-over survey (fieldwork) in order to gather data on the location, nature and condition of all archaeological sites located within the coastal zone and to assess the nature and degree of risk faced by these sites in the future.

**1.5** The fieldwork followed on from and was informed by the findings of a desk-based study undertaken by GUARD (2006).

**1.6** The work was carried out in November 2006 by Hazel Moore, Graeme Wilson, Claire Riley, Fiona Morris and Frances Taylor, EASE Archaeology.

**1.7** The methodology employed by the survey and the format of this report correspond with specifications set out in Archaeology Procedure Paper 4: Coastal Zone Assessment Survey (Historic Scotland, 1996).

**1.8** Similar data gathering surveys sponsored by Historic Scotland have been undertaken throughout Scotland over the past ten years for the purposes of informing coastal archaeology management strategy (Ashmore *in* Dawson, 2003).

### **1.9.0 The Survey Area**

**1.9.1** The area to be surveyed comprised of parts of the islands of South Uist and Benbecula. Specifically, it included:

- the east coast of Benbecula, extending from Oban Uaine (NF856 533) to Ob Saile (NF 815 486). Distance c. 82km.
- sections of the east coast of South Uist:
  - from Bagh na Creige Loisgte (NF 822 451) to Loch Sgioport (NF 82868 38654). Distance c. 62km.
  - from North Loch Aineort (NF 78923 28274) to South Loch Aineort (NF 77637 27625). Distance c. 13km.
  - from Oratobht (NF 78434 20691) to South Loch Baghasdail (NF 79768 17959). Distance c. 26 km.

**1.9.2** Offshore islands were not surveyed and neither was any marine survey carried out.

**1.9.3** It is calculated that the overall survey area extends to some 183 km, although this is likely to be an underestimate since much of the coastline is highly indented and intertidal areas and mud flats were also examined as part of the survey.



## **1.10 Project Aims and Methodology**

**1.10.1** The aims of the fieldwork survey were to rapidly assess:

- the nature and condition of the archaeological resource,
- the nature and condition of the hinterland geology,
- the nature and condition of the coastal geomorphology
- the condition of the coastal zone with regard to erosion

**1.10.2** A further aim of the work was to collate and interpret the findings of the desk based study (carried out by GUARD, 2006) with those of the fieldwork and to present the results in report form and in a manner capable of being used to inform future coastal archaeology management strategies.

**1.10.3** In order to achieve the first of these aims, the following tasks were undertaken:

- familiarisation with the results of GUARD's 2006 desk based study
- a walk-over survey of the coastal zone within the defined survey areas, comprising of the examination and reassessment of recorded archaeological sites and the identification and recording of previously unreported sites within the coastal zone
- a simultaneous survey of the geology, geomorphology and erosional dynamics of the coastal landscape

## **1.11 Desk Based Study**

**1.11.1** A desk based study was carried out by GUARD on behalf of The SCAPE Trust. The findings of the work were published in March 2006 (GUARD 2006 *Coastal Zone Assessment Survey, East Coast of North Uist, Benbecula & South Uist: Desk based assessment*. GUARD Project 2198).

**1.11.2** The desk based study investigated existing documentary and cartographic sources to build up a profile of the natural and archaeological background to the survey area. These sources included aerial photographs, the Sites and Monument Record of the Western Isles, the National Monument Record of Scotland, cartographic sources and relevant published books and articles.

**1.11.3** The area examined by the desk based study extended from 1 km inland to 4 km offshore and was thus substantially more extensive than the area investigated by the fieldwork survey which examined a 50m- 100m wide strip extending from the intertidal zone into the hinterland.

**1.11.4** Where possible, previously recorded sites were visited during the fieldwork survey and were assessed to determine their present condition and to ascertain what change, if any, had taken place since they were last surveyed. Some sites could not be located again, whilst yet others were found to lie out with the coastal zone (i.e. over 100m inland).

**1.11.5** A total of 38 sites were identified by the desk based study on Benbecula. Of these, some 20 sites (52%) lay within or close to the survey area, although only 18 sites (47.4%) were actually re-located during fieldwork.

**1.11.6** On South Uist, 183 sites were identified by the desk based study, of which some 43 (23%) fell within or close to the survey area, although only 18 sites (14.2%) were actually re-located during fieldwork.

## **1.12 Fieldwork**

**1.12.1** The fieldwork programme was carried out by EASE Archaeology in November 2006 with a team of five archaeologists.

**1.12.2** The survey extended around the entirety of the coastline within the designated areas. It examined a 50m- 100m wide strip extending from the intertidal zone into the hinterland.

**1.12.3** The locations of archaeological sites and of geomorphological and erosion features were determined using hand held global positioning systems (GPS), providing a national grid reference with accuracy, usually to between 3m and 10m. Locations were also marked on to 1:25,000 scale Ordnance Survey maps.

**1.12.4** For the archaeological survey, each site was given a unique site code and was assessed under a variety of pre-selected headings. The terminology and criteria used in the recording

of sites are described under section **3.0** of this report. The written account was accompanied, in most cases, by a photograph and a sketch drawing. No artefacts were recovered.

**1.12.5** The findings of the hinterland geology, coastal geomorphology and erosion survey were annotated directly onto 1:25,000 scale Ordnance Survey maps, with more detailed commentaries recorded in notebooks. A series of photographs were taken to illustrate features of interest. The terminology and criteria used is described in more detail under section **3.0** of this report.

### **1.13 Fieldwork Conditions and Site Visibility**

**1.13.1** The weather conditions during the fieldwork varied from fair to poor but did not cause any significant impediment either to site visibility or result in undue delays in the progress of the work.

**1.13.2** While the bracken cover was generally low, dense heather vegetation presented a significant problem with regard to site visibility in many areas, most notably in parts of the Rosinis peninsula on Benbecula and parts of the north east coast of South Uist.

**1.13.3** With the exception of the Rosinis peninsula and the area surrounding Loch Uisgebagh on Benbecula and Rubha Caolas, Liursaigh on South Uist, most of the coastline within the survey area was readily accessible from public roads or tracks.

## **2.0 Background To Survey Area**

### **2.1 The Natural Background**

**2.1.1** The survey area focused upon the east coasts of the islands of South Uist and Benbecula. Together with the neighbouring island of Grimsay (surveyed in 2005), these islands extend on a north-south alignment for some 44km and form part of the southern end of the chain of islands known as the Western Isles or Outer Hebrides. The islands of Eriskay and Barra lie to the south, while the islands of North Uist, Berneray, Lewis and Harris are situated to the north. Modern concrete causeways join the islands together: Eriskay to South

Uist, South Uist to Benbecula, Benbecula to Grimsay, Grimsay to North Uist and North Uist to Berneray. Ferry routes join Eriskay to Barra, South Uist to Barra and the Scottish Mainland and, Berneray to Harris and Skye.

**2.1.2** The majority of the coastline within the survey area lies below 10m OD, with only a few points reaching up to 20m OD. The coastal terrain within the survey area is generally highly indented, comprising of rugged and rocky shorelines with some stony beaches and a multitude of watercourses, together with freshwater and sea lochs.

**2.1.3** The islands are formed from a ridge of Lewisian gneiss, around 3000 million years old, which was scoured during the last glaciation to produce the landscape of low rounded hills and ubiquitous freshwater lochs that characterise the islands today.

**2.1.4** Sea-level change has, and continues, to play a key role in the formation of the islands. Where now the islands of South Uist, Benbecula and North Uist are separated by the sea, they once formed a single land mass, some 74km long, with extensive coastal plains to the west, much of which now lies below sea level. It is thought that they became separated at some time after 2000 BC, and that up to 1.25km of land may have been lost from the west coast since Neolithic times (Barber, 2003, 21-22). Sea-level change is also responsible for the formation of the coastal machair land, through a series of complex processes (Ritchie, 1979).

**2.1.5** Topographically, the west coasts of these islands as they appear today are relatively straight and low-lying with a shallow water coastline. Beyond a low central plain, the land rises to the east in a series of mountains and hills. The east coasts are steep and highly indented with a deep water coastline. This produces three distinct zones: a strip of fertile machair which extends for approximately 1km wide from the west coast; a central strip with thin peaty soils, known as the 'blacklands' and; a rugged upland moorland on the east coast.

The most intensively settled and cultivated part of the islands from at least the Bronze Age period until the end of the Norse period were the machair lands of the west coast. The machair continues to be cultivated today, although modern settlement is now more focussed upon the road system and set back from the coast. By contrast, the east coasts are less densely settled in all periods up to the post-medieval period. Nevertheless, there were and continue to

exist small scattered settlements and some larger townships in the more sheltered and favourable inlets. Up to recent times, the east coast has been important for the fishing industry; and even today fish farming continues to provide a mainstay of the local economy.

## **2.2 The Archaeological Background**

**2.2.1** The history of archaeological research within the islands of South Uist and Benbecula has been considered in some detail in several recent publications (notably Parker-Pearson, Sharples & Symonds, 2004 & Barber, 2003) but suffice to say here that little modern work had been carried out until the latter decades of the 20th C; the majority of this was focussed upon sites within the machair lands of the west coast.

**2.2.2** The earliest antiquarian excavations were undertaken in the late 19th C by Captain Thomas (1868 & 1890) but the first systematic archaeological study was not carried out until the second decade of the 20th C, when the Royal Commission for the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Scotland undertook largescale field survey (RCAHMS, 1928).

**2.2.3** In the 1950's excavations on a green mound within the machair lands at Kilpheder by the Cambridge archaeologist, Tom Lethbridge, uncovered a well preserved wheelhouse (1952). In the latter part of the 1950's a major programme of archaeological work was undertaken by the Ministry of Works in response to a proposal by the Ministry of Defence to site a rocket range on the machair around Drimore. This campaign saw the excavation of several wheelhouses, A'Cheardach Bheag (Fairhurst, 1971) and A'Cheardach Mhor (Young & Richardson, 1960) on South Uist and two at Sollas on North Uist (Campbell 1991), a Viking house at Drimore (Maclaren, 1974) and several hut circles. These projects demonstrated not only the range of monuments surviving within the machair, but also the remarkable state in which many of them survived.

**2.2.4** In the late 1970's a survey of coastal sites in the Outer Hebrides was commissioned by HBM when it was realised that several were under threat from erosion (Shepherd, 1978, Shepherd & Shepherd, 1978, Maclean, 1978, 1981). In a follow-up campaign, launched in the mid-1980's, the majority of sites thought to be at risk were re-visited and a sample were subjected to intensive assessment and excavation (Barber, 2003). On South Uist, these included sites at Hornish Point and Gortan/ South Glendale.

**2.2.5** In recent years a significant amount of archaeological research has been carried out on South Uist, much of it under the aegis of the Sheffield Environmental and Archaeological Research Campaign in the Hebrides ('SEARCH') programme. This multidisciplinary programme, begun in 1987 by Sheffield University, with input from the Universities of Cardiff and Bournemouth, amongst others, has investigated long term settlement development on South Uist and Barra from the Bronze Age to the Post-Medieval period. Projects undertaken under this programme include extensive survey of the island of Barra (Brannigan & Foster, 2000) and the machair lands of South Uist, together with the excavation of sites such as the Bronze Age settlement at Cladh Hallan, an Iron Age wheel house at Kildonan and broch at Dun Vulcan (Parker-Pearson & Sharples, 1999), Viking-Norse period settlements at Bornais and Kilpheder and post-medieval townships at Milton. These projects were largely funded by Historic Scotland.

### 3.0 The Survey Report

The following notes explain the terminology and short hand descriptions used throughout the report.

#### 3.1 Site Description Entries

The gazetteer entries provide a shorthand record for each site. The categories are as follows:

CATEGORY	EXAMPLE
Site code (NMRS code)	SU524 (NF84SW 5)
Grid reference	NF 81589 44066
Placename	Loch A' Charnain
Characterisation	Structural remains
Date range	18th- 20th C
Condition	Poor
Recommendation	Nil
Status (HS Index) <i>for sites designated as scheduled or listed</i>	

#### 3.2 Site Code

Each site has been given a reference code for the purposes of this survey. This comprises of a letter prefix which refers to the survey area and a unique number code. For example, the code BB521 refers to site number 521 on Benbecula. The prefixes used are as follows: BB = Benbecula, SU = South Uist. The number series for both islands begins at 500. The Benbecula series runs from 500 to 557 and 600 to 650: the numbers 558 to 599 were not

used. The South Uist series runs from 500 to 643 and 650 to 682: the numbers 644 to 649 were not used.

### **3.3 Site Type**

While the categories of site types has not been restricted to a predetermined list, some standardisation of descriptions has been made. For example ruinous buildings of 18-20th C date which could be positively identified have been divided into categories such as 'settlement', 'shed', 'outbuilding' etc. Where their use was not readily apparent, they have been described as 'structures' or 'structural remains'.

Few sites within this survey area were thought to be of prehistoric date but it must be emphasised that it is impossible, on the basis of the visible elements alone, to determine the age of many site types, such as cairns and field boundaries.

### **3.4 Date Range**

The date ranges set out for various site types within this report are based on comparison with similar sites in the area which have already been dated or characterised. These ranges represent a general consensus; it must be noted that there is much debate about the date ranges of specific site types. It is also likely that there are many local variations which provide exceptions to the rule. The date ranges used are as follows:

- Pre-4th millennium BC
- 4th-3rd millennium BC
- 3rd-1st millennium BC
- 1st millennium BC-1st millennium AD
- 10th century AD-14th century AD
- 14th century AD- 18th century AD
- 18th century AD- 20th century AD
- Indeterminate (where it proved impossible to estimate a date)

### **3.5 Condition**

The condition of each site entry was labelled using the following criteria:

- Good: this label was applied where a site exhibited either high potential or had sufficient visible elements surviving to properly characterise it. An archaeological site was considered

to be in 'good' condition where it was undisturbed or only slightly disturbed and retained obvious archaeological potential. Further work at such sites could reasonably be expected to provide information regarding date, nature, extent and complexity. Buildings (especially the large category of 18th/20th C structures) were considered 'good' where there were multiple site elements represented and survived in a reasonable enough condition to provide information regarding their construction, development and use.

- Fair:** This label was applied to sites considered to have some potential or where limited elements remained and the site could be generally characterised. Archaeological sites of this type were generally somewhat disturbed but retained some potential; a sufficient part of the site remains that it could be more fully characterised via excavation. Standing buildings were considered 'fair' when, although ruinous or disturbed, sufficient of the site remained that it could be generally characterised.

- Poor:** Sites described as 'poor' have visible elements which are very disturbed and offer little potential for further characterisation. This assumption was made on the basis of the evidence available at the time of this survey and it must be noted that, without recourse to full assessment, the true potential of many sites can only be estimated.

### **3.6 Recommendations**

Three types of action have been recommended:

- Survey:** This has been used as a general term covering all forms of further archaeological investigation or site protection. It includes topographical survey, standing building survey, site assessment and rescue excavation.

- Monitor:** This is recommended either to keep a site of known potential under surveillance or to check for new exposures on sites currently considered to be of low or unknown potential. This will entail regular site inspections and include cross-checking of known information against new exposures and should be carried out by an archaeologist.

- Nil:** No action has been recommended where a site is not immediately vulnerable to change, or is considered to be of low potential.



### 3.7 Hinterland Geology and Coastal Geomorphology: Gazetteer Entries

The gazetteer entries comprise a set of characteristics for each coastal unit. The categories are as follows:

Category	Example
Label - Place name	1 Loch Sheileabhaigh
Grid Reference (to centre of area)	NF 856 400
Length of Unit	37 km
Foreshore Type	Rock Platform
Coast Edge Height	mostly <5m
Hinterland	Drift on visible rock
Description	The foreshore comprises.....

### 3.8 Erosion Class: Gazetteer Entries

The gazetteer entries comprise a set of characteristics for each coastal unit. The categories are as follows

Category	Example
Label - Place name	1 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh
Grid Reference	NF 833 477
Length of Unit	5 km
Characterise unit	Stable
Description	The coast edge in this section.....

### 3.9 Erosion Classes

The following definitions have been used:

- Eroding: Where more than 70% of the coastline is actively eroding.
- Eroding to Stable: Where there is both active erosion and stable areas, with 30-70% of either one.
- Stable: A section which is more than 70% stable. Usually any erosion is limited and local; any variation is specified in the accompanying text.
- Accreting to Stable: Where there are both accreting and stable areas, with 30-70% of either one
- Accreting: A section with accretion over more than 70% of its length.
- Accreting/Eroding: There are both accreting and eroding processes taking place and may vary from 20% to 80% of each process. The erosion and accretion may not be arranged in a linear fashion along the coastline; there may be erosion of the coastal edge and deposition of sands along the foreshore.

## 4.0 Analysis of the Results of the Coastal Survey

### 4.1 Site Density

The total length of the coastline within the survey area is estimated to be in the region of 183 km long. A total of 286 sites were found, giving an average site density of 1.56 sites per kilometre.

<b>Length of Coastline walked</b>	183 km
<b>Number of site entries recorded</b>	286 sites
<b>Site Density</b>	1.56 sites per km

It should be remembered, however, that this is a notional figure since the number of sites identified within the coastal zone is not exact; it includes entries for some sites which, although previously recorded, could not be relocated during this survey and also includes site entries representing multiple elements, which if enumerated individually, would have given a higher number for the total of sites found by the survey. In addition, the length of the coastline varies depending upon the scale at which it is measured.

<b>Island</b>	<b>Length of Coastline walked</b>	<b>Number of site entries recorded</b>	<b>Site density</b>
<b>Benbecula</b>	82km	109 sites	1.33 sites per km
<b>South Uist</b>	101km	177 sites	1.75 sites per km

A breakdown of these figures shows a variation in site density between the islands, with the highest density occurring on South Uist, with 1.75 sites per kilometre. This contrasts markedly with the site density compiled from the survey on the west coast of South Uist, where only 0.96 sites were found per kilometre of coastline. One explanation for this is that although it is likely that more human activity has occurred on the fertile lands of the west coast, the presence of deep sand deposits along much of this coastline has the effect of obscuring archaeological remains. By contrast, evidence for past human activity, although probably less plentiful overall, is more readily visible along the bare and rocky landscape of the east coast.

<b>Survey Area</b>	<b>Site Density</b>
<b>Western Isles (South): Overall</b>	<b>1 site per km</b>
Grimsay	1.5 sites per km
Benbecula, west coast	0.79 sites per km
South Uist, west coast	0.96 sites per km

While taking the qualifications noted above on board, it is instructive to compare the site densities found in this survey area with those calculated from coastal zone assessments carried out in other survey areas (see Ashmore, 2003, ii, 203-4). It should be noted that the surveys mentioned below were all carried out by the same team of archaeologists, using the same methodologies and inherent biases are likely to be shared equally by all of the surveys.

<b>Survey Area</b>	<b>Site Density</b>
<b>Islay</b>	<b>1.36 sites per km</b>
<b>Coll</b>	<b>1.23 sites per km</b>
<b>Tiree</b>	<b>1.53 sites per km</b>
<b>Shetland: Overall Average</b>	<b>1.72 sites per km</b>
Shetland: Northmavine	1.5 sites per km
Shetland: South Mainland	1.3 sites per km
Shetland: East Burra	2.6 sites per km
Shetland: Westside	1.46 sites per km
<b>Orkney: Overall Average</b>	<b>2 sites per km</b>
Orkney: Westray, Papa Westray etc	1.27 sites per km
Orkney: Sanday & North Ronaldsay	1.64 sites per km
Orkney: South Ronaldsay etc.	3.2 sites per km

These figures show that both of the areas investigated by this survey have site densities which are comparable with those found in the Argyll Islands and parts of Orkney and Shetland. It also indicates the degree to which the site densities for the west coasts of Benbecula and South Uist are considerably lower than any of the other areas surveyed to date.

Underlying these figures is the fact that by far the largest number of sites found within the survey area (some 91.6%) are of 18th-21st C AD date and mainly of limited archaeological interest. By comparison, in Northmavine in Shetland, an area with similar site density, only 62% of sites are of 18th-21st C AD date, with the remaining 38% representing remains of prehistoric to Medieval date considered to be of archaeological significance

<b>Previously recorded sites</b>	44
<b>New sites identified by this survey</b>	242
<b>Total</b>	286

The site entries represent a mixture of new and previously recorded features; with new sites representing 84.62% of the total. The apparently high number of new sites found by this survey is in large measure explained by the fact that sites of all dates within the coastal zone were recorded, often for the first time. A high number of the new sites represent remains of 18th-21st date which had been either excluded or not systematically recorded by previous surveys.

Island	Known sites (% of total)	New sites (% of total)	Total no. of Sites
<b>Benbecula</b>	18 (16.5%)	91 (83.5%)	109
<b>South Uist</b>	26 (14.69%)	151 (85.3%)	177
<b>Totals</b>	44 (15.38%)	242 (84.62%)	286

A breakdown of these figures shows that a slightly higher percentage of new sites were recorded on South Uist (85.3%) as compared with on Benbecula (83.5%). The high numbers of new sites found on both islands might result in part from the paucity of archaeological work carried out here previously. In opposition to this, however, is the fact that equally large percentages of new sites were found on the west coasts of both islands (89% on Benbecula, 82% on South Uist) although considerably more archaeological work had taken place. Given that by far the majority of the new sites identified by both of these surveys are of post-medieval date, it may be more likely that the high percentages of new sites in both cases can be explained by the fact that sites of this period have generally not been included in past archaeological surveys.

#### 4.2 Date Range

The assignation of date ranges to sites was made following the field assessment of archaeological remains. In most cases, the age of a site was determined from indicators such as the presence of diagnostic artefacts or architecture. In some instances, however, there were few clues available and date ranges had to be estimated. Where even this was impossible, sites were classified as being of indeterminate date. A weakness of this type of survey is that assessment via visual inspection alone is not an ideal method, especially when the remains in question may be poorly preserved or partially buried. Even where there are clear topographic features present, these may not be sufficiently diagnostic in terms of assigning a date or function to the remains.

Site Date Range	Benbecula	South Uist	Total
<b>18th-20th C</b>	102 (93.6%)	160 (90.4%)	262 (91.6%)
<b>Indeterminate</b>	7 (6.4%)	17 (9.6%)	24 (8.4%)

The majority of sites identified by the survey are classified as being of 18th-20th C date. This group constitutes some 91.6 % of the total recorded sites. Within this category are included a large number features associated with boats and fishing (generally categorised as landing places, but including noosts and piers), farmsteads, cultivation remains and field boundaries. The majority of these features are of limited archaeological interest as individual sites, although they have group value as elements within the cultural landscape. It is possible that a number of the sites ascribed a date within the 18th-20th C AD range may, in fact, be earlier or they may incorporate elements of earlier date.

The remaining sites (8.4%) have been assigned to the 'indeterminate' date range. These include cairns, mounds, and indistinct structural remains.

The lack of sites assignable to earlier date ranges contrasts with the findings of the survey of the west coasts of both islands, where 3 prehistoric/early historic period sites were identified on Benbecula, with another 9 sites found on South Uist, furthermore it was suspected that many of the sites categorised as being 'indeterminate' on both islands (22 sites in all) were likely to date to the medieval or earlier periods. This discrepancy would appear to reflect a real difference in settlement patterns, with earlier settlement being located on the lighter and more fertile soils of the west coast, whilst the east coast contains more post-medieval settlement and features related to the fishing industry.

### **4.3 Site Types**

Sites were assigned to one or more categories according to what they were used for. These categories were set prior to fieldwork to aid progress and to permit some degree of standardisation in the interpretation of the results. In some cases, sites were found to wholly conform to one type (i.e. a landing place was designated as 'Maritime'), while in others more than one site type was found to be present. An example of this might include a landing place ('maritime') with an enclosures nearby (agricultural/pastoral), possibly for the storage of peat or animals destined for subsequent transport. The + symbol is used in the table below to indicate where two or more site 'types' have been assigned to a single site record.

Site Type	Benbecula	S. Uist	Totals
<b>Agricultural/pastoral</b>	25	53	78
<b>Agricultural/pastoral +</b>	8	10	18
<b>Maritime</b>	49	77	126
<b>Maritime +</b>	7		7
<b>Domestic</b>	15	18	33
<b>Domestic +</b>		11	11
<b>Industrial</b>	1	1	2
<b>Industrial +</b>	1		1
<b>Indeterminate</b>	11	17	28

The best represented site type within the survey area was the 'maritime' category, which accounted for some 46.5% of all sites recorded. The majority of the sites within this category have been generally recorded as 'landing places' but in reality include a variety of features such as boat noosts, harbours, piers and hulks.

Sites either exclusively of a maritime nature or containing maritime elements comprise some 51.4% of all sites recorded on Benbecula and 43.5% of all sites recorded on South Uist. This reflects the fact that such sites are specific to the coast and therefore likely to be well represented within this survey and also indicates the importance of fishing and sea transport to life on these islands.

All of the sites of this type found by the survey are of 18th-21st C AD date, but the majority have fallen into disuse, illustrating both the downturn in the fishing industry and the replacement of the boat by the car as a means of transport in the latter part of the 20th C.

The second largest group of sites, totalling some 33.6% of all sites found by this survey, represent agricultural or pastoral remains. These include cultivation remains, land boundaries, tracks, enclosures and sheds or outbuildings. The largest number of sites within this category was found on South Uist, where they represent some 35.6% of all sites recorded in this area.

Sites classified as 'Domestic' generally represent settlements comprising of one or more elements including houses, outbuildings, enclosures and sometimes found in association with cultivation remains and/or landing places. Such sites comprise 15% of the total of all sites recorded by this survey, with 13.8% on Benbecula and 16.4% on South Uist. The evidence of

the desk-based assessment indicates that there are also old townships present within the wider coastal hinterland which have not been recorded by this survey because they lie out with the designated survey area.

The indeterminate category, forming some 9.8% of all recorded sites, includes a range of sites varying from ill defined structural remains to cairns and mounds. Most of the sites within this category exhibit too few diagnostic features from which to deduce their likely function; in most cases it is also impossible to ascribe a date to these remains.

#### 4.4 Site Condition

The sites were inspected to determine their physical condition and to assess both their archaeological potential and the nature and severity of any threat to their survival. This is a highly subjective interpretation which is based upon a number of criteria assessed rapidly in the field. These include (i) assessing the type of site represented by the visible remains, (ii) reconstructing how the site might have been constituted in its 'original' form, (iii) determining the degree to which the remains currently visible may be considered representative of the 'original' site and (iv) evaluating the potential of the remains to yield useful information and the means by which this information could best be recovered. These steps are stated here explicit terms in order to demonstrate the assumptions behind what might otherwise appear to be straightforward statements about the condition of the sites in the survey. The notes provided in section 3.5 above set out the guidelines used in making such decisions.

Condition	Benbecula	S. Uist	Totals
Good	15	42	57
Fair	72	102	174
Poor	19	28	47
Good/Fair	1		1
? - site not located	2	5	7

Overall, the majority of the sites (60.84%) were found to be in fair condition. This reflects the fact that the majority of sites recorded by this survey are of recent date, are not eroding, and, preserve sufficient of their original form or quantity to be readily interpreted.

The 'good' category (19.9%) includes sites of 18th-20th C date which remain in use and/or are regularly maintained, managed or have been consolidated in the recent past.

Sites in poor condition account for the smallest percentage (16.4%) and generally comprise of features which have been robbed out or decayed through lack of maintenance. Within this category are land boundaries where the majority of the boundary formerly comprised of a fence which has not survived, buildings which have been demolished and landing places which were probably originally only roughly built structures.

The condition of a site should be considered in tandem with the matter of whether or not it is currently eroding. Sites currently considered to be in good condition may change rapidly if they have already begun to erode, whereas sites considered to be in fair or poor condition but which are not currently eroding may remain virtually unchanged for some considerable time.

	<b>Benbecula</b>	<b>South Uist</b>	<b>Totals</b>
<b>Sites Eroding</b>		13	13
<b>Sites not Eroding</b>	108	159	267
<b>Sites not Assessed</b>	1	5	6

Within the survey area, the highest proportion of eroding sites were found on South Uist, but even here such sites represent only 7.3% of all the sites recorded. Many of the eroding sites are situated within salt marsh areas and are degrading slowly, mainly as the result of wave action. No eroding sites were found on Benbecula.

#### 4.5 Recommendations

A recommendation for future action was attached to each site entry in the field. The factors taken into consideration when deciding the optimum course of action were (i) the present physical condition of the site (ii) the archaeological potential of the site, and (iii) the degree of risk to the site from forces other than development.

<b>Recommendation</b>	<b>Benbecula</b>	<b>South Uist</b>	<b>Total Sites</b>
<b>Survey</b>	0	0	0
<b>Monitor</b>	0	2	2
<b>Nil</b>	109	175	284

Within this report, the word 'survey' is used in a broad sense to mean thorough assessment. This may be by means of topographical and geophysical survey, trial trenching, full excavation or rescue excavation, depending on the individual site context and circumstances.



In terms of risk from coastal erosion or other factors, it was considered that none of the sites found by this survey required urgent survey work. That is not to say that such work may not be desirable for other reasons and it is to be hoped that the findings of this survey may be of some assistance in determining priorities for future work in the area.

It is recommended that monitoring should be undertaken on 2 sites (0.7%) found by this survey). This work should be non-invasive and designed to record any changes which occur in the future.

The largest proportion of sites found by this survey, some 99.3%, are considered to be either not at risk or of low archaeological potential and therefore no future course of action is recommended. This does not imply that their full archaeological potential is known, however, but merely that, on the basis of what is currently visible, no further work is recommended. It is likely, however, that a proportion of these sites have been misidentified or that the full potential has not been recognised and for this reason it is urged that these remains are not consigned to oblivion. It might be recommended, for example, that many of the maritime, agricultural remains and domestic settlements of 18th-20th C date could be investigated as part of a project which also examined documentary sources to build up a better picture of 18th- 19th C life in this area. Such a project may throw up questions which can only be answered through further archaeological work.

## **5.0 Discussion**

**5.1** This project aimed to carry out a rapid visual assessment of the archaeological resource of part of the coastal zone on the islands of Benbecula and South Uist. It has achieved this aim, with some 286 sites being recorded over approximately 183 km of coastline. A further aim was to characterise the natural background and assess the dynamics of the coastal landscape. This has also been achieved and the information gathered will assist in determining localised dynamics within the coastal zone and in pinpointing those areas most at risk from erosion.

**5.2** In summary, the findings of the work indicate the potential for the discovery of new sites, with 84.6% of all sites recorded within this report representing new additions. The average

density of sites found throughout the islands, at 1.56 site per kilometre, is comparable with similar surveys carried out in the Northern Isles and the Inner Hebrides.

**5.3** Within these statistics, however, it should be noted that the majority of sites recorded by this survey were remains of 18th -20th C date (91.6% of all sites) and only 4.5% of sites were considered to be at risk from erosion. The majority of sites were considered to be of limited archaeological potential or importance as individual entities, although as a group they provide information on patterns of past settlement and landscape use.

**5.4** The fieldwork found that in general all of the coastline within the survey area can be classified as stable. The only exceptions to this are instances of very localised erosion, usually located at the heads of inlets, where soft valley floor sediments are being eroded out. In such cases, wave action was identified as the cause of the erosion.

## **6.0 Review of Desk Based Study**

**6.1** The desk based study for this coastal zone assessment survey was undertaken as a separate project and completed substantially in advance of the survey fieldwork. Furthermore it was undertaken by a different team than the one responsible for the fieldwork. In these details, the situation differs from the *modus operandi* established for all preceding coastal surveys, which integrated the desk based study and fieldwork into a single project. In view of this departure, it has been requested that a review of the outcome of these changes be included within this report.

**6.2** As has been stated earlier (see **1.11**, above), the area examined by the desk based study was substantially more extensive than the area investigated by the fieldwork survey. The desk based study looked at an area ranging from approximately 1 km inland to 4 km offshore, while the fieldwork survey was restricted to a 50m- 100m wide strip extending from the intertidal zone into the hinterland.

**6.2.1** As a result of this discrepancy, a large percentage of the sites identified by the desk based study lay out with the area designated for the fieldwork survey. This means that much

of the data collated within the desk based study was not relevant to the fieldwork survey and could not be verified by it.

**6.2.2** In examining the wider hinterland, however, the desk based study benefited the fieldwork in providing a background insight into the areas under consideration. It is probable also that, if more detailed analytical work of this area were to be undertaken, the findings of the desk based study would provide a valuable data resource.

**6.3** One reason for undertaking the desk based study in advance of the fieldwork was to discern priority areas for survey, in the event that the entire coastline could not be examined. A series of recommendations were thus provided within the desk based study report (GUARD 2006, section 10.00).

**6.3.1** Two areas were recommended as being of 'high priority' for survey on the islands of Benbecula and South Uist (GUARD 2006, section 10.00, Area 7, Benbecula & Area 15, South Uist). Both of these areas had already been subjected, at least in part, to coastal survey in 2005 (Moore & Wilson, 2005), although it appears that the findings of this work were not incorporated into the desk based study. It is not stated what further work should be undertaken in either area, although since the criteria for recommendation appear to be based upon predictive analyses of vulnerability to erosion, it would appear that the recommendation concerns further geomorphological and erosion analyses, potentially beyond the remit of the present coastal zone assessment survey.

**6.3.2** Several areas defined within the desk based study as being of medium priority were subsequently subjected to field survey (Areas 8 and 9 on Benbecula, Area 10, Area 14 and part of Area 11 on South Uist). A further area, designated as low priority (Area 12, South Uist) was also surveyed. The outcome of the survey work discerned no appreciable difference between the archaeological potential of these areas and, as such, the degree to which the desk based study was capable of successfully identifying priorities is questionable. It should be acknowledged, however, that the particular area under consideration is rather atypical, both in the lack of physical differentiation of the coastal geography and in the paucity of previous archaeological work undertaken. Both of these factors are likely to adversely affect the ability

to predict the locations of areas of high archaeological potential or of areas at most risk from erosion.

**6.3.3** A minor point to note is that the results of the already completed coastal zone assessment survey (Moore & Wilson, 2005), parts of which lay within the areas under consideration (i.e. parts of the north coasts of Benbecula and south Uist and part of the south coast of South Uist) were not included within the desk based study. It is unknown if the inclusion of this data may have effected the perceived archaeological profile of these areas and thereby altered the recommendations set out within the report.

**6.4** For the most part, the desk-based survey provided an accurate background to the coastal geology and hinterland geomorphology; it was also largely correct in predicting where areas of erosion might occur. The only minor discrepancies noted by the fieldwork occurred around Loch Aineort, where it was predicted that some sand deposits might occur on the foreshore, but none were actually found. Furthermore, in this area and others, it was predicted that the hinterland geology would comprise of peat and rock, whereas fieldwork found that it consisted of drift over visible rock.

**6.5** The individual site data entries within the desk based study were necessarily brief and where, for example, the information was derived from map-based data, descriptive summaries rather than map based information was provided. In many cases, this level of information is sufficient. In situations where, for example, a group of buildings on an old map have been grouped together under the heading of a township, there is usually insufficient information provided to make it possible to determine if these are one and the same as structural remains found during field survey. This problem would be eliminated if the desk based study data and the field study data were collected and analysed by the same team.

**6.6** Despite the issues outlined above, in general the impressive breadth of research and the high quality of the desk based study report are to be commended and it is acknowledged that this work informed and greatly assisted the undertaking of the fieldwork. The detailed geomorphological insights and reliability of the archaeological data provided a firm context in which the findings of the survey could be set.



## Benbecula Map 1



BB649



BB648



BB623



BB541



Erosion at Oban Dun Saibh (BB616)



BB621

## **Benbecula Map 1: Roisinis to Uisgeabhagh**

This map section extends for some 55 km from the Roisinis Peninsula at the north east corner of Benbecula to the township of Uisgeabhagh, located on the south shore of Loch Uisgeabhagh and approximately at the centre of the east coast of the island. The landscape within this area comprises of highly indented rocky coastline, with localised areas of more fertile ground interspersed with moorland and bog in the hinterland. The coastline within this area is stable, with the exception of a very small area of localised erosion at Oban Dun Saibh. Modern settlement is sparse and limited to the area around Uisgeabhagh. Travelling northwards from the end of the public road at Uisgeabhagh, there are no roads or even passable tracks along the coastline until the township of Flodaigh, located on the north coast.

A total of 60 sites were noted in this area, of which 8 sites were recorded previously and 52 represent new findings. The majority of the remains comprised of landing places for boats, with some deserted settlements, stock enclosures and former cultivated areas also present. The majority of sites were considered to be of 18th -20th C date, although a few were labelled as being of indeterminate date. No significant remains were identified.

BB 529  
NF 86671 50368  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Structural remains and landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 530  
NF 86600 50364  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Walling  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 531  
NF 83136 50926  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Walling  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 532  
NF 83340 50896  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Walling  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 533  
NF 83660 50939  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 534  
NF 83430 50903  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Walling  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 535  
NF 83836 50890  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Boundary wall  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

BB 536  
NF 83990 50890  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 537  
NF 84029 50879  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 538  
NF 84140 50840  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 539  
NF 84429 50585  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Landing place and walling  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 540  
NF 84497 50445  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Landing place and walling  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil



BB 541 NF 84830 50283 Oban nan Forsanan Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	BB 547 NF 85747 52996 opp Fuidhaigh Beag Settlement and landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil
BB 542 NF 84839 50174 Oban nan Forsanan Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 548 NF 85843 52750 opp Fuidhaigh Beag Walling 18th- 20th C Good Nil
BB 543 (NF85SW 19) NF 84925 50092 Oban nan Forsanan Structural remains and landing places 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 549 NF 86002 52590 opp Fuidhaigh Beag Walling 18th- 20th C Poor Nil
BB 544 NF 85734 49947 Strom Yeoratan Walling 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	BB 550 NF 85903 52419 opp Fuidhaigh Beag Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil
BB 545 NF 86356 49722 Strom Yeoratan Landing places 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 551 NF 85242 52988 Bagh Niabhag Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil
BB 546 NF 86498 49766 Oban dun Saibh Walling 18th- 20th C Good Nil	BB 552 NF 85951 51798 Loch Uisgebhagh Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil

BB 553 (NF84NE 1) NF 8638 4978 Oban dun Saibh Natural feature Indeterminate ? Nil	BB 621 NF 85336 50693 Oban nan Forsanan Structural remains and pier 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 616 (NF84NE 2) NF 86740 49896 Uisgeabhagh Settlement and landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 622 NF 86560 50397 opposite Orasaigh Settlement 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 617 NF 8620 5000 Strom Yeoratan Walling 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 623 (NF85SW 31) NF 83074 50981 Bagh Shiurabhagh Enclosures 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 618 NF 85850 50342 Strom Eoratan Walling and possible clearance cairn 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 624 NF 83147 51017 Bagh Shiurabhagh Landing place and walling 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 619 NF 85632 50311 Oban nan Forsanan Cultivation remains and clearance cairn 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 625 NF 83271 51026 Bagh Shiurabhagh Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 620 NF 85460 50406 Oban nan Forsanan Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 626 NF 83445 51046 Bagh Shiurabhagh Cultivation remains 18th- 20th C Poor Nil

BB 627  
NF 83724 51072  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 633  
NF 83630 51912  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Walling  
Indeterminate  
Poor  
Nil

BB 628  
NF 83990 51052  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Cultivation remains and clearance cairn  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 634  
NF 83625 51994  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Structural remains  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

BB 629  
NF 83932 51154  
Bagh Shiurabhagh  
Walling  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

BB 635  
NF 84054 51887  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Enclosures  
Indeterminate  
Fair  
Nil

BB 630  
NF 83976 51337  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Walling  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

BB 636  
NF 84146 52183  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 631  
NF 83806 51588  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Bridge  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

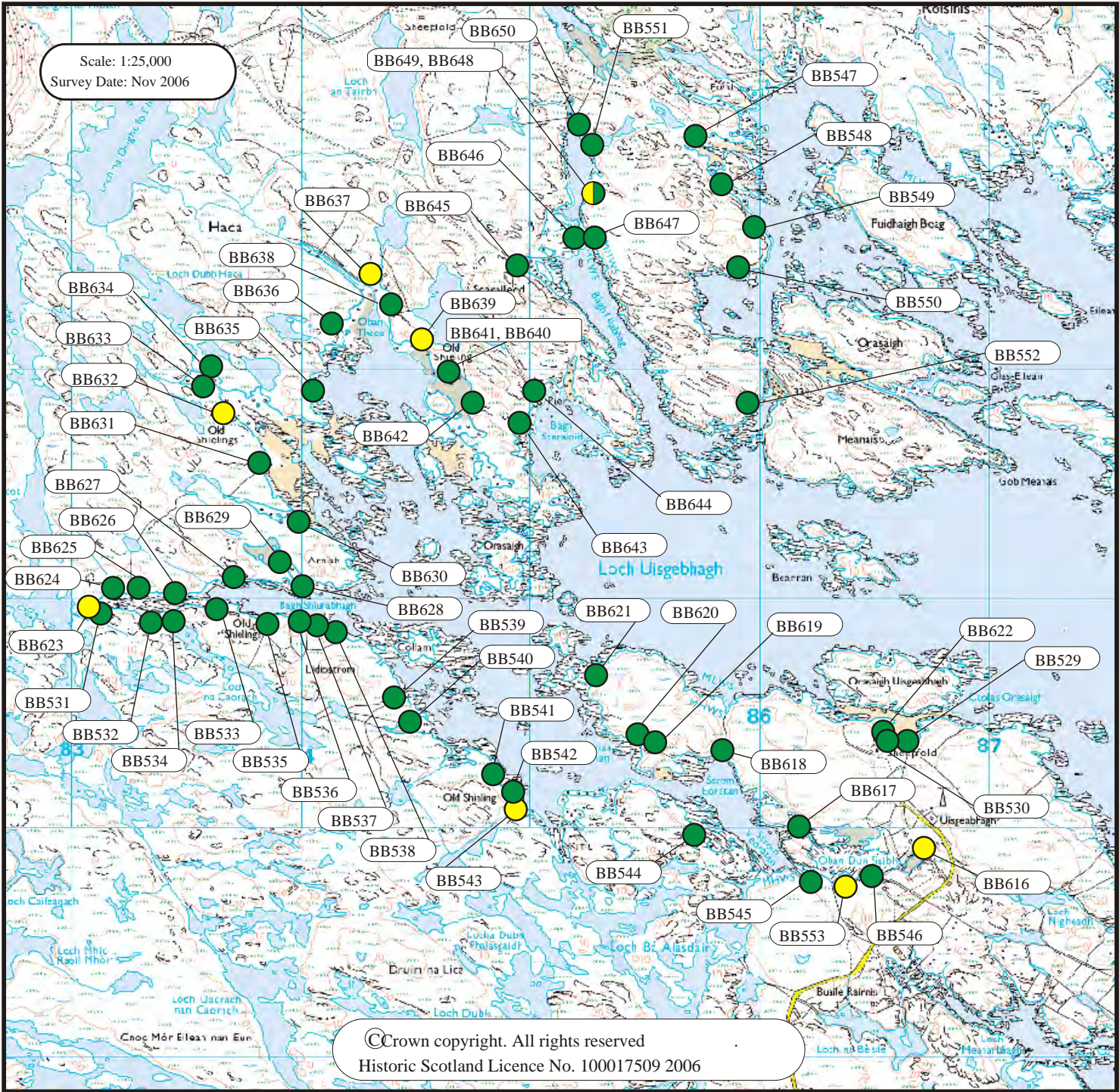
BB 637 (NF85SW 150)  
NF 84331 52437  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Settlement and landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 632 (NF85SW 10)  
NF 83727 51744  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Structural remains: sheiling huts  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

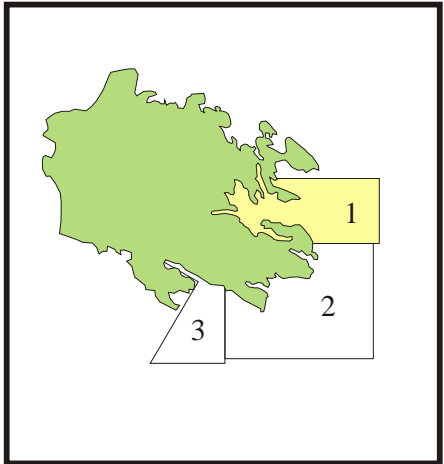
BB 638  
NF 84412 52246  
Loch Uisgebhagh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 639 (NF85SW 28) NF 84567 52122 Loch Uisgebhagh Structural remains, bridge, walling 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 645 NF 84974 52465 Bagh Niabhag Structural remains and landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 640 NF 84637 51973 Loch Uisgebhagh Structural remains and landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 646 NF 85195 52566 Bagh Niabhag Structural remains and walling 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 641 NF 84675 51952 Loch Uisgebhagh Structural remains Indeterminate Poor Nil	BB 647 NF 85314 52567 Bagh Niabhag Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil",
BB 642 NF 84746 51839 Loch Uisgebhagh Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 648 NF 85272 52720 Bagh Niabhag Structural remains and landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 643 NF 84911 51726 Bagh Scaraloid Cultivation remains 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	BB 649 (NF85SE 7) NF 85301 52770 Bagh Niabhag Possible structural remains Indeterminate Poor Nil
BB 644 NF 85026 51855 Bagh Scaraloid Pier and enclosures 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 650 NF 85251 53004 Bagh Niabhag Wall 18th- 20th C Fair Nil





- Built Heritage & Archaeology
- Protected Ancient Monument or area of Designated Wreck
  - Monument formally proposed by Historic Scotland for scheduling or wreck for designation
  - Listed Historic Building
  - Undesignated wreck
  - Known ancient monument
  - Site found by this survey
  - Site complex



1. Loch Uisgebhagh

NF 842 511

55 km

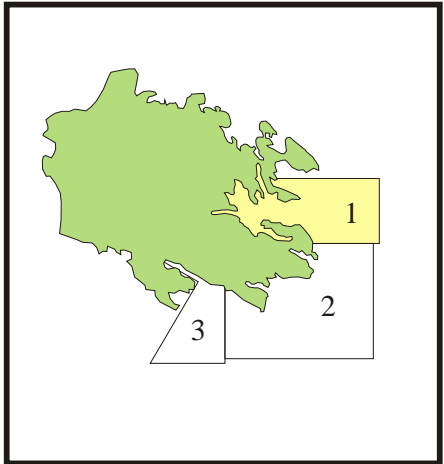
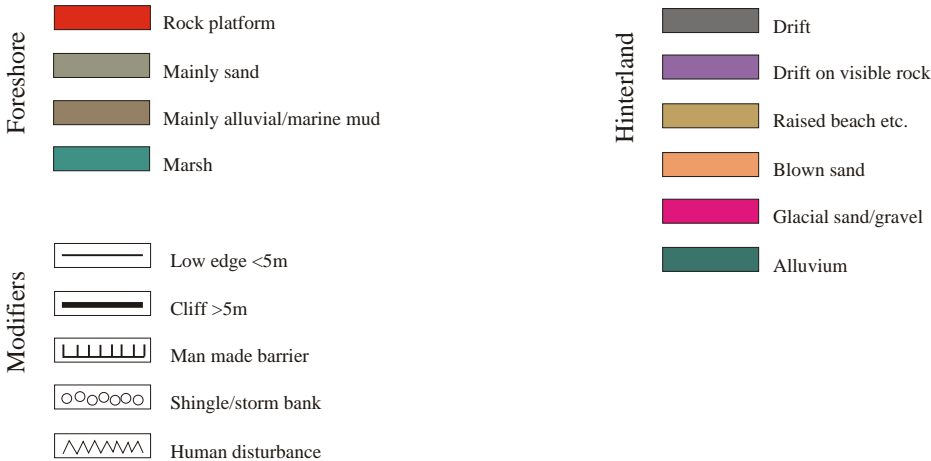
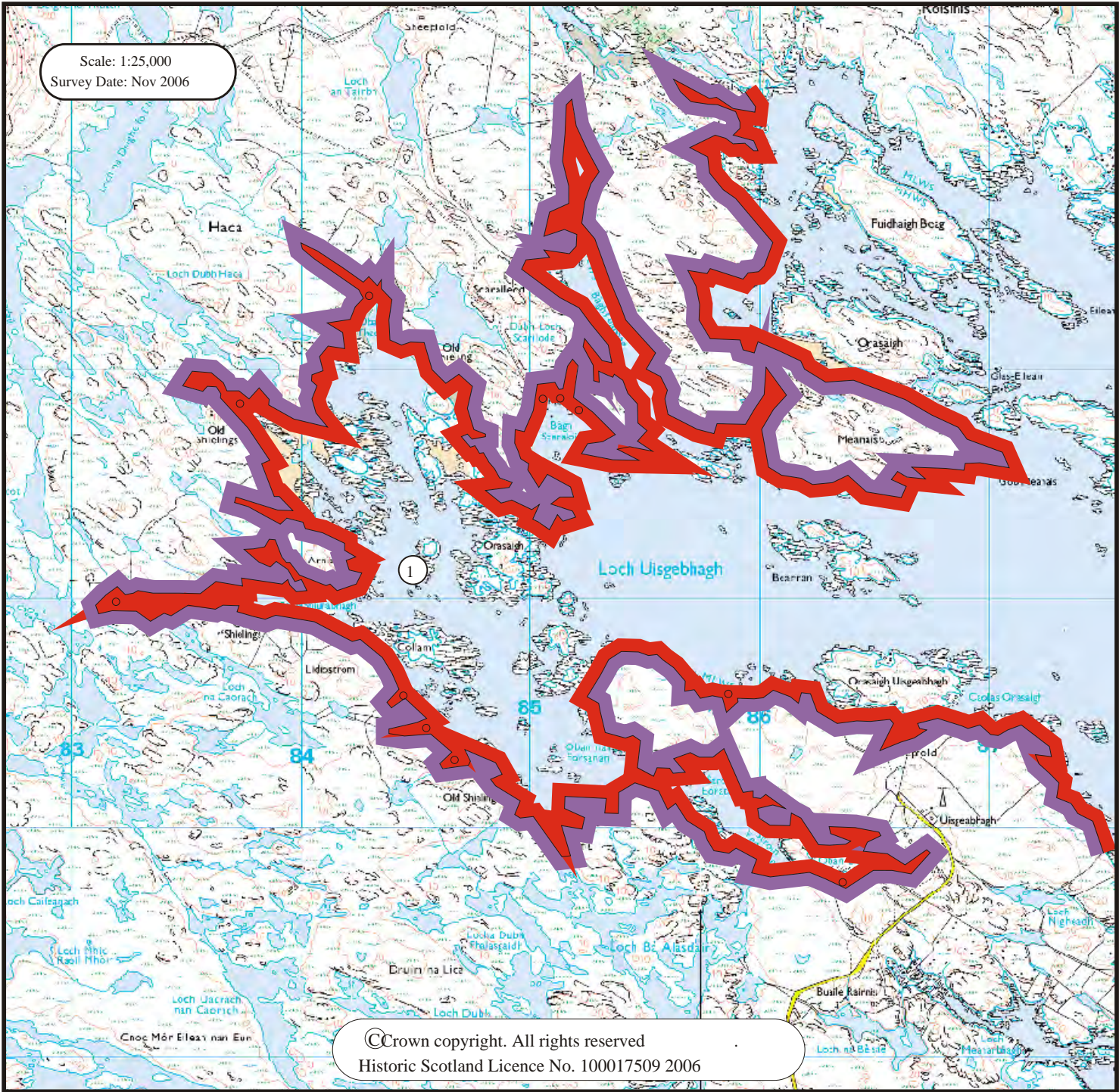
Rock Platform

Coast edge mostly <5m

Drift on visible rock

The foreshore comprises of rock platform, with occasional small areas of silt in inlets and bays. The coast edge is rocky. The hinterland is poorly drained and peaty; it is in use as rough grazing.





## 1. Loch Uisgebhagh

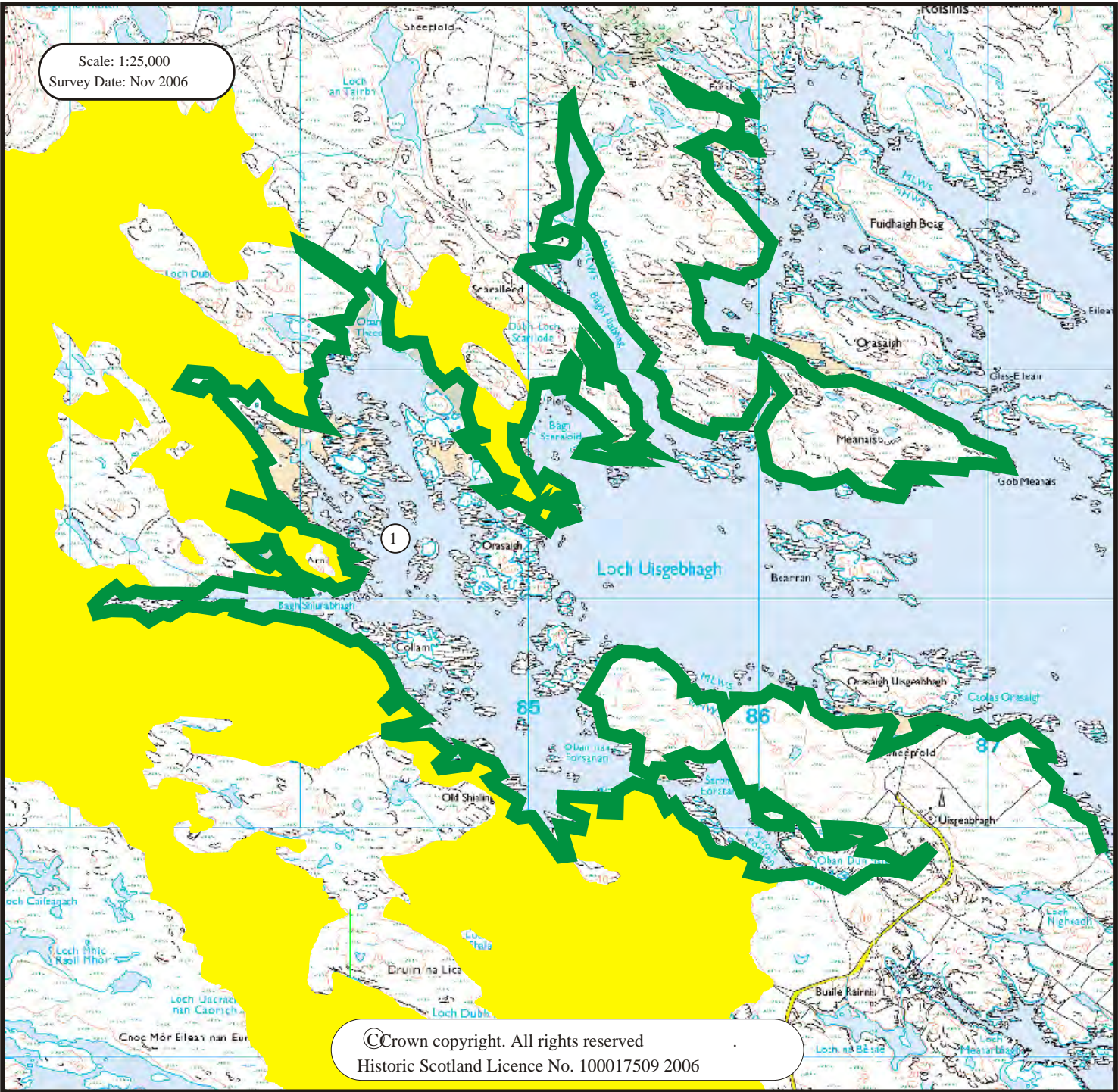
NF 842 511

55 km

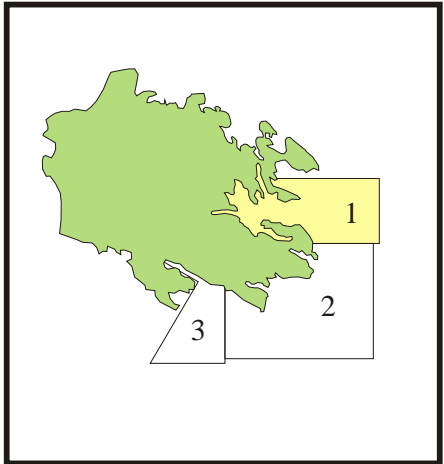
Stable

The coast edge in this section is classified as stable. There are occasional small stretches of erosion, all less than 5m in length. These are typically located at the heads of inlets or bays, where soft peaty sediments reach the coast edge and have been formed by wave action. Elsewhere, the coast edge is uniformly rocky, with soft sediments located slightly behind the coast edge.





- Erosion Class
- Definitely Accreting
  - Accreting or Stable
  - Stable
  - Eroding or Stable
  - Definitely Eroding
  - Accreting and Eroding
  - No access
  - Land below 10m





## Benbecula Map 2



BB601



BB502



BB503



BB508



BB505



BB507

## **Benbecula Map 2: Uisgeabhagh to Carnan-aird-Fuidhaigh**

This map section extends for some 15 km, from Uisgeabhagh at the centre of the east coast of Benbecula to Carnan-aird-Fuidhaigh on the south east corner. The coastline is rugged, rocky and highly indented. The hinterland comprises of small pockets of fertile land interspersed with heather moorland, bog and numerous small lochs. The coastline is stable throughout this area, with the exception of very localised areas of erosion situated at the heads of sea inlets. For the most part, the coastline lies below 5m OD, but there is higher ground, up to 10m OD, along the north side of the Carnan-aird-Fuidhaigh peninsula. A public road runs behind the coast edge throughout most of this area and there is some modern settlement present. There is a fish farm and processing centre located at Loch a' Laip.

A total of 33 sites were recorded within this section. Of these, 4 sites had been recorded previously and 29 sites represent new findings. The majority of these sites comprise of landing places and features associated with boats and fishing. A few deserted settlements and townships are indicated by structural remains and evidence of former cultivations. Of possible earlier date are a mound/cairn (BB503) and an upright stone (BB601), although the latter may represent a sea marker of relatively recent date.

BB 500  
NF 85313 47383  
Loch a' Laip  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

BB 506  
NF 85467 46720  
Loch Chill Eireabhaigh  
Settlement and landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

BB 501  
NF 85627 47017  
Loch Chill Eireabhaigh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

BB 507  
NF 84920 46991  
Loch Chill Eireabhaigh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

BB 502  
NF 85575 46914  
Loch Chill Eireabhaigh  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 508  
NF 84711 47078  
Loch Chill Eireabhaigh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 503  
NF 85651 46789  
Loch Chill Eireabhaigh  
Mound/cairn  
Indeterminate  
Fair  
Nil

BB 519  
NF 86568 49429  
Rubha Liasain  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

BB 504  
NF 85549 46819  
Loch Chill Eireabhaigh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 520  
NF 86785 49349  
Buaile Rairnis  
Structural remains  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 505  
NF 85495 46798  
Loch Chill Eireabhaigh  
Walling  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

BB 521  
NF 87072 49346  
Buaile Rairnis  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 522  
NF 87224 49236  
Buaile Rairnis  
Structural remains and landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 523  
NF 87448 49096  
Buaile Rairnis  
Structural remains and landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 524  
NF 87776 49194  
Rubha Liasain  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 525  
NF 87683 49210  
Rubha Liasain  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 526  
NF 87564 49305  
Rubha Liasain  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 527  
NF 87632 49641  
Loch Nigheadh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 528  
NF 87634 49410  
Rubha Liasain  
Landing Place  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

BB554 (NF84NE 8)  
NF 8580 4766  
Creagastrom  
Pier  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

BB 555 (NF84NE 5)  
NF 8520 4690  
Carnan-Ard-Wiay  
Township  
18th- 20th C  
?  
Nil

BB 600  
NF 86626 49281  
Buaile Rairnis  
Enclosure and landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 601  
NF 87051 48170  
Loch Chearabhaigh  
Upright stone  
Indeterminate  
Fair  
Nil

BB 602  
NF 86752 48180  
Loch Chearabhaigh  
Land boundary  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 603  
NF 86460 48128  
Loch Chearabhaigh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 604 (NF84NE 4)  
NF 86020 48205  
Creaga Strom  
Landing places, boundaries & cult'n rems  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 605  
NF 85797 48092  
Creaga Strom  
Settlement  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 606  
NF 85762 47884  
Creaga Strom  
Cultivation remains and walling  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 607  
NF 85791 47863  
opp Eileanan Chearabhaigh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

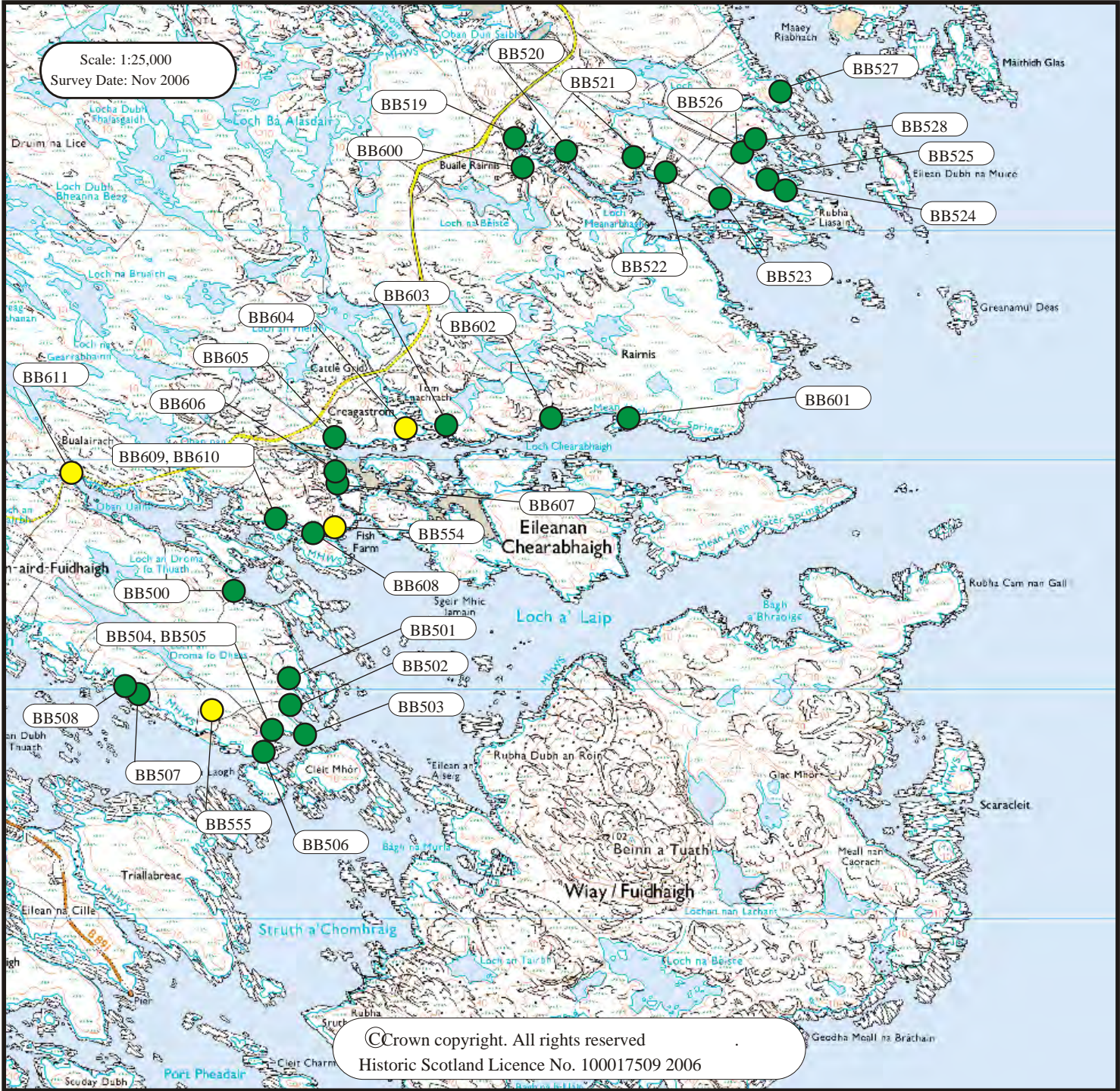
BB 608  
NF 85697 47721  
opp Eileanan Chearabhaigh  
Cultivation remains  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 609  
NF 85522 47735  
opp Eileanan Chearabhaigh  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

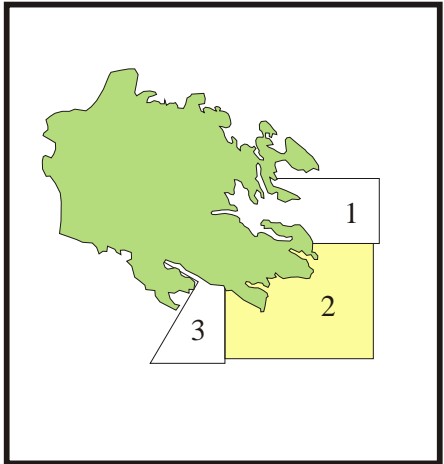
BB 610  
NF 85500 47719  
opp Eileanan Chearabhaigh  
Enclosures and cultivation remains  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

BB 611 (NF84NW 9)  
NF 8464 4793  
Bualairach  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil





- Built Heritage & Archaeology
- Protected Ancient Monument or area of Designated Wreck
  - Monument formally proposed by Historic Scotland for scheduling or wreck for designation
  - Listed Historic Building
  - Undesignated wreck
  - Known ancient monument
  - Site found by this survey
  - Site complex



1. Rairnis

NF 877 484

15 km

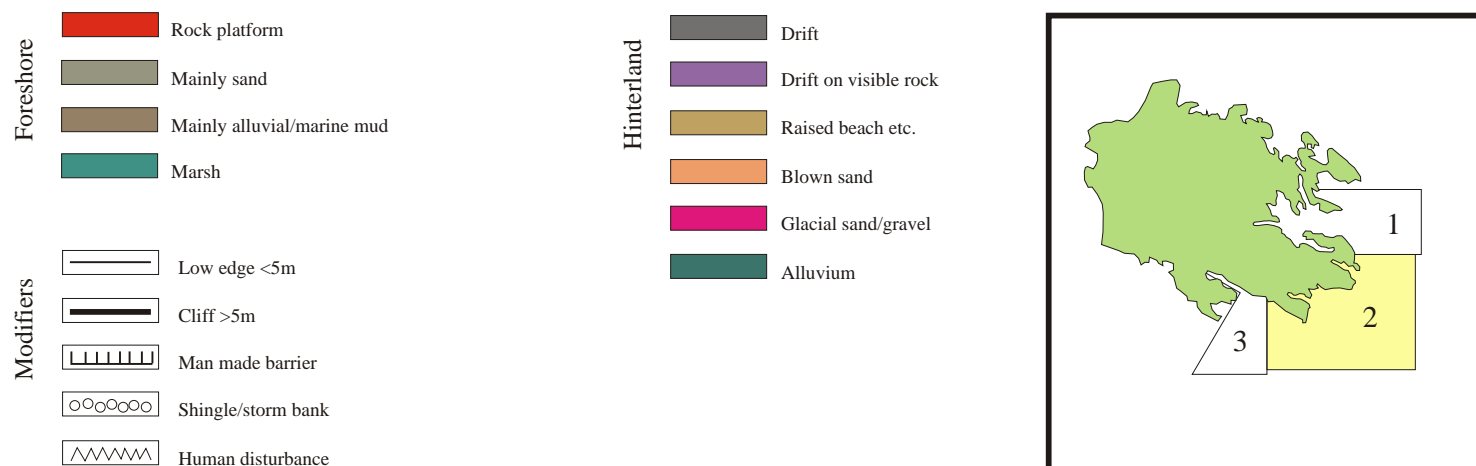
Rock Platform

Coast edge mostly <5m

Drift on visible rock

The foreshore comprises of rock platform, with occasional small areas of silt in inlets and bays. The coast edge is rocky. The hinterland is poorly drained and peaty; it is in use as rough grazing.





## 1. Rairnis

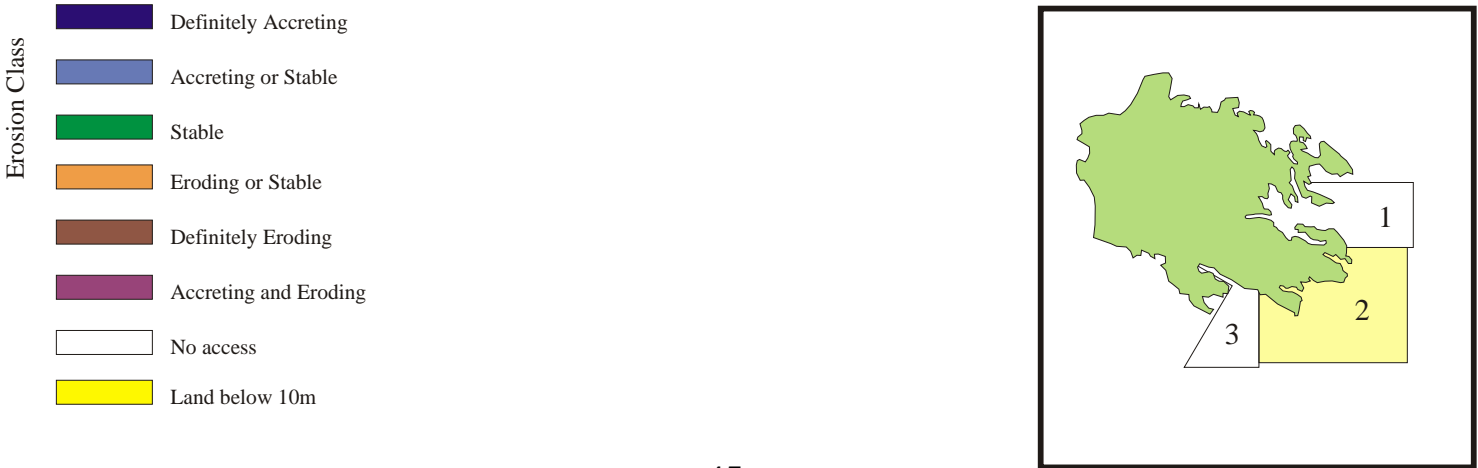
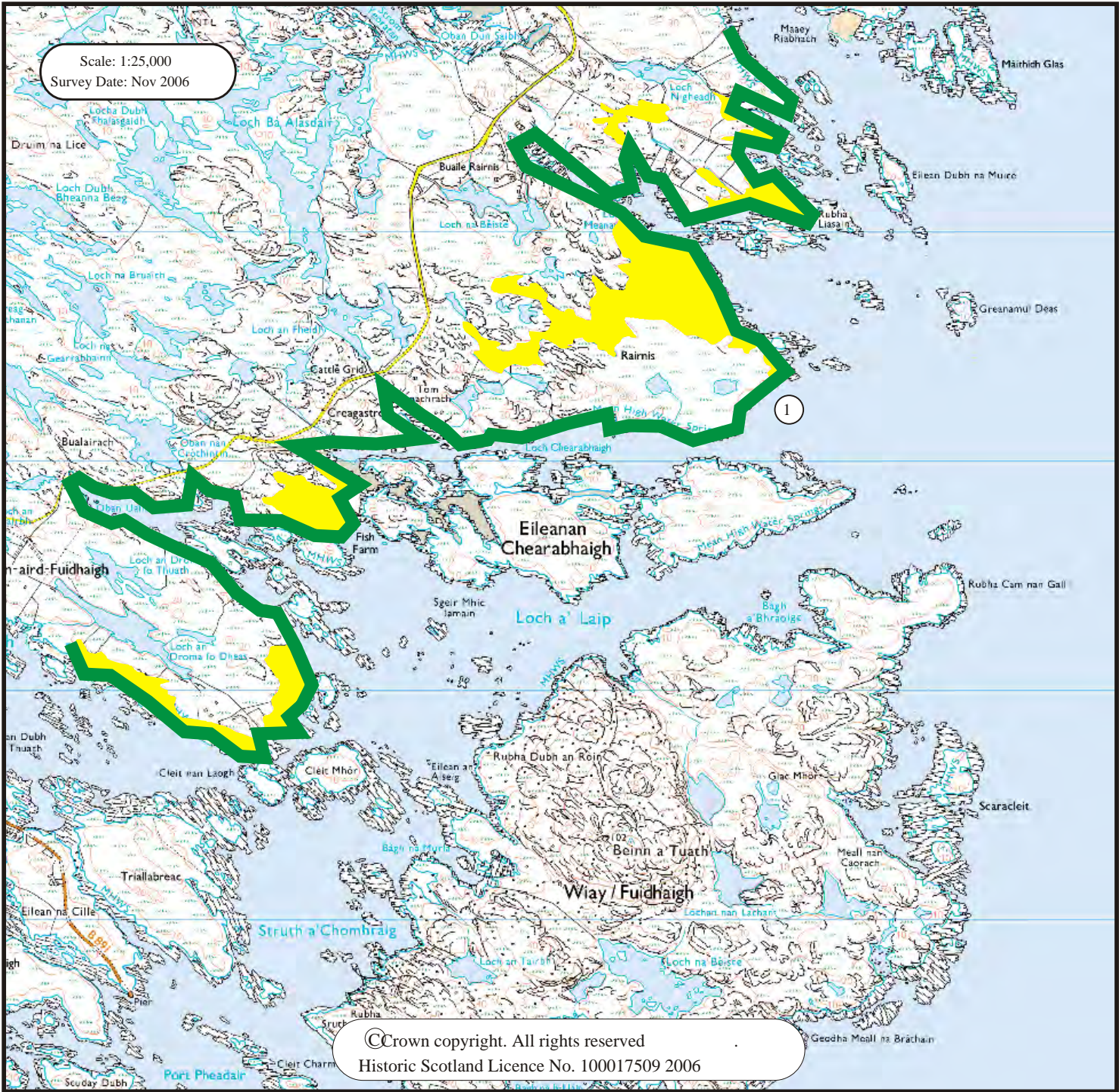
NF 877 484

15 km

Stable

The coast edge in this section is classified as stable. There are occasional small patches of erosion, all less than 5m in length. These are typically located at the heads of inlets or bays, where soft peaty sediments reach the coast edge and have been formed by wave action. There is one more extensive area of erosion on the north side of Oban Dun Saibh. Here, a c.30m stretch of coast edge has been scoured by wave action, exposing softer drift sediments up to a maximum height of 1.5m. Elsewhere, the coast edge is uniformly rocky, with soft sediments located slightly behind the coast edge.







Benbecula Map 3



BB509



BB512



BB510



BB513



BB510



BB613

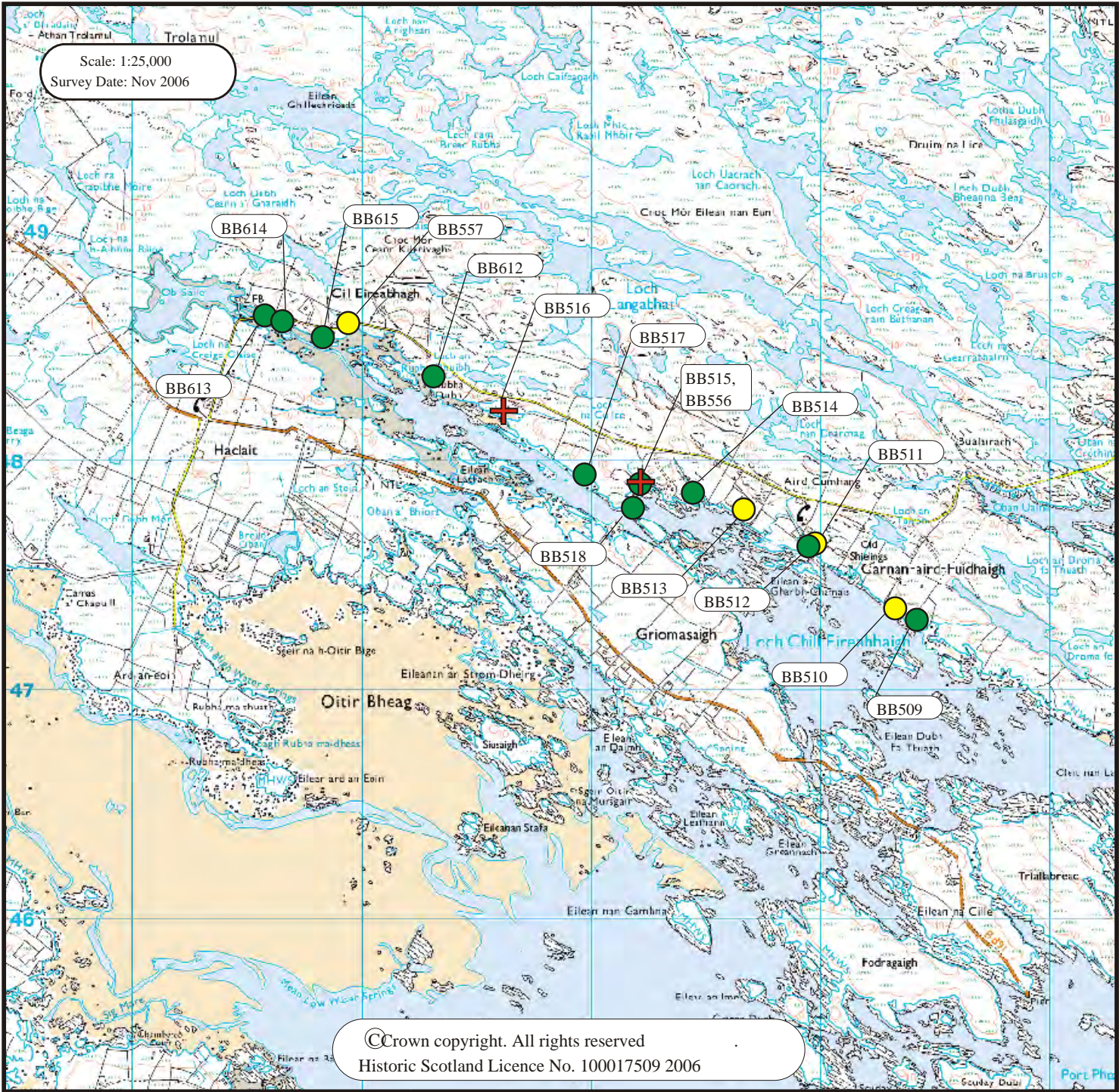
### **Benbecula Map 3: Carnan-aird-Fuidhaigh to Ob Saile**

This map section extends for some 5 km from Carnan-aird-Fuidhaigh on the south east corner of Benbecula to Ob Saile, located at the head of Loch Chill Eireabhaigh. A public road runs behind the coast throughout all of this section. The landscape comprises of some fertile areas set amongst heather moorland, fringed by a rocky sea coast; this generally rises no higher than 5m OD. There is some dispersed modern settlement situated close to the public road.

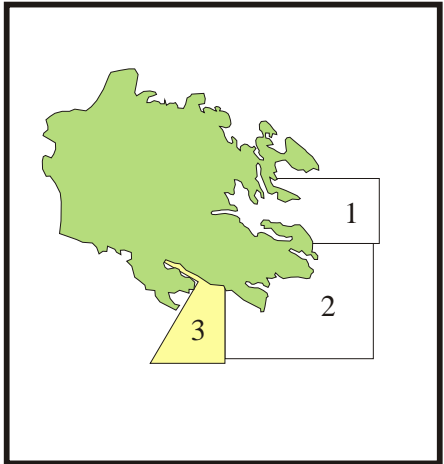
In this area a total of 16 sites were recorded, of which 6 had been recorded previously. These include a higher proportion of settlements and townships than were found on either of the previous map sections, suggesting that this area has been considered more suitable for settlement at least since the 19th century. The remainder of the sites are comprised of landing places, cultivation remains and enclosures, all of 18th- 20th C date.

BB 509 NF 84398 47288 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Landing places 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 515 NF 83472 47858 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Settlement and landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	BB 612 NF 82313 48358 Rubha Dubh Landing place, cult'n rems 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 510 NF 84366 47385 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Settlement 18th- 20th C Good-Fair Nil	BB 516 (NF84NW 15) Listed: C NF 82543 48220 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Settlement and landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	BB 613 NF 81618 48618 Cill Eireabhagh Landing place and noosts 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 511 (NF84NW 10) NF 83967 47628 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Settlement and landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	BB 517 NF 82940 47936 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Walling 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 614 NF 81752 48559 Cill Eireabhagh Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 512 NF 83855 47617 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Structural remains and landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 518 NF 83168 47789 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	BB 615 NF 81805 48542 Cill Eireabhagh Structural remains 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
BB 513 (NF84NW 17) NF 83658 47778 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Settlement 18th- 20th C Good Nil	BB 556 (NF84NW 16) NF 8319 4789 Hacklet, 1 Aird Cumhang House 18th- 20th C Good Nil listed: B	
BB 514 NF 83207 47866 Loch Chill Eireabhaigh Settlement 18th- 20th C Good Nil	BB 557 (NF84NW 7) NF 8190 4860 Kilerivagh House 18th- 20th C Good Nil	





- Built Heritage & Archaeology
- Protected Ancient Monument or area of Designated Wreck
  - Monument formally proposed by Historic Scotland for scheduling or wreck for designation
  - Listed Historic Building
  - Undesignated wreck
  - Known ancient monument
  - Site found by this survey
  - Site complex



1. Loch Chill Eireabhaigh

NF 833 477

5 km

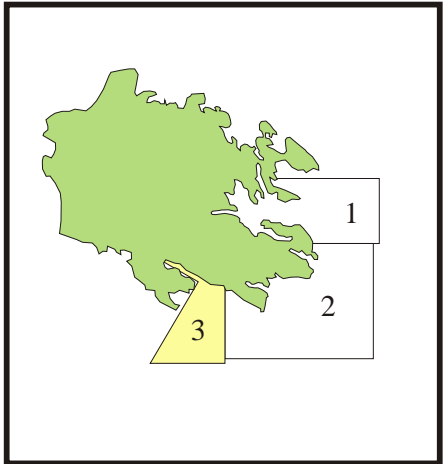
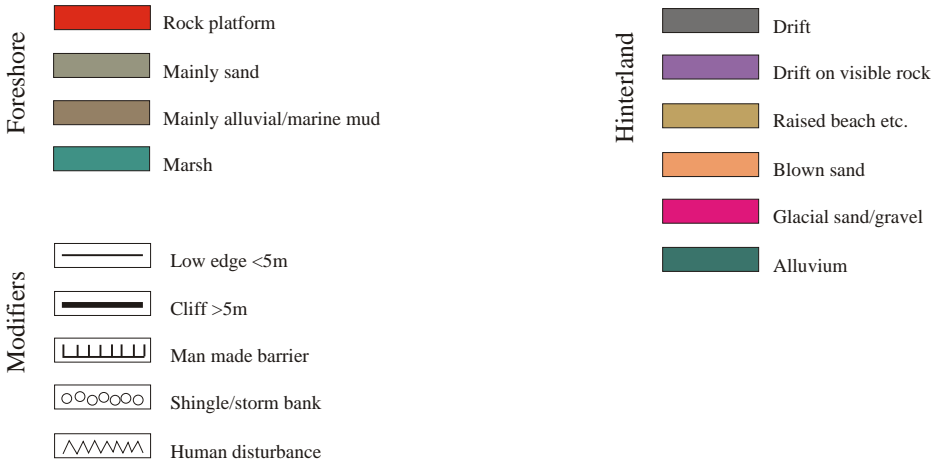
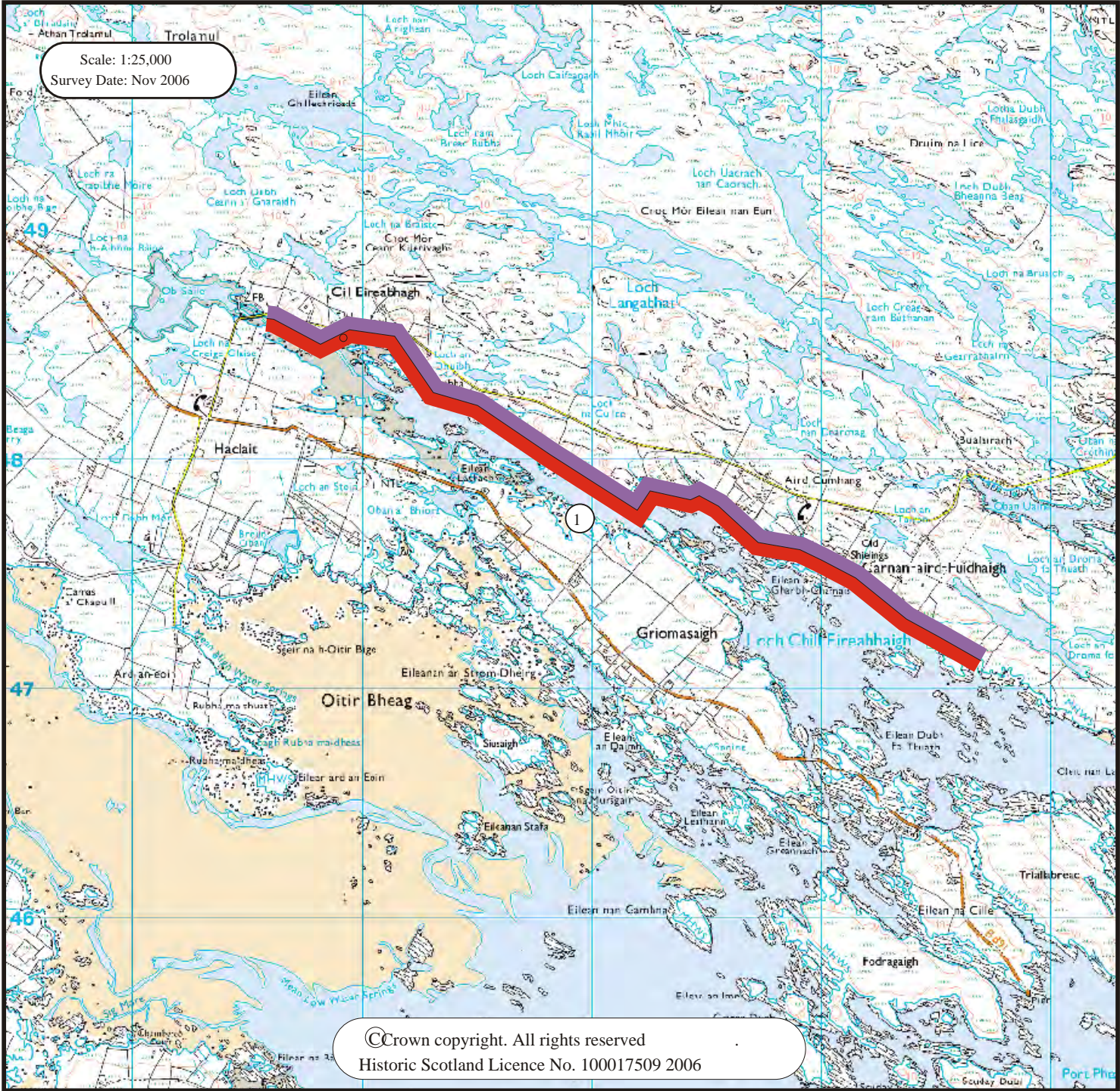
Rock Platform

Coast edge mostly <5m

Drift on visible rock

The foreshore comprises of rock platform, with occasional small areas of silt in inlets and bays. The coast edge is rocky. The hinterland is poorly drained and peaty; it is in use as rough grazing.





## 1. Loch Chill Eireabhaigh

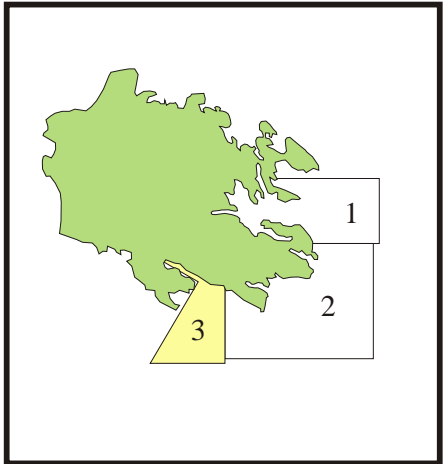
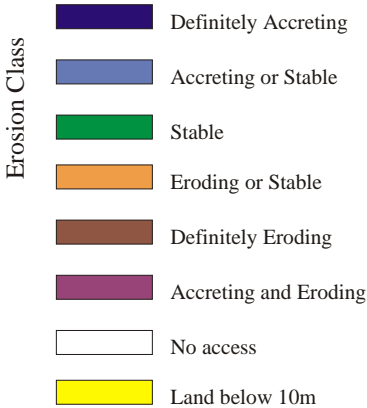
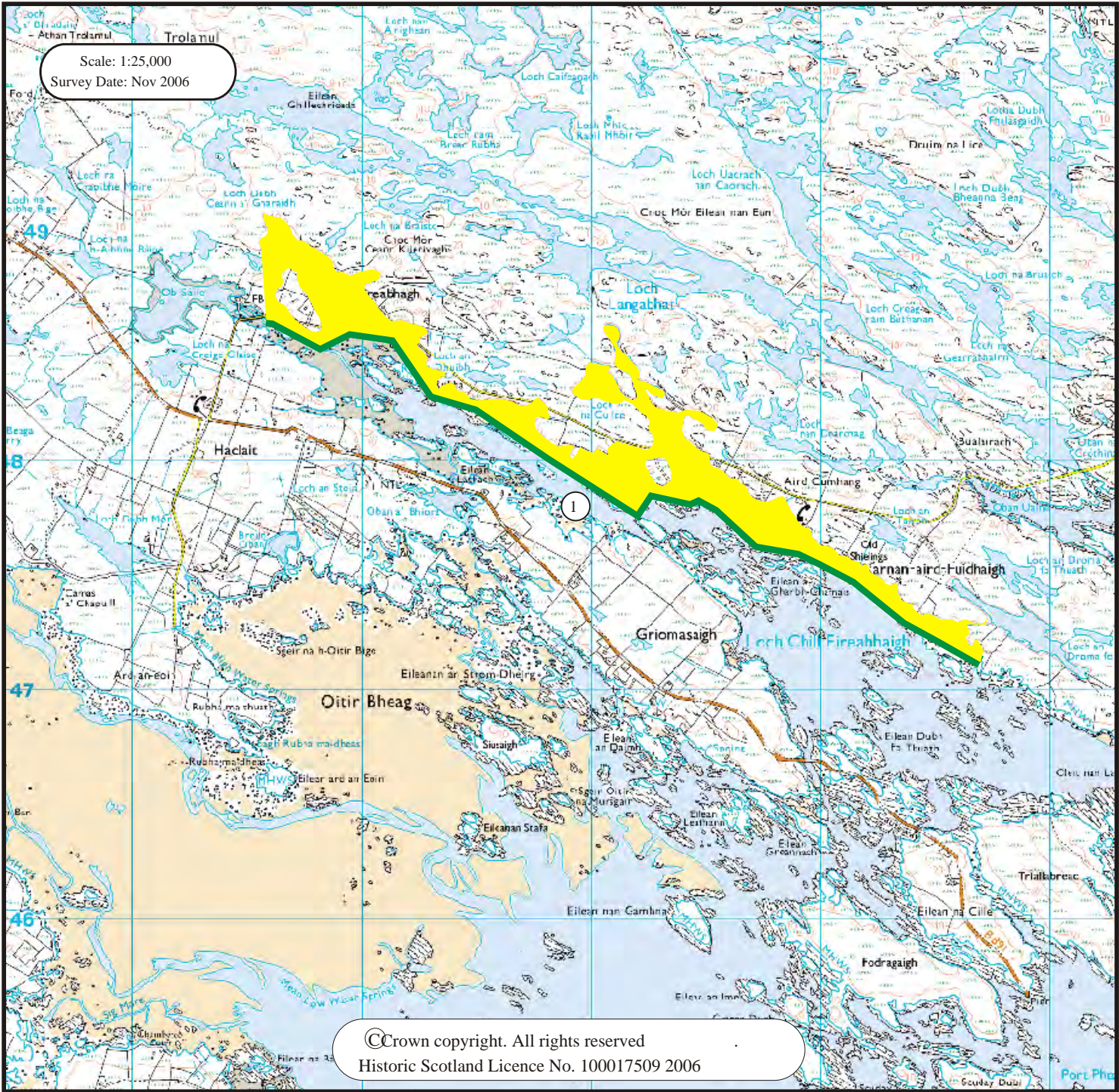
NF 833 477

5 km

Stable

The coast edge in this section is classified as stable. There are occasional small stretches of erosion, all less than 5m in length. These are typically located at the heads of inlets or bays, where soft peaty sediments reach the coast edge and have been formed by wave action. Elsewhere, the coast edge is uniformly rocky, with soft sediments located slightly behind the coast edge.







## South Uist Map1



SU533



SU520



SU578



SU528



SU581



SU530

## **South Uist Map 1: Bagh na Creige Loisgte to Bagh Creag a'Chuilbh**

This map section extends for some 24 km around the north-east corner of South Uist, from Bagh na Creige Loisgte, taking in the shores of Loch Carnan and finishing at Bagh Creag a'Chuilbh. The coastline in this area is rugged and rocky and stable. It mostly lies below 5m OD. The hinterland comprises of open boggy ground, used mainly now for rough grazing, although locally greener areas hint at former cultivations. A public road runs behind the coastline throughout this area, with modern settlement dispersed along it. There is a power station at Tholmair and a fish processing centre at Sanndabhaig.

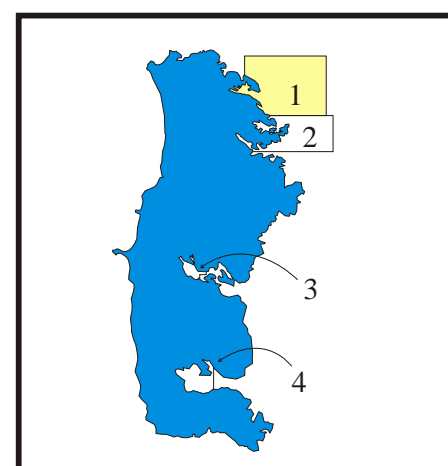
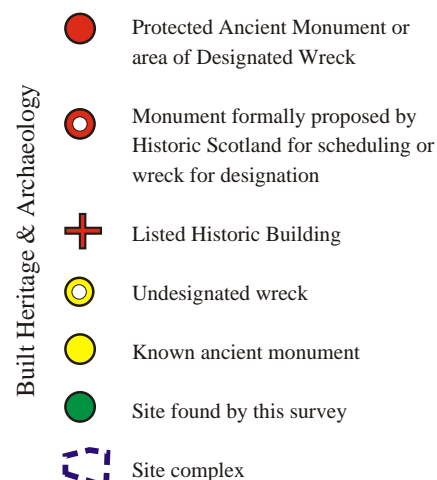
A total of 48 sites were recorded here. Of these, 9 sites had been recorded previously and 39 represent new findings. The majority of these sites are of 18th -20th C date and include a number of abandoned settlements, together with landing places, enclosures, field walls and former cultivations.

SU 520 NF 81979 44131 Loch a Charnain Settlement 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 526 NF 81649 43768 Rubha Strombrat Mound Indeterminate Fair Nil	SU 532 NF 81092 43837 Loch a Charnain Enclosure 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 521 NF 81971 44029 Loch a Charnain Cultivation remains 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 527 NF 81349 43831 Rubha Strombrat Structural remains 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 533 NF 81597 43623 Loch a Charnain Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil
SU 522 NF 81780 44124 Loch a Charnain Boundary bank Indeterminate Fair Nil	SU 528 NF 81099 43912 Loch a Charnain Settlement 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 534 NF 817 435 Loch a Charnain Settlement 18th- 20th C Good Nil
SU 523 NF 81808 43918 Loch a Charnain Settlement 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 529 NF 81028 43939 Loch a Charnain Boundary bank 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 535 NF 81897 43502 Ob a' Chlachain Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil
SU 524 (NF84SW 5) NF 81589 44066 Loch a Charnain Structural remains 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 530 NF 809 439 Loch a Charnain Settlement: houses and landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 536 NF 82020 43498 Ob a' Chlachain Landing place and shed 18th- 20th C Good Nil
SU 525 NF 81317 4438 Loch a Charnain Settlement 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 531 (NF84SW 4) NF 810 438 Loch a Charnain Settlement: houses and landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 537 NF 824 433 Ob a' Chlachain Landing places and sheds 18th- 20th C Good Nil

SU 538 NF 83323 42383 Tholmair Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 571 NF 8235 4445 Loch Carnan Structural rems: ?shed 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 577 (NF84SW 17) NF 82822 43890 Loch Carnan Settlement 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 539 NF 83524 42220 Tholmair Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 572 NF 8240 4451 Loch Carnan Causeway 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 578 NF 82982 43798 Loch Carnan Structural rems: ?shed 18th- 20th C Poor Nil
SU 567 NF 82193 44231 Loch Carnan Boundary bank, cult'n rems 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 573 NF 82517 44431 Loch Carnan Settlement 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 579 NF 83218 43674 Loch Carnan Cultivation remains 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 568 NF 82316 44159 Loch Carnan Causeway 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 574 NF 82661 44118 Loch Carnan Enclosures 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 580 NF 83369 43698 Loch Carnan Settlement 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 569 NF 82284 44250 Loch Carnan Landing place, boundary bank 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 575 NF 8269 4410 Loch Carnan Causeway 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 581 NF 83091 44584 Bagh nam Faoilean Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 570 NF 82298 44304 Loch Carnan Settlement 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 576 NF 8269 4410 Loch Carnan Boundary bank 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 582 NF 83034 44690 Bagh nam Faoilean Cultivation remains 18th- 20th C Fair Nil

SU 583	SU 589
NF 82811 44851	NF 83190 42970
Bagh nam Faoilean	Loch Carnan
Settlement	Structural rems: ?shed
18th- 20th C	18th- 20th C
Fair	Poor
Nil	Nil
SU 584	SU 590
NF 82494 44946	NF 82695 43289
Bagh nam Faoilean	Loch Carnan
Landing place	Landing places
18th- 20th C	18th- 20th C
Fair	Fair
Nil	Nil
SU 585	SU 591
NF 82388 44965	NF 82547 43370
Bagh nam Faoilean	Loch Carnan
Landing place	Boundary bank
18th- 20th C	18th- 20th C
Fair	Fair
Nil	Nil
SU 586 (NF84SW 7)	SU 637 (NF84SW 13)
NF 83288 42597	NF 8270 4277
Tholmair	Listed: B
Settlement	4a Rhughasinish
18th- 20th C	House
Fair	18th- 20th C
Nil	Good
	Nil
SU 587	SU 638
NF 83547 42496	NF 8253 4338
Tholmair	Sanndabhaig
Hulk	Enclosure
18th- 20th C	Indeterminate
Fair	?
Nil	Nil
SU 588	SU 639 (NF84SW 12)
NF 83321 42777	NF 8311 4306
Loch Carnan	Loch Carnan
Cultivation remains	Jetty
18th- 20th C	Indeterminate
Fair	?
Nil	Nil





1. Loch Carnan

NF 824 434

24 km

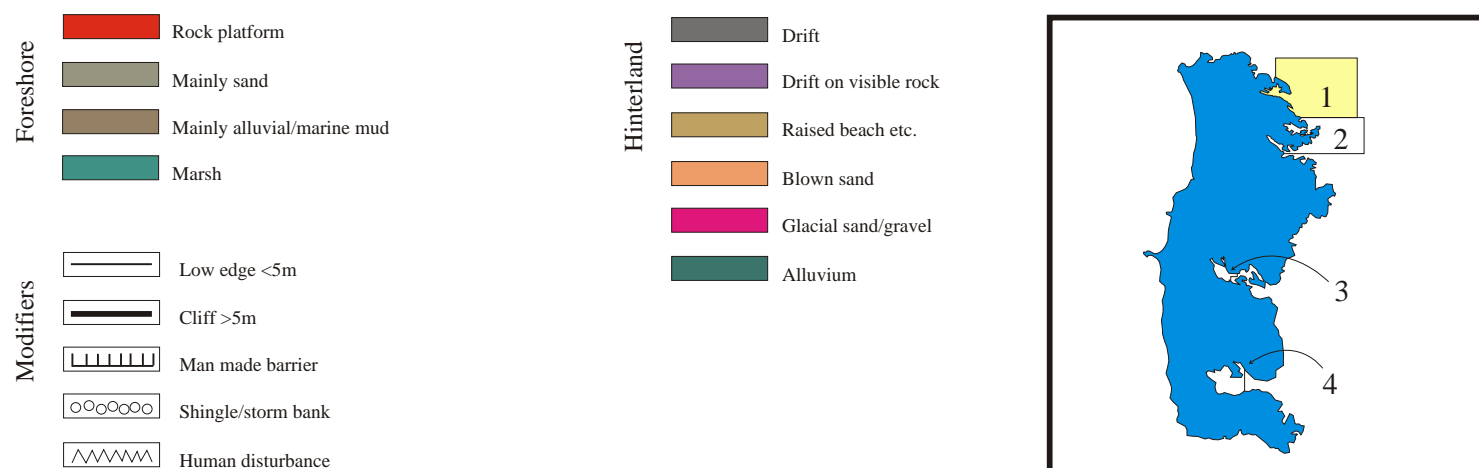
Rock Platform

Coast edge mostly <5m

Drift on visible rock

The foreshore comprises of rock platform, with occasional small areas of silt in inlets and bays. The coast edge is rocky. The hinterland is poorly drained and peaty; it is in use as rough grazing.





## 1. Loch Carnan

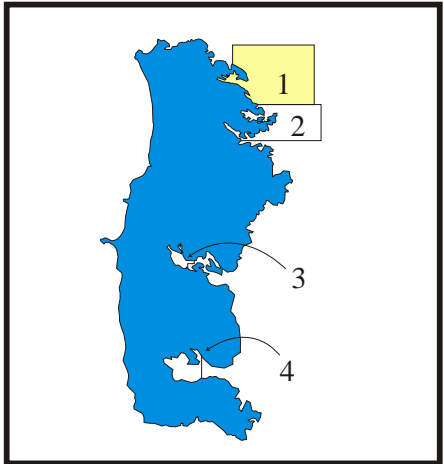
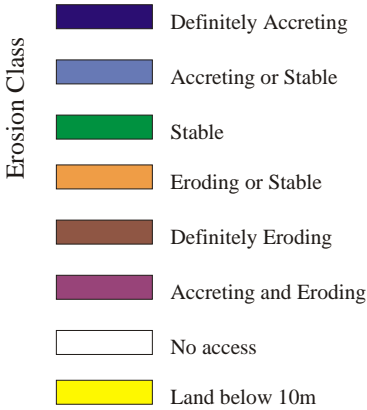
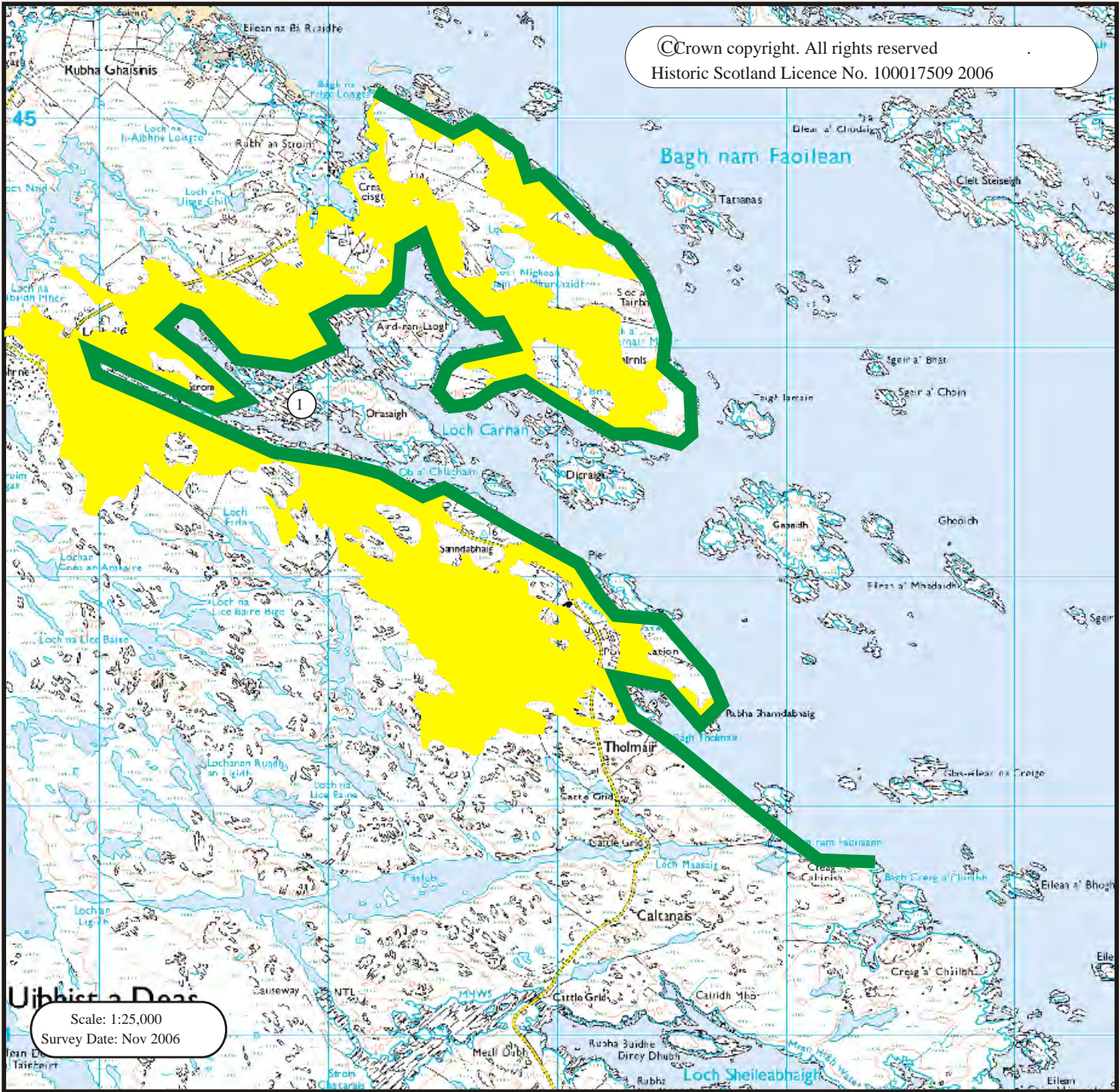
NF 824 434

24 km

Stable

The coast edge in this section is classified as stable. There are occasional small stretches of erosion, all less than 5m in length. These are typically located at the heads of inlets or bays, where soft peaty sediments reach the coast edge and have been formed by wave action. Elsewhere, the coast edge is uniformly rocky, with soft sediments located slightly behind the coast edge.







South Uist Map 2



SU542



SU548



SU606



SU540



SU650



SU541

## **South Uist Map 2: Bagh Creag a'Chuilbh to Rubha Mor**

This map section is approximately 37 km long. It extends around the headland of Rubha Caolas Liursaigh and around the shores of Loch Sheileabhaigh and Loch Sgioport. This area is not well served for public roads or tracks and overland access is hampered by dense heather vegetation and a rugged landscape. The coastline is very indented here. It generally lies below 5m OD but the south side of Loch Sgioport slopes steeply where it coincides with Beinn Tairbeirt; a craggy hill which rises to 168m OD at its summit. There is no modern settlement in this area, with the exception of a few dispersed settlements situated on the west side of Loch Sheileabhaigh.

A total of 45 sites were recorded in this area. Of these, 11 sites had been noted previously and 34 sites represent new findings. These include a large number of landing places, together with numerous deserted 18th- 20th C settlements and associated enclosures, walls and cultivations.

SU 540  
NF 84188 41464  
Creag a Chuilbh  
Settlement: houses and  
landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

SU 546  
NF 83664 41114  
Loch Sheileabhaigh  
Landing place and shed  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 594 (NF83NE 1)  
NF 85337 39939  
Cnoc Dubh Luirsay  
Settlement  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 541  
NF 84427 41276  
Creag a Chuilbh  
Wall  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

SU 547  
NF 83453 41235  
Loch Sheileabhaigh  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 595  
NF 85512 40382  
Rubha Caolas Liursaigh  
Settlement  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 542  
NF 84826 41060  
Creag a Chuilbh  
Wall  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 548 (NF83NW 13)  
NF 82913 38636  
Loch Sgioport  
Pier  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

SU 596  
NF 85448 40180  
Rubha Caolas Liursaigh  
Probable structural remains  
Indeterminate  
Poor  
Nil

SU 543  
NF 84879 40835  
Creag a Chuilbh  
Landing place and shed  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 549 (NF83NW 5)  
NF 82700 38689  
Loch Sgioport  
Settlement  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

SU 597 (NF83NE 2)  
NF 85189 39835  
Bagh Clann Alasdair  
Enclosure  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 544  
NF 84787 40749  
Creag a Chuilbh  
Settlement  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

SU 592  
NF 84304 40197  
Loch Sheileabhaigh  
Settlement  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 598  
NF 84996 39337  
Rubha Camas nam Feuchaig  
Boundary bank  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

SU 545  
NF 84135 40906  
Loch Sheileabhaigh  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

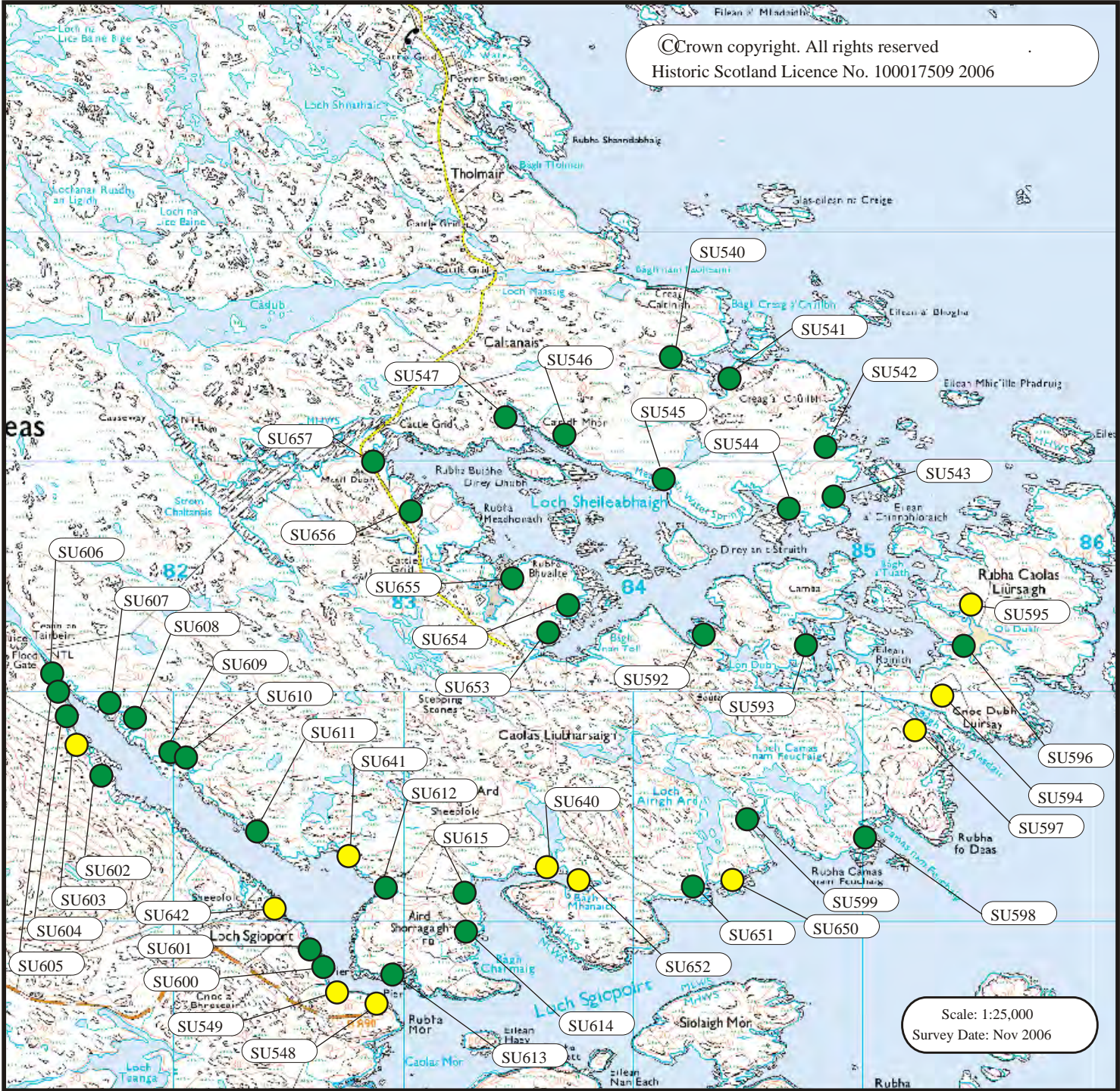
SU 593  
NF 8475 4020  
Loch Sheileabhaigh  
Cultivation remains  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 599  
NF 84500 39470  
Rubha Camas nam Feuchaig  
Structural remains  
18th- 20th C  
Poor  
Nil

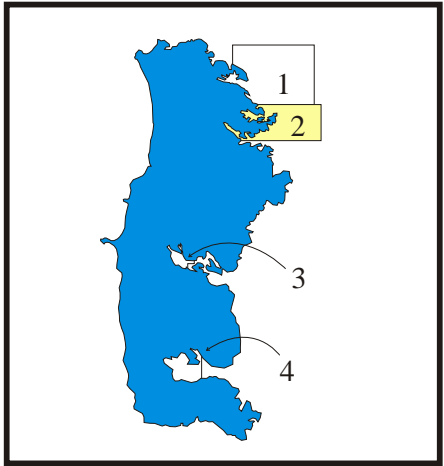


SU 600 NF 82627 38770 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 606 NF 81451 40050 Loch Sgioport Landing places and possible embanking 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 612 NF 82971 39107 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 601 NF 85936 38875 Loch Sgioport Wall 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 607 NF 81721 39923 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 613 NF 82953 38769 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 602 NF 81568 39632 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 608 NF 81810 39918 Loch Sgioport Possible landing places or fence lines 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 614 NF 83275 38931 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil
SU 603 NF 81598 39766 Loch Sgioport Shed 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 609 NF 82005 39725 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 615 NF 83324 39070 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 604 NF 81537 39827 Loch Sgioport Landing places 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 610 NF 82091 39698 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 640 (NF83NW 17) NF 8361 3923 Bagh A'Mhanaich Enclosure Indeterminate ? Nil
SU 605 NF 81531 39955 Loch Sgioport Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 611 NF 82387 39354 Loch Sgioport Wall 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 641 (NF83NW 8) NF 8280 3930 Airigh Ard Sheiling hut Indeterminate ? Nil

SU 642 (NF83NW 14)	SU 655
NF 8246 3906	NF 83527 40458
Loch Sgiopoint	Loch Sheileabhaigh
Pier	Landing place
Indeterminate	18th- 20th C
?	Fair
Nil	Nil
SU 650	SU 656
NF 84448 39165	NF 83051 40790
Loch Sgiopoint	Loch Sheileabhaigh
Shed/enclosure	Shed and landing place
18th- 20th C	18th- 20th C
Fair	Fair
Nil	Nil
SU 651	SU 657
NF 84264 39157	NF 83004 40877
Loch Sgiopoint	Loch Sheileabhaigh
Cultivation remains	Cairn
18th- 20th C	Indeterminate
Fair	Poor
Nil	Nil
SU 652 (NF83NW 16)	
NF 83805 39271	
Loch Sgiopoint	
Settlement	
18th- 20th C	
Fair	
Nil	
SU 653	
NF 83646 40226	
Loch Sheileabhaigh	
Structural remains	
Indeterminate	
Poor	
Nil	
SU 654	
NF 83729 40322	
Loch Sheileabhaigh	
Cultivation remains	
18th- 20th C	
Fair	
Nil	



- Built Heritage & Archaeology
- Protected Ancient Monument or area of Designated Wreck
  - Monument formally proposed by Historic Scotland for scheduling or wreck for designation
  - Listed Historic Building
  - Undesignated wreck
  - Known ancient monument
  - Site found by this survey
  - Site complex



1. Loch Sheileabhaigh

NF 856 400

37 km

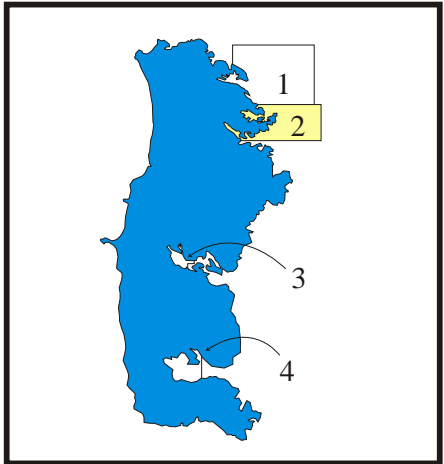
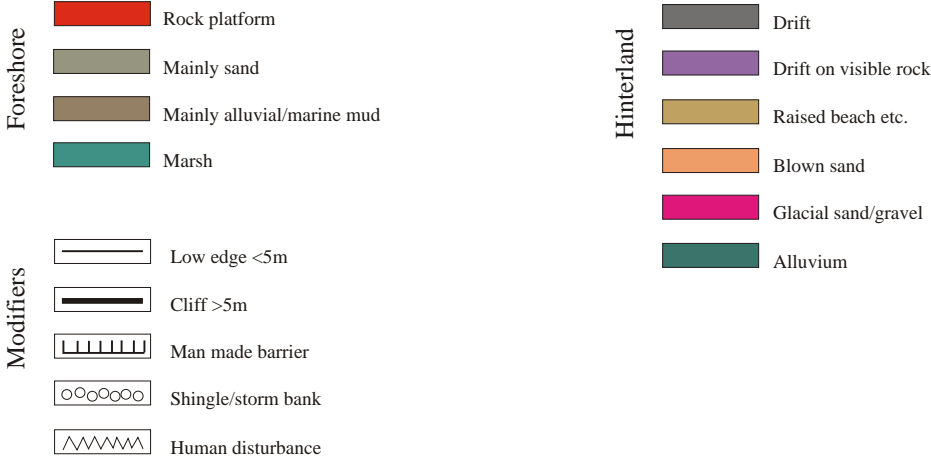
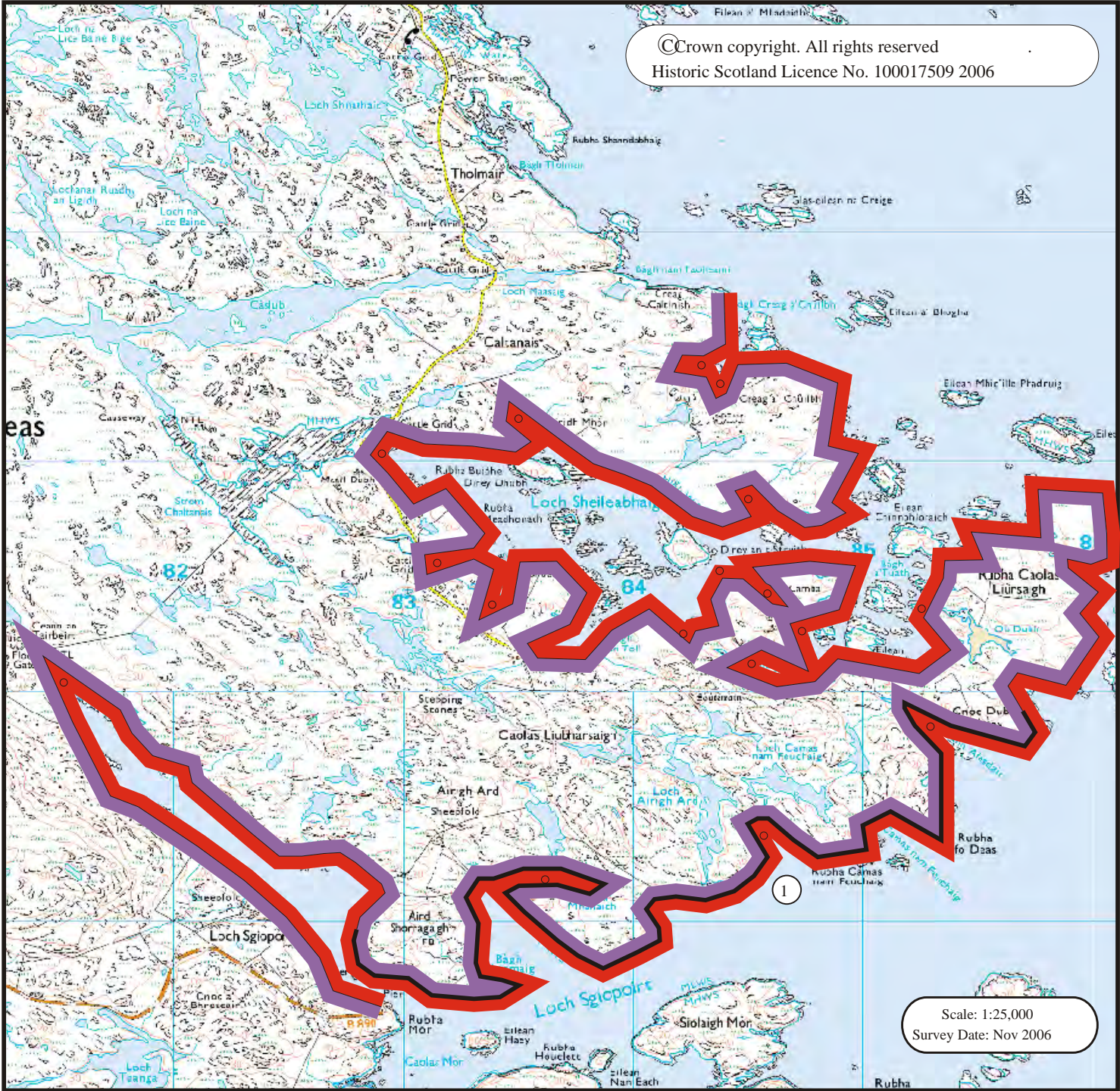
Rock Platform

Coast edge mostly <5m

Drift on visible rock

The foreshore comprises of rock platform, with occasional small areas of silt in inlets and bays. The coast edge is rocky. The hinterland is poorly drained and peaty; it is in use as rough grazing.





## 1. Loch Sheileabhaigh

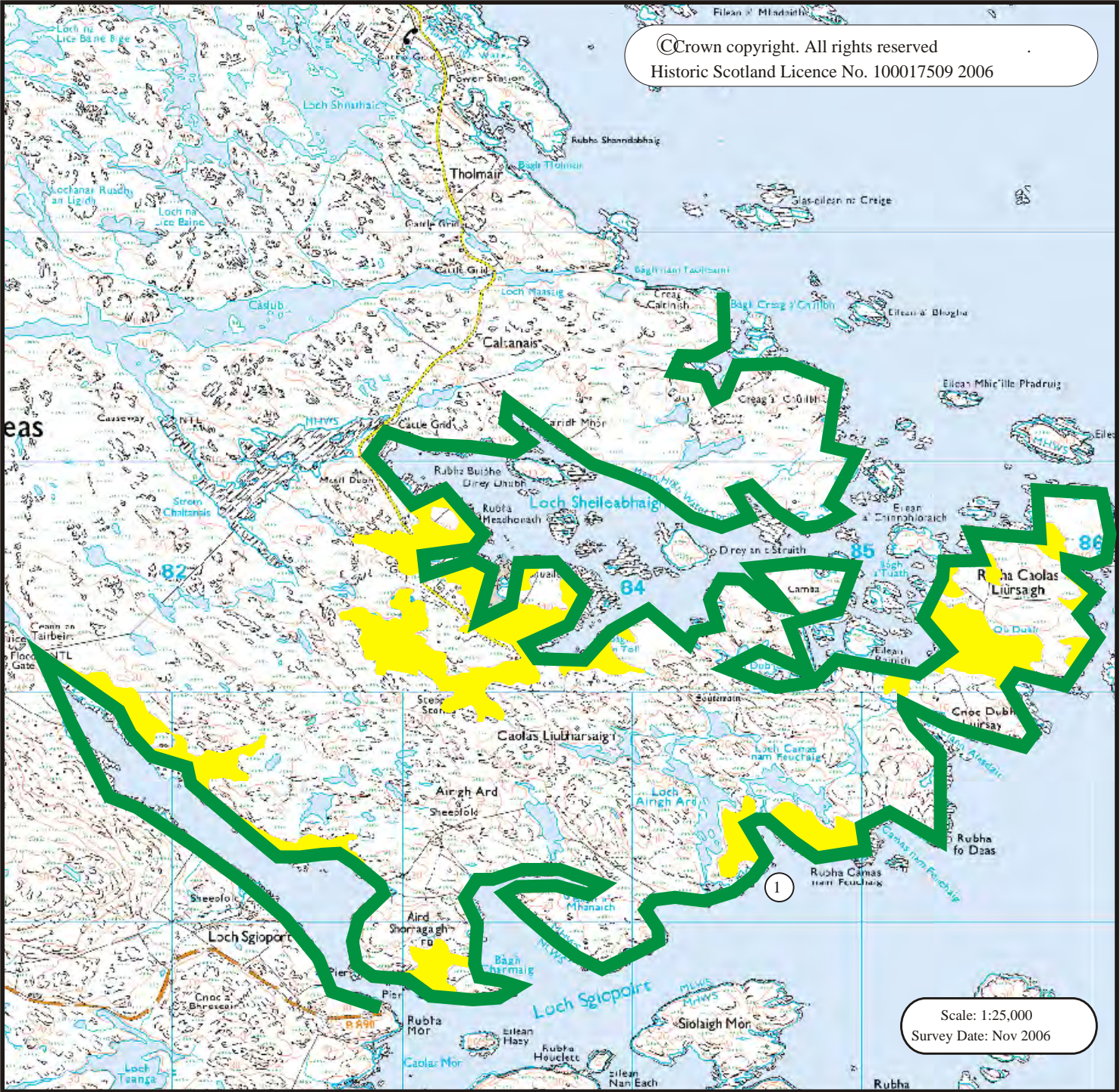
NF 856 400

37 km

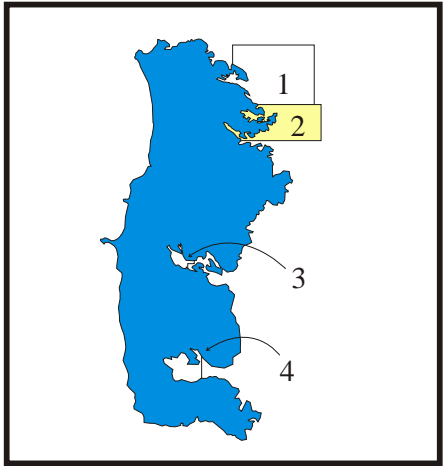
Stable

The coast edge in this section is classified as stable. There are occasional small stretches of erosion, all less than 5m in length. These are typically located at the heads of inlets or bays, where soft peaty sediments reach the coast edge and have been formed by wave action. Elsewhere, the coast edge is uniformly rocky, with soft sediments located slightly behind the coast edge.





- Erosion Class
- Definitely Accreting
  - Accreting or Stable
  - Stable
  - Eroding or Stable
  - Definitely Eroding
  - Accreting and Eroding
  - No access
  - Land below 10m





South Uist Map 3



SU507



SU500



SU509



SU501



SU550



SU503

### **South Uist Map 3: Loch Aineort**

This map section extends for some 13 km around the shores of Loch Aineort, an elongated sea water loch situated towards the centre of the east coast of South Uist. The coastline in this area is generally low lying (<5m OD) with a rocky or stony shore. The hinterland is rugged and generally poorly drained, although there are pockets of locally more fertile land interspersed throughout the area. The coast in this area is readily accessible from the public roads. There is dispersed modern settlement throughout the area, mainly situated on or close to the roadside.

A total of 37 sites were recorded within this area: 32 sites represent new findings, whilst 5 sites had been recorded previously. The majority of the sites comprise of landing places, with deserted settlements, outbuildings walls and enclosures also present. All of these remains are thought to be of 18th- 20th C date. Two amorphous cairns were also identified, although no date could be ascribed to either site.

SU 500 NF 78801 28263 Loch Aineort Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 506 (NF72 NE 12) NF 77962 28656 Loch Aineort Harbour, boat shed and landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 512 NF 77675 28998 Loch Aineort Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 501 NF 78706 28231 Loch Aineort Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 507 NF 77756 29182 Loch Aineort Shed 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 513 NF 77495 28939 Loch Aineort Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 502 NF 78489 28155 Loch Aineort Probable landing places 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 508 NF 77743 29225 Loch Aineort Boundary wall 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 514 NF 77443 28955 Taobh a Tuath Structure and landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 503 (NF72 NE 12) NF 78036 28459 Loch Aineort Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 509 NF 77716 29288 Loch Aineort Structure 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 515 NF 77219 29063 Taobh a Tuath Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil
SU 504 (NF72 NE 12) NF 77978 28504 Loch Aineort Settlement 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 510 NF 77705 29362 Loch Aineort Boundary wall 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 516 NF 77122 29142 Taobh a Tuath Structure 18th- 20th C Good Nil
SU 505 (NF72 NE 12) NF 78000 28652 Loch Aineort Settlement 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 511 NF 77326 29415 Loch Aineort Boundary wall 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 517 NF 77011 29155 Taobh a Tuath Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil

SU 518 NF 76978 29167 Taobh a Tuath Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 554 NF 77655 27691 Loch Aineort Cairn Indeterminate Fair Monitor
SU 519 NF 76891 29256 Taobh a Tuath Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 555 NF 77617 27805 Loch Aineort Possible clearance cairn Indeterminate Poor Nil
SU 550 NF 77889 27447 Loch Aineort Settlement: houses and landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 556 NF 77611 27911 Loch Aineort Cairn Indeterminate Fair Monitor
SU 551 NF 77854 27579 Loch Aineort Possible clearance cairns Indeterminate Poor Nil	SU 557 NF 77547 27755 Loch Aineort Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 552 NF 78570 27527 Loch Aineort Structural remains 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 558 NF 77501 27695 Loch Aineort Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 553 NF 77829 27518 Loch Aineort Landing places and shed 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 559 NF 77491 27561 Loch Aineort Landing place and structural remains 18th- 20th C Fair Nil



SU 560	SU 566 (NF72NE 11)
NF 77402 27635	NF 769 287
Loch Aineort	Loch Aineort
Structural rems: ?house	Township
18th- 20th C	18th- 20th C
Good	Fair
Nil	Nil

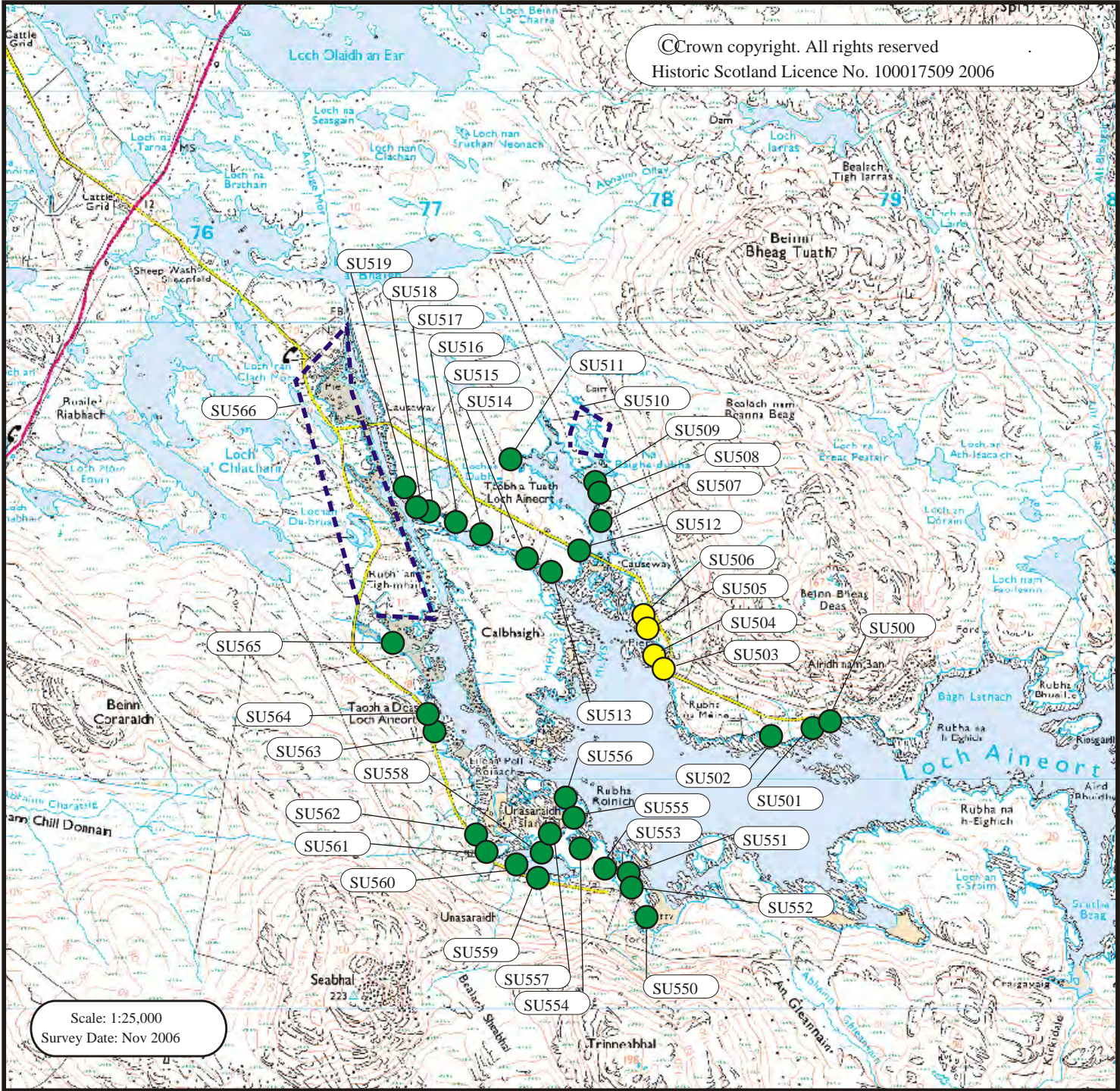
SU 561  
NF 77290 27661  
Loch Aineort  
Enclosure & boundary banks  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 562  
NF 77231 27716  
Loch Aineort  
Structural rems: ?house  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

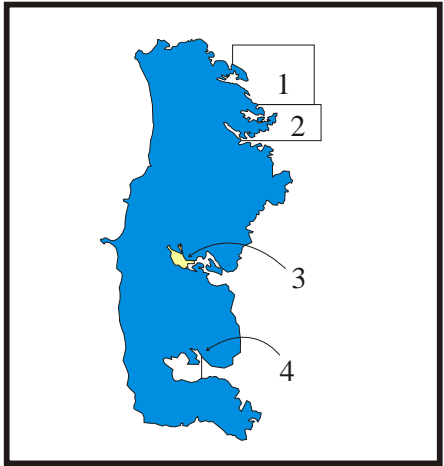
SU 563  
NF 77043 28176  
Loch Aineort  
Boundary wall  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 564  
NF 77015 28260  
Loch Aineort  
Cairn  
Indeterminate  
Fair  
Nil

SU 565  
NF 76846 28598  
Loch Aineort  
Boundary bank  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil



- Built Heritage & Archaeology
- Protected Ancient Monument or area of Designated Wreck
  - Monument formally proposed by Historic Scotland for scheduling or wreck for designation
  - Listed Historic Building
  - Undesignated wreck
  - Known ancient monument
  - Site found by this survey
  - Site complex



1. Loch Aineort

NF 765 297

13 km

Rock Platform

Coast edge mostly <5m

Drift on visible rock

The foreshore comprises of rock platform, with occasional small areas of silt in inlets and bays. The coast edge is rocky. The hinterland is poorly drained and peaty; it is in use as rough grazing.





## 1. Loch Aineort

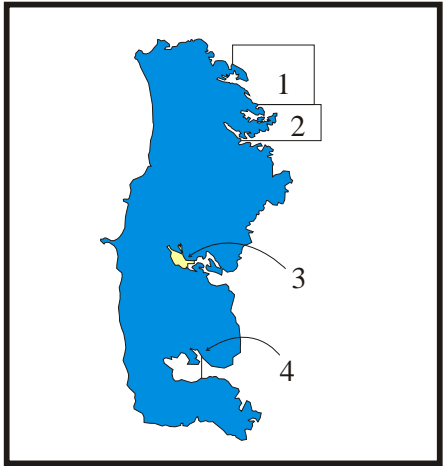
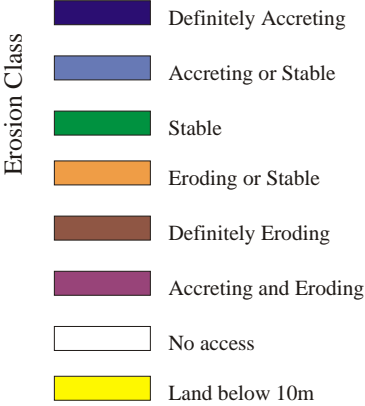
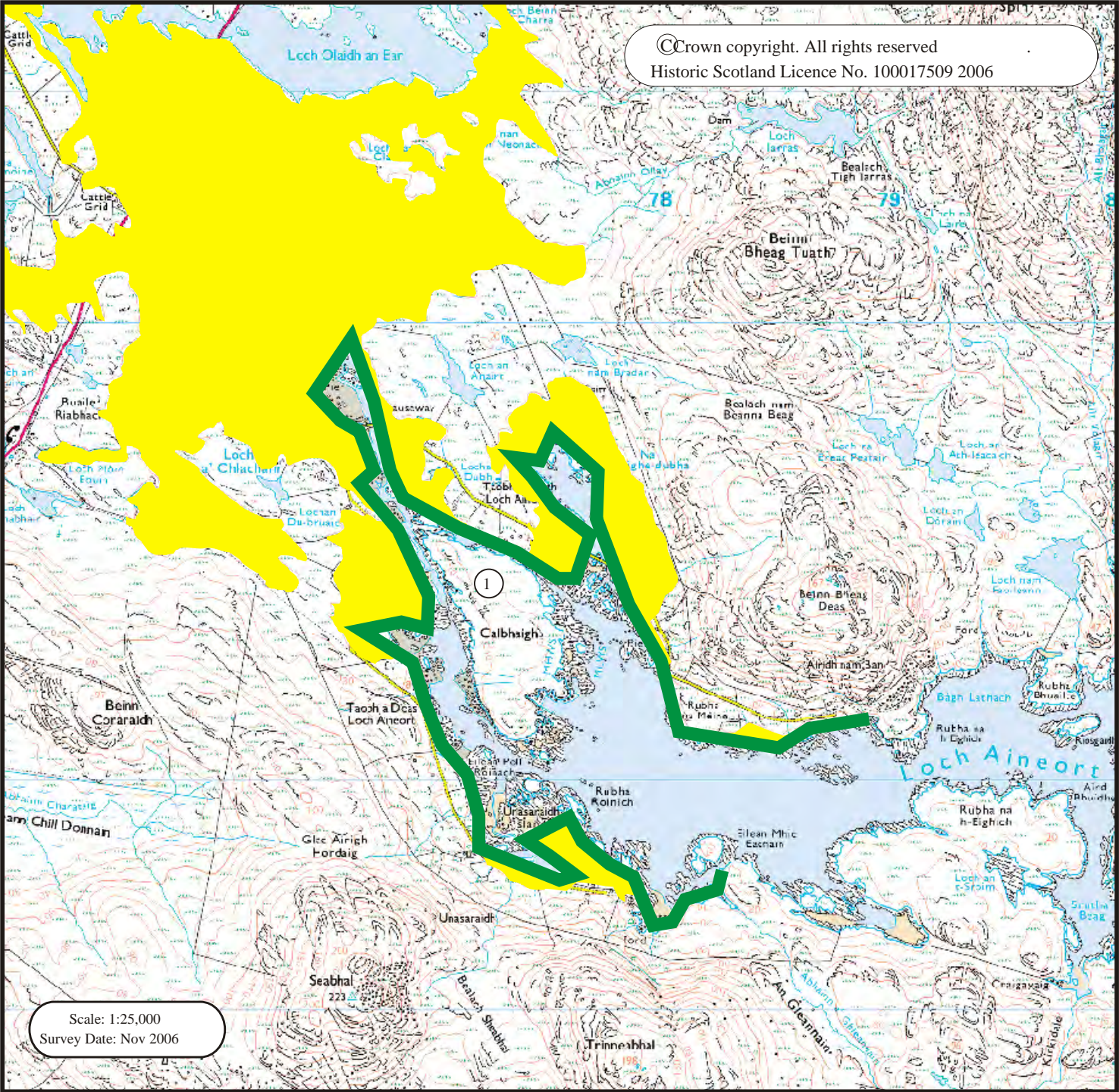
NF 765 297

13 km

Stable

The coast edge in this section is classified as stable. There are occasional small stretches of erosion, all less than 5m in length. These are typically located at the heads of inlets or bays, where soft peaty sediments reach the coast edge and have been formed by wave action. The only notable area of erosion was found in a bay at the eastern end of this section (NF 779 273). Here, a c.20m stretch of coast edge has been damaged by wave action, exposing soft drift sediments in section. Elsewhere, the coast edge is uniformly rocky, with soft sediments located slightly behind the coast edge.







South Uist Map 4



SU616



SU658



SU617



SU670



SU643



SU677

## **South Uist Map 4: Loch Baghasdail**

This map section extends around the shores of Loch Baghasdail for some 26 km. The coast here lies below 5m OD and is characterised by a rocky shoreline with a mixture of rough boggy ground and some improved, more fertile ground in the hinterland. Throughout the area, the coastal zone is relatively densely settled and there is ready access from the public roads. The village of Loch Baghasdail, which lies on the north side of the bay, is one of the main settlements on South Uist. There is a ferry port here, from which there are regular sailings to Barra and the Scottish Mainland.

A total of 47 sites were recorded in this area; of these 45 sites represent new findings and 2 sites had been recorded previously. It should be noted, however, that one of the previously recorded 'sites' comprises of Loch Baghasdail village, containing a number of listed and notable buildings. With few exceptions, most of the rest of the sites comprise of landing places; the remainder comprise mainly of walls, outbuildings and other remains associated with agriculture. One cairn and one mound were noted but neither could be more closely characterised; they have been assigned to the 'indeterminate' date range.

SU 616  
NF 79447 17788  
Gleann Dail Bho Tuath  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 617  
NF 79336 17777  
Gleann Dail Bho Tuath  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 618  
NF 19151 17666  
Gleann Dail Bho Tuath  
Possible landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 619  
NF 79081 17589  
Gleann Dail Bho Tuath  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 620  
NF 78782 17595  
Gleann Dail Bho Tuath  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 621  
NF 78627 17693  
Gleann Dail Bho Tuath  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 622  
NF 78444 17783  
Gleann Dail Bho Tuath  
Walling  
Indeterminate  
Fair  
Nil

SU 623  
NF 78356 17764  
Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 624  
NF 78172 17823  
Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 625  
NF 77992 17846  
Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 626  
NF 77904 17897  
Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

SU 627  
NF 77833 17944  
Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 628  
NF 77748 17887  
Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 629  
NF 77677 17715  
Loch Baghasdail  
Landing places  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

SU 630  
NF 77345 17648  
Loch Baghasdail  
Walling  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil

SU 631  
NF 77214 17726  
opp Eilean Mor  
Walling  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

SU 632  
NF 77069 17758  
opp Eilean Mor  
Landing place  
18th- 20th C  
Fair  
Nil

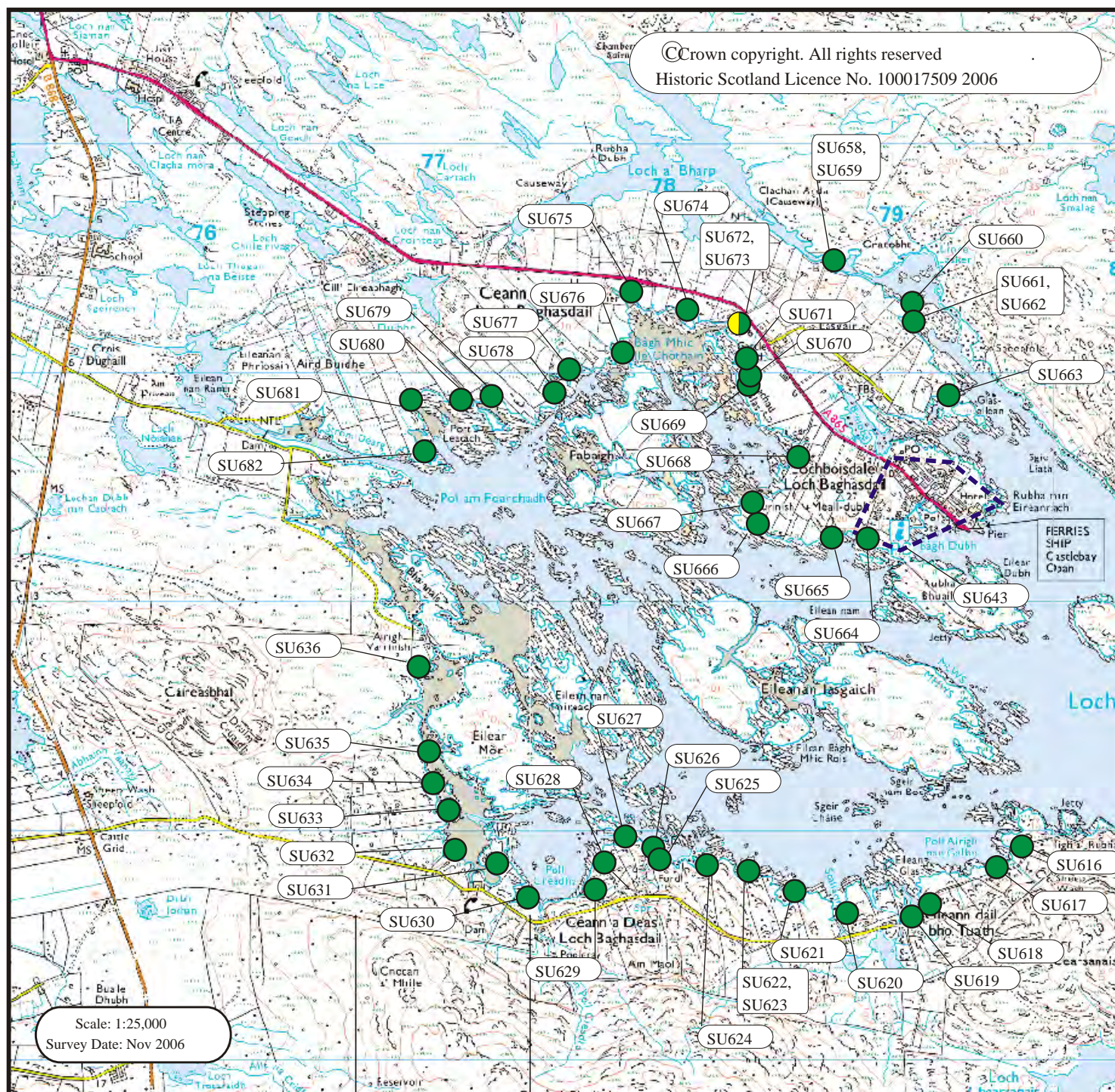
SU 633  
NF 77013 18064  
opp Eilean Mor  
Landing places & causeway  
18th- 20th C  
Good  
Nil



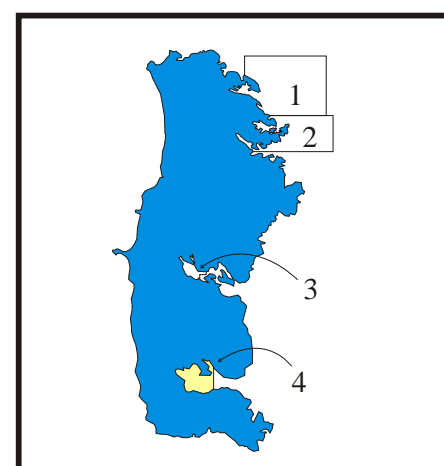
SU 634 NF 76950 18307 opp Eilean Mor Landing places 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 660 NF 79053 20276 Oratobht Walling 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 666 NF 78392 19322 Loch Baghasdail Possible landing places or fence lines 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 635 NF 76945 18366 opp Eilean Mor Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 661 NF 79096 20215 Oratobht Mound Indeterminate Poor Nil	SU 667 NF 78359 19413 Loch Baghasdail Shed 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 636 NF 76925 18655 opp Eilean Mor Landing place 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 662 NF 79049 20232 Oratobht Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 668 NF 78550 19581 Loch Baghasdail Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil
SU 643 (NF71NE 12 etc.) incs. Listed NF 7926 1942 Loch Baghasdail Village 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 663 NF 79252 19922 opp Glas-eilean Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 669 NF 7832 1994 Leathad Glas Landing place 18th- 20th C Poor Nil
SU 658 NF 78671 20471 Oratobht Bridge 18th- 20th C Good Nil	SU 664 NF 78716 19278 Loch Baghasdail Landing places 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 670 NF 78354 19973 Leathad Glas Shed 18th- 20th C Fair Nil
SU 659 NF 78722 20463 Oratobht Enclosures 18th- 20th C Fair Nil	SU 665 NF 78716 19278 Loch Baghasdail Enclosure 18th- 20th C Poor Nil	SU 671 NF 78354 20082 Leathad Glas Landing place 18th- 20th C Good Nil

SU 672	SU 678
NF 78335 20195	NF 77499 19943
Loch Baghasdail	Loch Baghasdail
Landing place	Landing places
18th- 20th C	18th- 20th C
Poor	Fair
Nil	Nil
SU 673 (NF72SE 9)	SU 679
NF 78335 20195	NF 77255 19868
Loch Baghasdail	Loch Baghasdail
Structural remains	Structural remains
18th- 20th C	18th- 20th C
Fair	Poor"
Nil	Nil
SU 674	SU 680
NF 78096 20221	NF 77070 19870
Loch Baghasdail	Loch Baghasdail
Structural rems, landing	Shed
place, enclosure	18th- 20th C
18th- 20th C	Fair
Fair	Nil
Nil	
SU 675	SU 681
NF 779 202	NF 76870 19862
Loch Baghasdail	Loch Baghasdail
Landing places	Settlement
18th- 20th C	18th- 20th C
Poor	Good
Nil	Nil
SU 676	SU 682
NF 77800 20054	NF 76938 19611
Loch Baghasdail	Loch Baghasdail
Landing place	Clearance cairn
18th- 20th C	18th- 20th C
Poor	Good
Nil	Nil
SU 677	
NF 77563 19963	
Loch Baghasdail	
Structural remains	
18th- 20th C	
Fair	
Nil	





- Built Heritage & Archaeology
- Protected Ancient Monument or area of Designated Wreck
  - Monument formally proposed by Historic Scotland for scheduling or wreck for designation
  - + Listed Historic Building
  - Undesignated wreck
  - Known ancient monument
  - Site found by this survey
  - Site complex



1. Loch Baghasdail

NF 768 195

26 km

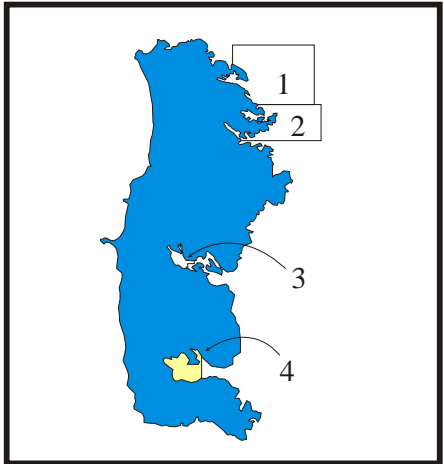
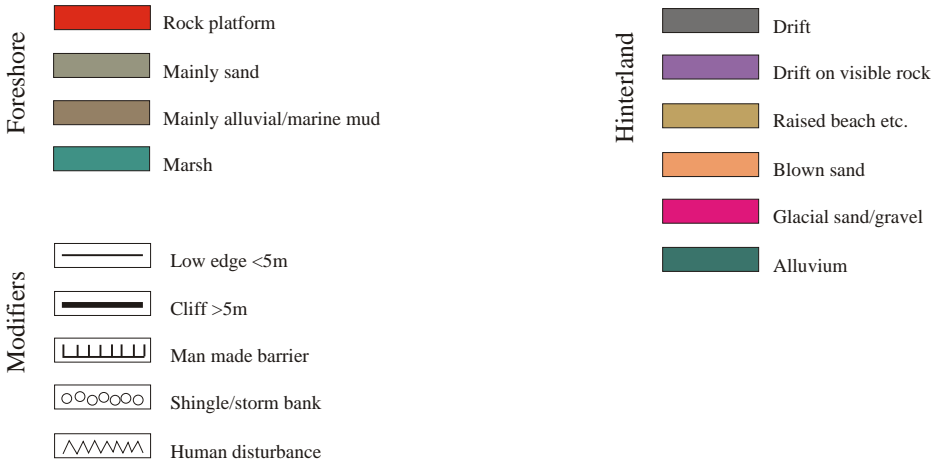
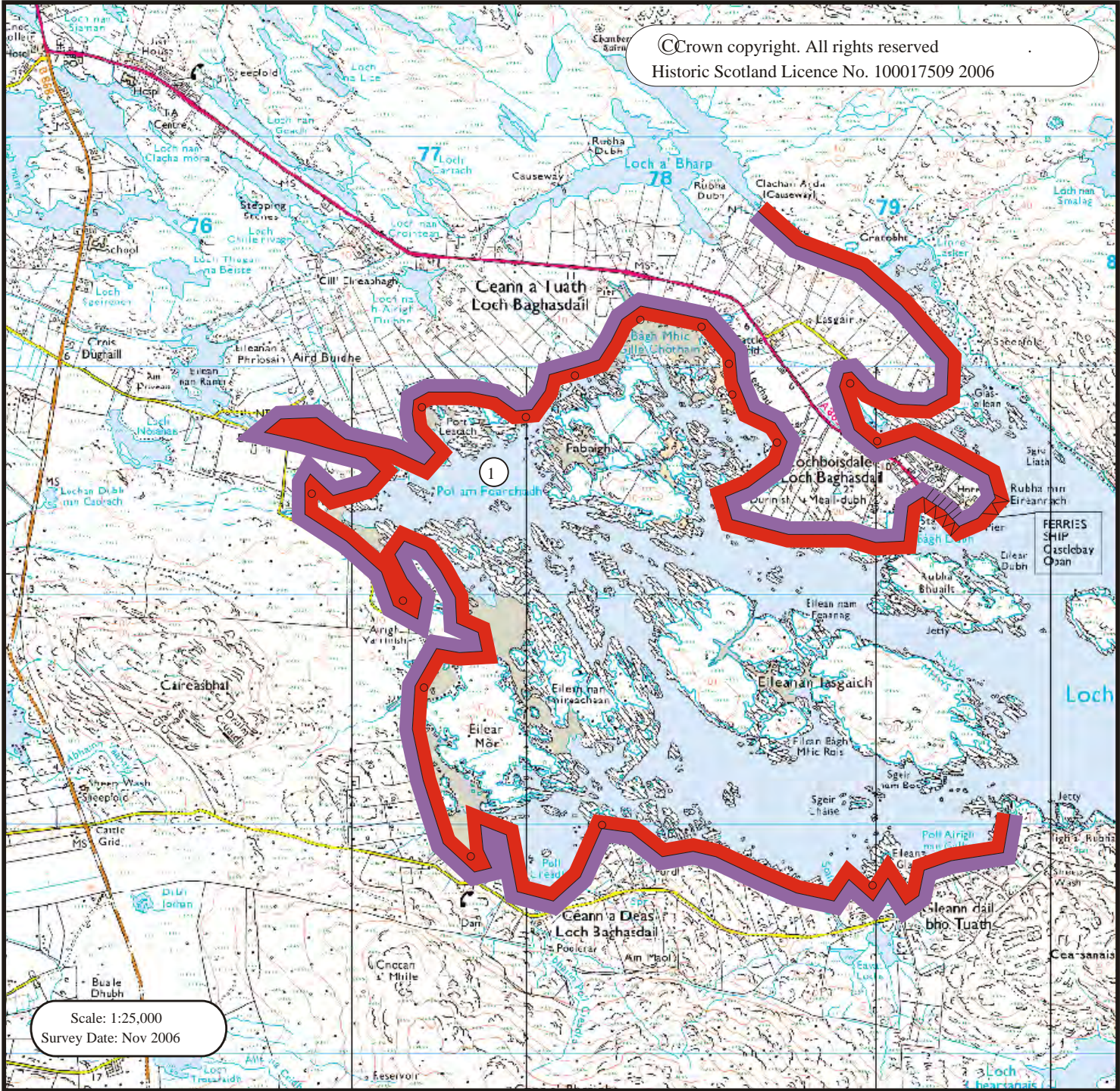
Rock Platform

Coast edge mostly <5m

Drift on visible rock

The foreshore comprises of rock platform, with occasional small areas of silt in inlets and bays. The coast edge is rocky for the most part, some areas on the south side of Lochboisdale village are defended by sea walling. The hinterland is poorly drained and peaty; it is mostly in use as rough grazing.





---

1. Loch Baghasdail

NF 768 195

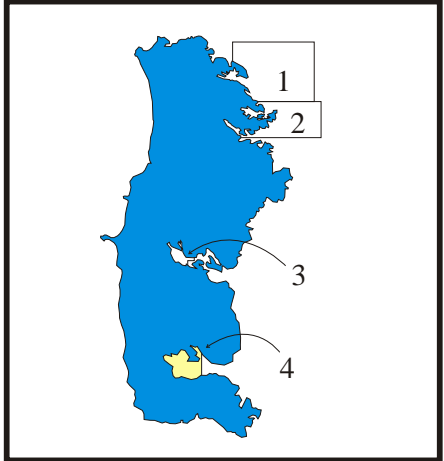
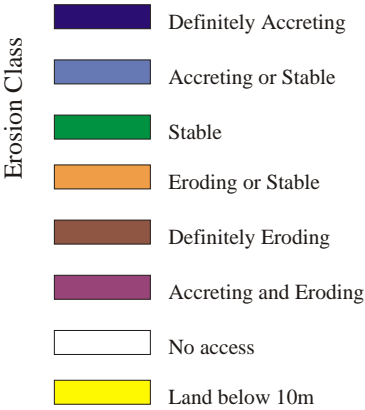
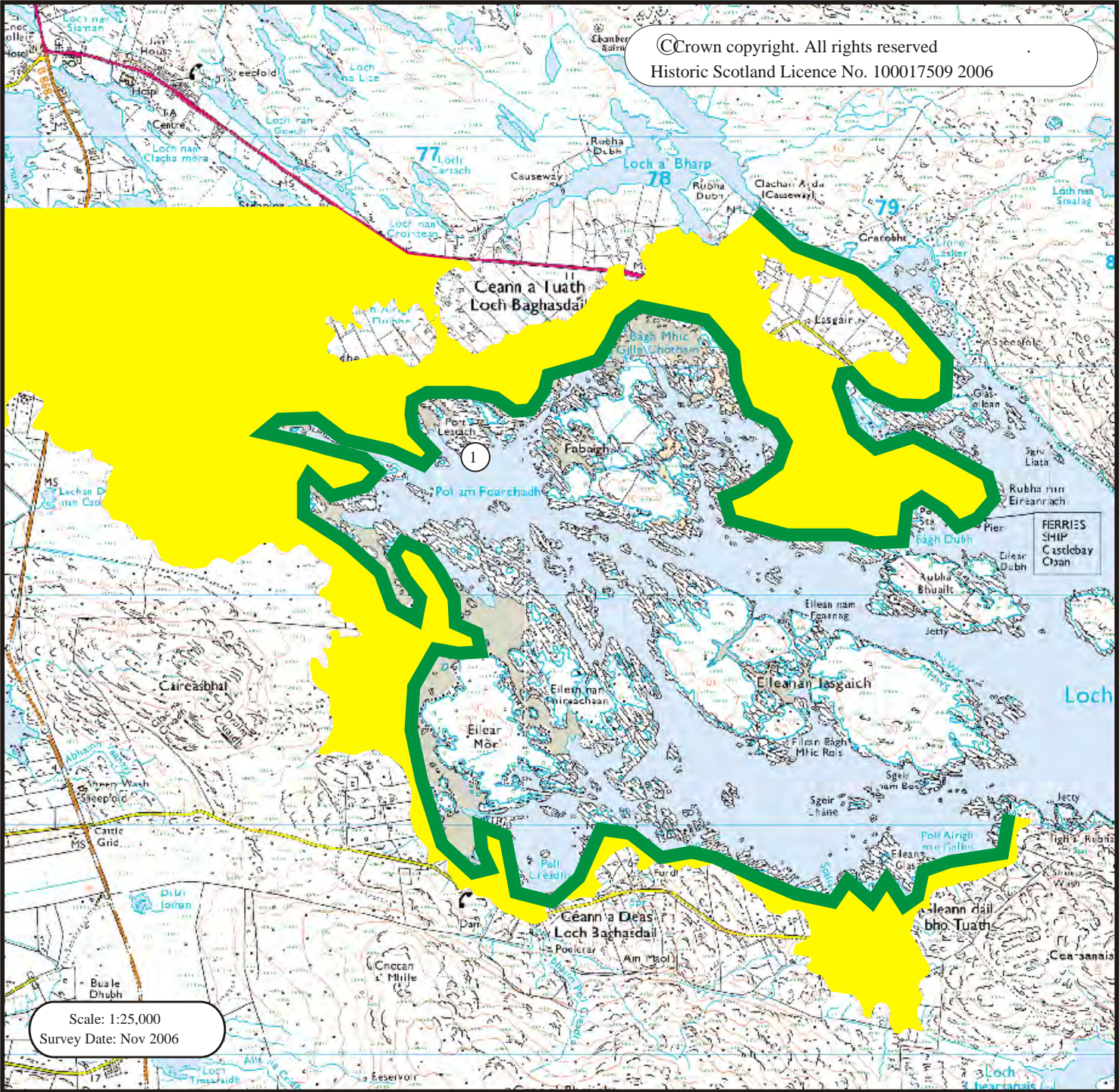
26 km

Stable

The coast edge in this section is classified as stable. There are occasional small stretches of erosion, mostly less than 5m in length.

These are typically located at the heads of inlets or bays, where soft peaty sediments reach the coast edge and have been formed by wave action. Elsewhere, the coast edge is uniformly rocky, with soft sediments located slightly behind the coast edge.





Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	500	2		Loch a' Laip		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85313	47383	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A landing place has been formed in a small inlet by the construction of to walls. To the side of the inlet, one wall forms a broad platform, 6m long and 4m wide. The other wall is situated at the head of the inlet and measures 3m long by 1m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	501	2		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85627	47017	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A sort section of walling crosses the mouth of a small inlet to form a landing place. The wall is 3m long, 0.4m wide and stands to 0.4m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	502	2		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85575	46914	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Three landing places are formed by sections of walling situated within the intertidal zone around the shores of a small sheltered inlet. One wall is 5m long; the others are each 6m long.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	503	2		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85651	46789	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Mound/cairn				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<1m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A turf covered stony mound is located near to the tip of a small promontory. Irregular in shape, it measures 5m by 5m in area and stands up to 1m high. There are no further indications as to its origins.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	504	2		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85549	46819	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Four sections of rough drystone walling are situated along the sides of a narrow inlet to form landing places. The longest of these measures 25m in length, the others each measure 5m long or thereabouts.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	505	2		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85495	46798	10m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A section of rough drystone walling situated in front of a rock outcrop at the head of an inlet may be the remains of a shelter, boat noost or of a field boundary.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	506	2		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85467	46720	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<90m	n	good	nil		nil	

#### Description

The remains of two rectilinear buildings are situated on a promontory; a landing place lies adjacent. (i) A house measuring 18m by 5m has walls standing to 2m high. It is internally divided into two chambers. (ii) A shed measuring 5.5m by 4.5m has walls to 1.5m high. It is situated to the seaward side of the house. (iii) In the area between the house and the shed, lie the remains of further probable structures. These survive as low, turf covered foundations. (iv) On the coast edge, to the S side of the structures, two sections of walling protrude into the intertidal zone to form a landing place. One wall is L-shaped, measuring 9m in overall length; opposite it stands the second wall, measuring 3m by 2m in area.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	507	2		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84920	46991	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	

#### Description

A 20m long drystone wall has been built from the shore into the intertidal zone to form a landing place within a small inlet. It is of rough construction, measuring between 0.4m and 1m in width, it stands up to 0.8m high. A cleared slipway lies to the W side of the wall; this is 25m long.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	508	2		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84711	47078	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	

#### Description

Two sections of walling have been constructed to form a landing place within a small inlet. One wall is revetted against the natural rocky shore and is some 40m long, 0.5m wide and stands to 1m high. The other wall projects for 5m from the shore into the intertidal zone; it is 0.7m wide and 0.8m high.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	509	3		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84398	47288	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two rough drystone walls extending from the coast edge into the intertidal zone form landing places. One wall is 10m long, the other is 20m long.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	510	3		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84366	47385	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	good-fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A group of ruinous buildings, comprising of houses and sheds, are spread out behind the coast edge. These remains lie within the area where at least 5 unroofed structures were previously noted on an AP (GUARD 2006, site 207). The following remains were recorded during fieldwork: (i) A rectangular house measures 12m by 6m; the walls stand to 1.5m high and are 0.8m thick. A small (3m by 3m) extension has been added to the W end. (ii) To the landward side of (i), a shed measuring 7m by 4m has largely collapsed. (iii) A second house lies at NF 84111 47500. This is 12m long and 6m wide; the walls survive to 1.5m high. (iv) A shed measuring 4m by 4m lies to the seaward side of house (iii). Further structures- (v)- (vii) lie inland- these comprise of a shed and two possible houses.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	511	3	NF84NW 10	Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83967	47628	6m			2829
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
A ruinous building, the remains of a house, is situated close to an inlet. It measures 11m by 5m and has rounded corners. The walls survive to 1.5m in height. A small enclosure (2m by 2m) has been created inside the NW corner of the building- this may have served as an animal pen (lamb house?) built after the house had already become ruinous. Nearby, on the coast, a rough drystone wall, 3.5m long, forms a landing place within a natural inlet. These remains may be associated with a previously recorded township, most of which is located further inland (GUARD 2006, site 206).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	512	3		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83855	47617	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
(i) Two rough stone walls on the coast edge form a landing place. The walls are 10m and 8m long respectively and are set parallel to each other, extending out into the intertidal zone. (ii) On the headland behind the landing place, traces of buried walling indicates the location of a former structure or enclosure; this is estimated to measure some 6m by 4m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	513	3	NF84NW 17	Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83658	47778	6m			11951
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
Two houses are situated close to the coast and have been recorded previously (see GUARD 2006, site 203). The following information was recorded during fieldwork: (i) This rectangular building measures 7m long by 4.5m wide. Extensions in brick and stone have been added to the front and back of the building in the recent past. The building has a tin roof and glazed windows. (ii) To the E of (i), a second more ruinous house measures 8m by 4m. The walls stand to 1.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	514	3		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83207	47866	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
Two buildings, representing house and a shed, lie close together, behind the coast edge. (i) The house retains its roof but appears unoccupied. It measures 6.5m by 4.5m; the walls are 1.5m high. (ii) The shed measures 3.5m by 3.5m, the walls stand to 1m high.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	515	3		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83472	47858	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
Two buildings, representing a house and a shed, lie close together by the side of an inlet. (i) A house measuring 9m by 5m has walls surviving to 2m high. The corners are rounded. Inside, there is a concrete floor. (ii) Nearby, a shed (4m by 4m) has walls up to 1.5m high. (iii) Two walls on the coast nearby form landing places. The walls each project from either side of the inlet for 5m and stand up to 1m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	516	3	NF84NW 15	Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82543	48220	7m	Listed: C		11932
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A semi-ruinous house and a shed lie close to the coast; two sea walls form landing places. The house has been recorded previously (GUARD 2006, site 197). The following information was recorded during fieldwork: (i) The house, which is listed grade C, is 9m long and 5m wide. It is internally divided into two rooms. The walls stand to 2m high. (ii) A shed, comprising of two conjoined chambers, stands to the landward side of the house. Overall, it measures some 6.5m by 4m, although it is no longer complete. (iii) Two sections of rough drystone walling have been built out into the sea to either side of the buildings to form landing places. One is 5m long, the other is 20m long.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	517	3		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82940	47936	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A 15m long section of rough drystone walling extends down to the coast edge at right angles. It is 0.4m wide and stands to 0.5m high. It represents the remains of a field boundary.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	518	3		Loch Chill Eireabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83168	47789	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two sections of rough walling situated on the coast edge form a landing place, close to an occupied settlement. One wall is 6m long and 0.5m high; it is aligned at right angles to the coast. The other wall is 20m long and runs parallel to the coast edge.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	519	2		Rubha Liasain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86568	49429	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
A 20m long section of drystone walling aligned parallel to the coast edge within an inlet forms a landing place for boats. An occupied house lies inland.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	520	2		Buaile Rairnis		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86785	49349	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two rectangular stone structures lie close to the coast edge; both appear to have been used as agricultural buildings. (i) The largest building measures 12m by 5m; it is internally divided into three sections. The walls stand up to 2.5m high. (ii) A second building, measuring 5m by 4m, has walls standing to 1.5m high. (iii) An L-shaped low stone wall or pathway extends from the S end of building (ii).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	521	2		Buaile Rainnis		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	87072	49346	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A natural inlet has two sections of drystone walling built along its shores to form a landing place or small harbour. One wall is 40m long; the other is 30m long.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	522	2		Buaile Rainnis		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	87224	49236	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
(i) The remains of rectangular building, measuring 5m by 4m, lie behind the coast edge. Only one wall remains standing (to 1m high). There is concrete floor on the interior. (ii) Nearby there is a slipway; this comprises of an 8m long wall built along one side of a narrow inlet and timber planking set into the ground beside it. (iii) A second inlet also has walling built along one shore to form a landing place. This wall or platform is 8m long, 2m wide and up to 2m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	523	2		Buaile Rainnis		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	87448	49096	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
(i) A rectangular structure (6m by 3m), possibly a shed, lies close to the coast edge. It includes concrete in its construction and appears to have been in use up to recent times. (ii) A wall built along the side of a natural inlet forms a landing place nearby. The wall is 10m long and has car tyres tied to outer face, indicating that it has been used in recent times.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	524	2		Rubha Liasain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	87776	49194	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
An 8m long section of rough walling built at the head of an inlet forms a landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	525	2		Rubha Liasain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	87683	49210	10m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A 30m long section of rough walling extends along the coast edge to one side of an inlet. It may form a landing place/harbour area.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	526	2		Rubha Liasain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	87564	49305	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Two parallel drystone walls line the sides of an inlet to form a landing place. One wall is 10m long and is revetted against the coast edge; the other is 9m long and projects into the intertidal zone.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	527	2		Loch Nigheadh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	87632	49641	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A drystone wall or platform, 8m long and 3.5m wide, has been constructed against one side of a sheltered inlet to form a landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	528	2		Rubha Liasain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	87634	49410	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A 6m long section of drystone walling constructed from large boulders forms landing place to the S side of a small inlet.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	529	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86671	50368	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
(i) An unroofed rectangular drystone structure, measuring 5m by 3.5m, lies close to the coast edge. (ii) Nearby, at the head of an inlet, a section of walling forms a landing place. This wall is 8m long, 1.5m wide and 1m high; it is partly revetted against the coast edge.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	530	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86600	50364	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A 6m section of walling extends between the mainland and a tidal island. It is 0.5m wide and stands to 1m high. It may represent a landing place or part of a land boundary.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	531	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83136	50926	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A 6m long section of rough walling extends from the shore into the intertidal zone, representing the seaward end of a fence line. It is 0.5m wide and is 1m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	532	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83340	50896	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Three sections of drystone walling (10m long, 6m long and 3m long, respectively) line the coast edge around a rocky inlet. Their purpose is uncertain: they may represent a land boundary or the remains of landing places.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	533	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83660	50939	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two walls which extend from the shore into the intertidal zone form the sides of a landing place. This is located within a natural inlet. One wall is 5m long and 0.7m wide, the other is some 2.5m long.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	534	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83430	50903	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Three sections of drystone walling (30m long, 8m long and 7m long, respectively) line the coast edge around a rocky inlet. Their purpose is uncertain: they may represent a stock proof boundary or the remains of landing places.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	535	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83836	50890				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary wall				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A rough drystone wall extends inland from the shore, forming a field boundary. It is 0.6m wide and is 1.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	536	1		Bagh Shiurabagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83990	50890	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Two sections of rough walling built to either side of an inlet form a landing place. One wall is 12m long and 0.5m wide; the other is 4m long and 1m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	537	1		Bagh Shiurabagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84029	50879	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Two walls built at the mouth of a natural inlet form a landing place for boats. One wall is 30m long, 0.4m wide and 1m high; it incorporates boulders within its construction. The other wall is 3m long and survives as a single line of large boulders.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	538	1		Bagh Shiurabagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84140	50840	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Two drystone walls have been constructed at the head of a natural inlet to form two landing places for boats. One wall is 5.5m long, the other is 1.5m long.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	539	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84429	50585	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and walling				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
(i) An inlet has two sections of drystone walling built across its width, probably to form a landing place for boats. Each wall is 3m long. (ii) Three or more sections of rough walling extend along the coast edge nearby, representing either further landing places or, alternatively, land boundaries.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	540	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84497	50445	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and walling				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A series of drystone walls form two or more landing places along the coast edge; interspersed with these are walls representing the seaward ends of fence lines.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	541	1		Oban nan Forsanan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84830	50283	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	poor	nil	nil	
Description						
A section of rough walling built on one side of an inlet forms a landing place. The wall is 7m long and 0.7m wide and stands 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	542	1		Oban nan Forsanan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84839	50174	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A curving section of rough walling situated within a natural inlet forms a landing place. The wall is 4.5m long and stands 0.4m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	543	1	NF85SW 19	Oban nan Forsanan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84925	50092	5m			2567
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Structural remains have been recorded in this area previously (GUARD 2006, site 191). Fieldwork indicates the following information: (i) A rectangular stone building, measuring 6m by 3m, lies some 50m behind the coast edge. The walls stand up to 1.5m high. It has a single doorway. The interior is filled with rubble. (ii) On the adjacent coast edge, two parallel sections of drystone walling for a landing place some 10m long. (iii) Nearby, a further, fragmentary, wall forms a second probable landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	544	1		Strom Yeoratan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85734	49947	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A ruinous wall, broken into three sections, extends across one side of an inlet: its function is uncertain, it may represent either a landing place or part of a land boundary. Overall, it measures 8m in length and stands up to 0.4m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	545	1		Strom Yeoratan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86356	49722	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Two stone walls extend out into the tidal zone from the shore to form landing places. Both wall are 6m long, one is 2m wide and 1.2m high, the other is 0.5m wide and 1.2m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	546	1		Oban dun Saibh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86498	49766	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
A 1.5m long section of wall extending from the shore into the intertidal represents the seaward end of a fence line.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	547	1		opp Fuidhaigh Beag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85747	52996	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
A settlement, comprising of a house, outbuilding an a landing place, extends around a series of small inlets. (i) The house is ruinous and has been modified for use as a sheep dip in the past. It is 11m long and 4m wide. (ii) On an adjacent promontory, a shed measuring 7m by 4m has concrete door lintels. (iii) An 8m long section of drystone walling, built against the side of an inlet, forms landing place nearby.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	548	1		opp Fuidhaigh Beag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85843	52750	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A 15m long wall extends across the width of a small inlet, probably forming a landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	549	1		opp Fuidhaigh Beag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86002	52590	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	poor	nil	nil	
Description						
A curving section of drystone wall may be part of an enclosure, land boundary or may be the remains of a landing place. Overall, it is 7m long and 1m wide and stands to 0.8m high. It is situated at the bottom of a valley, close to an inlet.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	550	1		opp Fuidhaigh Beag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85903	52419	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	poor	nil	nil	
Description						
Two sections of free standing drystone walling, situated to either side of a narrow inlet, form a landing place for boats. Both walls are 0.5m wide, up to 0.5m high and consist of large, uncoursed boulders. One is 8m long, the other is 10m long.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	551	1		Bagh Niabhag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85242	52988	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
Two adjoining drystone walls form a landing place for boats. Both walls are 1m wide. One is 15m long and stands to 2.2m high; the other is 7m and 0.6m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	552	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85951	51798	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A fragmentary stone wall, extending across the head of an inlet, probably represents a landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	553	1	NF84NE 1	Oban dun Saibh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8638	4978				993
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Natural feature				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
?	?	?	?	nil		
Description						
A natural feature has been previously recorded at this location: no information is available and nothing was noted during this survey (GUARD 2006, site 194).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	554	2	NF84NE 8	Creagastrom		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8580	4766				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Pier				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
A modern pier, associated with a fish farm, has been recorded previously (GUARD 2006, site 204). It was no re-examined during this survey.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	555	2	NF84NE 5	Carnan-Ard-Wiay		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8520	4690				2821
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Township				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<100m	n	?	nil	nil		
Description						
A township has been previously located in this area (GUARD 2006, site 208). It is located at least 80m behind the coast edge and was not inspected during this survey. It may be associated with sites BB504, 505 and 506.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	556	3	NF84NW 16	Hacklet, 1 Aird Cumhang		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8319	4789		listed: B		11947
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
House				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<50m	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
An inhabited Skye-type traditional 1 storey cottage is listed B. It has a thatched roof and is of late 19th/early 20th C date (GUARD 2006, site 201).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	557	3	NF84NW 7	Kilerivagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8190	4860				2794
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
House				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<50m	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
An farmstead has been previously recorded (GUARD 2006, site 196). It lies on the landward side of a public road and is associated with an occupied house. It was not inspected during this survey.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	600	2		Buaille Rairnis		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86626	49281				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosure and landing place				Agri/ past, maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
(i) A drystone walled enclosure, measuring 6m by 5m, has walls standing to 1m high. It is now overgrown and no longer in use. It may be associated with a settlement located further inland. (ii) A fragmentary section of revetted walling built against the coast edge probably represents the remains of a landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	601	2		Loch Chearabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	87051	48170	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Upright stone				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<40m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A triangular stone block stands upright on the side of a hill overlooking a sea loch. It is 1.2m high; at its base it measures 1m by 0.75m, tapering upwards to a point. There are smaller chocking stones set around its base, indicating that it has been deliberately set in position. It is pale grey in colour and set against the dark green vegetation in the background, would be visible from afar. It may be a sea marker, although there is no indication as to its age or origins.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	602	2		Loch Chearabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86752	48180	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Land boundary				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	

Description  
A natural ridge has been augmented with walling to form a barrier across a promontory (this has subsequently been replaced by a fence). The walling is not continuous but occurs in short, roughly built sections, standing up to 1.75m high.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	603	2		Loch Chearabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86460	48128	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	

Description  
A fragment of walling, running along one side of a natural inlet, represents part of a landing place. It is 3m long and 1m wide and is faced with larger stones to its seaward side. A ruinous blackhouse lies inland.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	604	2	NF84NE 4	Creaga Strom		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86020	48205	6m			2819
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places, boundaries and cultivation remains				Agri/ past, maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	

Description  
A range of features situated within the coastal zone are likely to be associated with a known township lying inland (GUARD 2006, site 198). Fieldwork indicates that the following elements are visible on the ground: (i) ruinous enclosures with walls reduced to 0.5m or less, situated over 50m inland; (ii) a 12m long fragment of walling extending along the coast edge, probably forms part of a boundary; (iii) at NF 86109 48138 a horse-shoe shape wall curves around the head of an inlet forming a landing place; (iv) a 38m long wall at NF 86079 48078 follows the coastline, possibly forming a harbour area; (v) a formerly cultivated area, covering some 50m by 30m, lies some 10m to the N of (iv); (vi) at NF 86060 48088 a turf bank running at right angles to the coast can be traced for 50m+ inland. It is 1m wide and 0.75m high; (vii) at NF 85989 48086 a landing place survives as a spread of stone strewn about at the head of an inlet; (viii) formerly cultivated ground, covering an area of some 60m by 80m, lies between (vi) and (vii) and extends down to the coast edge.



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	605	2		Creaga Strom		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85797	48092	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Three rectangular buildings, possibly comprising of a house and sheds, are arranged around a narrow inlet. (i) The largest building, possibly a house, survives as a roofless ruin. It measures 8m by 5m; the walls stand up to 1.75m high. (ii) Nearby, a shed measuring 5m by 5m has walls standing to 1.3m high. (iii) A second probable shed, measuring 15m by 6m, lies on the opposite side of the inlet. The walls stand to 1.75m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	606	2		Creaga Strom		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85762	47884	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains and walling				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
There are frequent old cultivations in this area although most lie outwith the survey area. Most cover areas of approximately 50m by 50m and occupy sloping hillsides. At NF 85762 47884 former cultivations extend over a 20m by 30m area, lying within 40m of the coast edge. (ii) A 4m long section of walling at the coast edge adjacent to (i) may be the remains of a landing place or, alternatively, of a land boundary.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	607	2		opp Eileanan Chearabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85791	47863	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Fragments of rough walling line the head of a natural inlet, marking the location of a former landing place. The walls stand up to 1.6m high and extend for an overall length of 15m+.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	608	2		opp Eileanan Chearabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85697	47721	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<20m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Several very overgrown areas of former cultivation are scattered around this central location. They are now difficult to discern and extend inland for over 50m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	609	2		opp Eileanan Chearabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85522	47735	9m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Two landing places are indicated by walling set into natural inlets. The first landing place has a 6m long wall built against the rocky shoreline. This is reduced to 0.5m or so in height. The second landing place comprises of two parallel walls lining an inlet to form a 5m long and 1.5m wide berth.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	610	2		opp Eileanan Chearabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85500	47719	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosures and cultivation remains				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
(i) A rectangular drystone walled enclosure, measuring 17m by 20m, contains traces of former cultivation. The walls are now reduced to 0.9m or less in height. It has an entrance on the W side. To the W side there are also traces of structural remains, although these are so ill-defined that it is no longer possible to determine what they may represent. (ii) To the W side of the enclosure, traces of a curvilinear wall may be the remains of a small associated structure. (iii) Some 20m to the W of the enclosure, a wall standing to 0.5m high extends for some 17m at right angles to the coast edge. (iv) At NF 8541047755 (accuracy 7m) there are traces of two areas of cultivation remains, measuring some 30m by 40m. From here, cultivation, in small plots, extends up to the public road.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	611	2	NF84NW 9	Bualairach		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8464	4793				2820
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A 6m long section of drystone walling on the HWM represents the remains of a landing place for boats. It may be associated with a previously recorded township located further inland (GUARD 2006, site 200).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	612	3		Rubha Dubh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82313	48358	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and cultivation remains				Agri/ past, maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
(i) A landing place has been created through the construction of a rough wall along the shoe of a natural inlet. The wall stands up to 1m high and is 0.9m wide. (ii) An area of formerly cultivated ground covers an area of some 30m by 40m. There are also other cultivation remains present within the wider hinterland.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	613	3		Cill Eireabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81618	48618	9m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and noosts				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A landing place and two boat noosts have been created through the construction of lengths of drystone walling. The landing place comprises of a 7m long section of mortared wall which projects out into the intertidal zone; a metal ring for tying a boat up to is set into its end. The noosts lie to either side of this wall. One measures 8m in length by 5m in width; the other is lies well- defined, measuring some 5m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	614	3		Cill Eireabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81752	48559	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Two parallel walls, extending out from the coast edge form a landing place or boat noost. This is 7m long and 3m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	615	3		Cill Eireabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81805	48542	2m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<40m		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
(i) A rectangular drystone building with a corrugated tin roof may once have served as a house but is now in use as a shed. It measures 6m by 12m. (ii) The footings of a small rectangular shed, measuring 2m by 5m, are located some 15m from the coast edge. The walls of this building are reduced to 0.5m or less in height.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	616	1	NF84NE 2	Uisgeabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86740	49896	5m			2796
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<50m		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A settlement, comprising of a house, landing places, enclosures, boundaries and cultivation remains extend along the coast edge. It lies in the area occupied by a previously recorded township (GUARD 2006, site 193). The following information was recorded during fieldwork: (i) The house retains its roof but appears to have been abandoned. It stands to 1 story with an attic and measures 12m by by 6m. The exterior walls are rendered. (ii) Two landing places stand close to the house. One comprises of an area of set stone, possibly forming a rough slipway; the other comprises of lengths of rough walling lining a small U-shaped cove. (iii) The house is surrounded by the remains of enclosures and boundary walls. (iv) Traces of cultivation remains, now overgrown, can be seen surrounding the house.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	617	1		Strom Yeoratan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8620	5000				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Two sections of drystone walling extend from the land into the intertidal zone: they are thought to represent the seaward end of former field or land boundaries. One is 50m long and stands to 1.2m high; the other is 15m long and 1m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	618	1		Strom Eoratan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85850	50342	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling and possible clearance cairn				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
(i) At NF 85850 50342 a length of rough drystone walling extends along the coast edge for some 25m. It stands up to 1.25m high and may represent part of a stock barrier. (ii) At NF 85869 50346 (accuracy 5m) a small heap of loose and earthfast stones may represent a clearance cairn. The cairn measures 1m in diameter.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	619	1		Oban nan Forsanan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85632	50311	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains and clearance cairn				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<30m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
(i) At NF 85632 50311 traces of extensive former cultivations cover an area measuring at least 100m by 100m. Further old cultivations extend away to the north of this area. (ii) At NF 85489 50401 (accuracy 6m) a rectangular spread of loose and earthfast stones, probably representing a clearance cairn, covers an area measuring 2m by 1m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	620	1		Oban nan Forsanan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85460	50406	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A 5m long rough wall, revetted against the side of a small inlet, forms a landing place. The wall stands up to 0.5m high and is 1m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	621	1		Oban nan Forsanan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85336	50693	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and pier				Agri/ past, maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
(i) The footings of a rectangular building stand behind the coast edge. The building measures 10m by 5m and is aligned E-W. The walls are reduced to 0.3m or less in height. (ii) On the coast in front of (i), the remains of a pier comprise of a broad wall formed from a core of small rubble faced to either side by boulders. This measures some 8m in length and is 3.5m wide; it stands to 0.5m high. It is accompanied by a breakwater of rough boulders which extends from the end of the pier outwards into the sea for some 15m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	622	1		opposite Orasaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	86560	50397	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<50m	n	fair	nil		nil	

#### Description

A complex of four buildings, a landing place and enclosures are ranged around a small inlet. (i) A habitable but unoccupied house, with a tin roof, lies some 25m behind the coast edge. It measures some 12m by 8m and has an extension built onto the front facade. (ii) Nearby, the footings of a small building (5m by 3m) has walls surviving up to 0.5m high. (iii) W landing place, comprising of a 20m long revetted drystone wall, has been built on the coast edge in front of (i). (iv) An 8m long section of rough walling which projects into the sea from the side of a small inlet forms a landing place or noost. (v) The foundations of a small building (5m by 5m) has walls reduced to 0.5m. It lies at NF 86517 50347 (accuracy 5m), some 15m behind the coast edge. (vi) A ruinous building, latterly used as a sheep enclosure, is located at NF 86523 50319 (accuracy 5m) measures 15m by 6m. (vii) Nearby, an enclosure, measuring 6m by 8m, has walls reduced to less than 1m in height.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	623	1	NF85SW 31	Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83074	50981	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosures				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<20m	n	fair	nil		nil	

#### Description

Three rectangular drystone walled enclosures lies at the head of an inlet. They have been previously recorded as 'buildings' (GUARD 2006, site 187). Fieldwork indicates the following: (i) One measures 5m by 6m and has rounded external corners. (ii) Another measures 14m by 5m and has walls 1m wide and up to 2m high. (iii) The third enclosure measures 6m by 7m; the walls are reduced in places to 1.5m or less in height.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	624	1		Bagh Shiurabagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83147	51017	3m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and walling				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
One or more landing places are indicated on the coast edge by fragments of drystone walling. Nearby, further fragments of walling in the intertidal zone may represent either landing places or partly submerged field boundaries. (i) A 6m long revetted drystone wall built parallel to the coast edge forms a landing place. It is 2m wide and stands to 1.3m high. (ii) At NF 83175 51065 (accuracy 3m) a wall crosses the head of an inlet and may represent the remains of a landing place. It is 9m long, 2m wide and up to 1m high. Alternatively, it may represent the seaward end of a former fence line. (iii) At NF 83220 51028 (accuracy 7m) a three- sided enclosure located in the intertidal zone may represent a landing place, a fish trap or the seaward end of a former fence line.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	625	1		Bagh Shiurabagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83271	51026	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A 10m long revetted wall, built against the side of a small inlet, forms a landing place. The wall stands is 2m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	626	1		Bagh Shiurabagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83445	51046	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<20m	n	poor	nil		nil	
Description						
Traces of formerly cultivated ground cover an area measuring 50m by 70m on the sloping side of an inlet.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	627	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83724	51072	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Two rough stone walls, set against the sides of a small inlet, form a landing place 25m in length. The central area between the walls has been cleared of stone.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	628	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83990	51052	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains and clearance cairn				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<20m		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A small headland has locally greener vegetation, suggesting that it was cultivated at some time in the past, although no cultivation remains are now visible. At the center of this area, two small stony heaps, comprising of loose and earthfast stones are likely to represent clearance cairns. They each measure 1.5m in diameter and 0.3m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	629	1		Bagh Shiurabhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83932	51154	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<20m		n	poor	nil	nil	
Description						
A 10m long section of ruinous drystone walling extends across the head of an inlet. It is 0.75m wide and it stands to 0.5m high. It is unclear if it represents a landing place, field boundary or even, possibly, a fish trap.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	630	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83976	51337	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<20m	n	poor	nil		nil	
Description						
A 15m long section of ruinous drystone walling extends from the rocky shoreline into the intertidal zone. It stands up to 1.5m high. It is unclear if it represents a landing place or the seaward end of a field boundary.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	631	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83806	51588	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Bridge				Industrial	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A drystone bridge crosses a watercourse at the head of an inlet. It is supported on a central stone pier. It measures 2m in length by 1.5m wide and stands up to 1m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	632	1	NF85SW 10	Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83727	51744	4m			1035
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains: sheiling huts				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<30m	n	poor	nil		nil	
Description						
The remains of four small structures lie close together behind the coast edge. They have been recorded previously as sheiling huts (see GUARD 2006, site 183). Fieldwork indicates the following: (i) A spread of earthfast stones covering an area some 5m by 3m may represent the remains of a former structure or a cairn. (ii) At NF 83665 51788 (accuracy 5m) the footings of a rectangular building measure some 4m by 4m. A 2m wide extension has been added to one end. The walls stand to 1.3m high and it has an entrance on the E side. (iii) At NF 83613 51804 (5m accuracy) the footings of a structure measure 6m by 4m. The walls stand to 1m high; the entrance faces N. (iv) At NF 83614 51809 (accuracy 3m) a 3m by 2m structure is indicated by footings which stand up to 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	633	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83630	51912	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A 15m long section of drystone walling extends along the side of an inlet. It is 0.5m wide and stands to 0.75m high. It may represent the seaward end of a field boundary.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	634	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83625	51994	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<30m	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A short stretch of walling stands where there was formerly a building depicted on the OS map. This is situated in deep heather. It measures 3m long by 1m wide and stands to 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	635	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84054	51887	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosures				Agri/ past	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two curvilinear drystone walled enclosures lie behind the coast edge. (i) An oval enclosure, defined by occasional earthfast boulders, measures 5m by 6m. (ii) A second enclosure is situated close to the end of a promontory. Defined by earthfast and loose stones, the very ruinous walls stand up to 0.5m high. It measures some 8m by 5m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	636	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84146	52183	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two 15m long drystone walls line the sides of a natural inlet to form a landing place. The area between the walls has been cleared of stone.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	637	1	NF85SW 15	Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84331	52437	10m			2564
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Settlement remains, comprising of a house, outbuildings, enclosures, landing places, cultivation remains and boundary walls, are located between the coast edge and a loch. A township has been recorded previously in this area (GUARD, 2006, site 179). Fieldwork recorded the following: (i)- (iii): At NF 84266 52388 (7m accuracy) a complex comprises of the footings of two rectangular outbuildings, built over the remains of an earlier structure. (i) The earliest of these buildings measures some 12m by 6m; it has walls up to 1.5m wide. (ii) One of the later buildings measures 5m by 4m. The walls stand to 1.75m high and there is an entrance to the E side. (iii) The other of the later buildings measures 4m by 4.5m. The walls stand to 1.6m high and there is a door to the W. (iv) Along the coast edge of the inlet, there are at least three landing places. These are indicated by walls and platforms built out from the coast edge. (v) To the E side of the inlet, occasional traces of former cultivated areas can be seen where the dense heather vegetation has been cleared through recent burning. There are also traces of enclosure walls and field boundaries here. (vi) At NF 84331 52437 (10m accuracy) a 1 and a half story house, now derelict, measures 6m by 12m. It lies some 15m from the coast. (vii) At NF 84383 52311 (accuracy 9m) a shed, measuring 9m by 5m, has walls standing to 1.5m high. (viii) At NF 84368 52344 (7m accuracy) two conjoined sheds have walls standing to 1.75m high. One building measures 5m by 4m; the other measures 2m by 4m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	638	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84412	52246	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A 10m long section of walling is revetted against the coast edge to form a landing place. It is between 1m and 1.5m wide and stands to 1.2m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	639	1	NF85SW 28	Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84567	52122	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains, bridge, walling				Agri/ past, industrial	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
(i) The footings of a small building (8m by 4m), probably representing a shed, stand in dense heather behind the coast edge. The walls stand no more than 0.3m high. (ii) A drystone bridge crosses the outflow from a loch. This has been recorded previously (GUARD 2006, site 181). Fieldwork indicates that it measures 2m long and 1.2m wide. (iii) A 10m long section of walling forms a barrier on the W side of a loch and may represent the seaward end of a former fence line. It stands up to 1m high and has a doorway at its W end.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	640	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84637	51973	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and landing place				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<80m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Structural remains, possibly representing a former settlement, are located on elevated ground above the coast edge. (i) A hut or house is represented by a 2.2m high gable end wall with a chimney; the rest of the building has walls reduced to less than 1m in height. The lack of strewn rubble suggests that the structure may have been mainly made of a material other than stone. (ii) To the N of (i), a small structure (4m by 4m) is indicated by footings which stand to 1m in height. (iii) On the coast nearby, at NF 84688 51956 (8m accuracy), fragments of walling represent the remains of a landing place.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	641	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84675	51952	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<20m	n	poor	nil		nil	
Description						
A dump of stone covers a 15m by 10m area and may indicate the location of a former structure, now demolished.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	642	1		Loch Uisgebhagh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84746	51839	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A 3m long by 1.6m wide wall has been built out from the side of a small inlet to form a landing place. Stone has been cleared away from one side to form a slipway.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	643	1		Bagh Scaraloid		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84911	51726	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/ past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<20m	n	poor	nil		nil	
Description						
A formerly cultivated area extends for some 100m by 50m behind the coast edge. The area is now very overgrown with bracken, but nonetheless, traces of rig and furrow can be seen.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	644	1		Bagh Scaraloid		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85026	51855	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Pier and enclosures				Maritime, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		

Description

(i) A substantial stone built pier, no longer in use, survives in a dilapidated condition. It is 25m long, 10m wide and stands up to 2.5m high. It is shown on the OS map. (ii) A drystone walled enclosure, measuring 30m by 20m, has walls standing to 2m high. It is located immediately behind the pier and is also shown on the OS map. (iii) The footings of a third structure, possibly also an enclosure, stand less than 1m high. This structure measures 8m by 5m and is located to the N side of (ii).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	645	1		Bagh Niabhag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84974	52465	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and landing place				Maritime, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		

Description

The footings of two rectangular buildings or enclosures lie behind the coast edge. The walls stand to 1.5m at maximum and are very overgrown. (i) One structure, measuring 7m by 11m, is sited at the head of a bay. (ii) The other structure stands on a small headland and measures 6m by 10m; there is a tree growing from it. (iii) Short lengths of walling on and near the intertidal zone in this area probably represent the remains of landing places.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	646	1		Bagh Niabhag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85195	52566	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and walling				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		

Description

A group of earthfast stones may represent structural remains; they cover a 5m by 5m area and are located on a heathery slope some 10m from the coast edge. (ii) A wall running from the coast edge into the intertidal zone may represent the seaward end of a former fence line. The wall is 12m long and stands up to 1.75m high.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	647	1		Bagh Niabhag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85314	52567	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
The remains of a short wall (5m long by 1.5m wide) is situated on the coast edge and forms a landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	648	1		Bagh Niabhag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85272	52720	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains and landing place				Agri/ past, maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<30m		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
(i) The footings of a rectangular structure with rounded ends stand on elevated ground above a tidal loch. They define an area measuring 9m by 5m; the walls survive to 1.3m in height. (ii) At NF 85279 52728 (6m accuracy) the ruins of two conjoined rectangular buildings together measure some 12m long by 5m wide. The southernmost unit may be of earlier date. (iii) Fragmentary walls situated nearby on the coast may represent the remains of a landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	649	1	NF85SE 7	Bagh Niabhag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85301	52770	5m			1033
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Possible structural remains				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<40m		n	poor	nil	nil	
Description						
A cairn has been previously recorded in this area (see GUARD 2006, site 178). Fieldwork indicates the presence of a pile of loose and earthfast stones, engulfed by heather vegetation, on a rise some 30m from the coast edge. It may either represent a collapsed or demolished structure or possibly, a cairn.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
BB	650	1		Bagh Niabhag		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85251	53004	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Wall				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A length of drystone walling built between two outcrops of rock on the coast edge may be the remains of a stock barrier. It measures 10m long and stands to 1.3m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	500	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78801	28263	15m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
A slipway and boat shed, located on a small inlet, are in current use. The slipway has a concrete surface, is c.14m long and appears to incorporate earlier structural elements. The boat shed has drystone walls with concrete lintels and measures c.10m by 6m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	501	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78706	28231	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
Three slipways and a modern boat shed surround a small harbour. The slipways each measure 20m+ in length. The harbour is faced with a revetted wall, forming a 42m wharf.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	502	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78489	28155	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Probable landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	y	fair	wave action	nil		
Description						
Five or more sections of low drystone walling are located within the intertidal zone, extending over an area measuring some 30m by 20m. It is probable that they originally formed a single wall used as a landing place for boats. The walling is slowly degrading due to wave action.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	503	3	NF72 NE 12	Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78036	28459	6m			2707
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A small harbour (c.40m across by 50m deep) is surrounded by two slipways, a smaller harbour and a modern pier. The pier has a concrete surface and is 13m long. These remains are located in the vicinity of a previously recorded township, the rest of which lies inland (GUARD, 2006, site 311).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	504	3	NF72 NE 12	Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77978	28504	6m			2707
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<10m		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
An abandoned and roofless house is situated on a rocky promontory to the west of a harbour complex (see SU503). It measures 5m by 8m; the walls stand to 1.75m and are 0.8m thick. On the coast edge in front of the house there is a 40m long slipway and a small natural harbour, equipped with a small drystone pier and a possible boat noost. e remains are located in the vicinity of a previously recorded township, the rest of which lies inland (GUARD, 2006, site 311).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	505	3	NF72 NE 12	Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78000	28652	12m			2707
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<50m		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A roofed but semi-derelict house stands some 40m behind the coast edge. It measures some 12m by 7m, with two small extensions added to the side and front (seaward) facades. It is roofed with asbestos sheeting and the walls are rough harled. The lack of gables, thickness of the walls and their pronounced batter suggests that this is a part-refurbished blackhouse. It is located in the vicinity of a previously recorded township, the rest of which lies inland (GUARD, 2006, site 311).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	506	3	NF72 NE 12	Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77962	28656	7m			2707
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Harbour, boat shed and landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
An L-shaped section of rubble walling extends into the intertidal zone for 30m, forming a small harbour. The wall is c.1m wide and 0.6m high. Nearby, a slipway has been cleared between the rocks of the intertidal zone. The footings of a probable boat shed (15m by 4) stands at its landward end. These structures lie to the east of a house (see SU505) and are likely to be associated. They are located in the vicinity of a previously recorded township, the remainder of which lies further inland GUARD, 2006, site 311).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	507	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77756	29182				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Shed				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<30m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A roughly built structure, incorporating a large boulder, is located on grassland some 25m behind the coast edge. It measures c.4m by 4m; the walls are 0.5m thick. No windows or internal features are present, suggesting that it may have been used as a storage shed, possibly associated with farming activity.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	508	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77743	29225	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary wall				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A 10m long section of rough drystone walling extends inland from the coast edge. It is c.0.5m wide and probably represents the seaward end of a field boundary.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	509	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77716	29288	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structure				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
10m	n	fair	nil		nil	

Description

An L-shaped structure is located on a small headland. It measures 5m N-S by 6m E-W. The walls, which incorporate large boulders, are 0.5m thick and survive up to 0.5m high. It may represent a storage shed associated with agricultural activity.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	510	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77705	29362	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary wall				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	

Description

A section of rough drystone walling extends intermittently along the coast edge for some 100m. It incorporates natural rock outcrop in places.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	511	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77326	29415	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary wall				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	

Description

A section of rough drystone walling extends intermittently along the coast edge within a small inlet for some 35m. It is 0.5m wide and stands between 0.2m and 0.5m high.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	512	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77675	28998	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A 10m long L-shaped section of drystone walling, standing to 0.5m high and measuring 4m wide forms a small landing place. It is located close to a causeway and is likely to pre-date it.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	513	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77495	28939	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A 50m long slipway has been cleared through the center of a small inlet facing out to Eilean Calbhaigh. It is c.3m wide. A 5m long section of drystone wall, probably used as a mooring place is located on the south side of the slipway. This is 0.5m wide and stands to 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	514	3		Taobh a Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77443	28955	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structure and landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
The footings of a rectilinear stone structure are located some 5m from the coast edge. Only three walls survive and these stand no more than 1m high and are overgrown with vegetation. A slipway, bordered by a rough stone wall, lies adjacent on the coast edge. The slipways c.10m long and 4m wide; the wall survives to 9m in length, is 0.5m high and is 1m wide. It is probable that these remains represent a landing place and store; it may be associated with a township located inland (GUARD 2006, site 308).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	515	3		Taobh a Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77219	29063	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A slipway, bordered by rough stone walls, extends into the intertidal zone for 12m. It is 3m wide. The walls stand up to 1m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	516	3		Taobh a Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77122	29142	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structure				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
50m		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
The ruins of a rectilinear stone structure, possibly a shed, are set into a slope some 50m from the coast edge. It is surrounded by large boulders. It measures 4.5m by 3m and has a single door and a window. The walls are 1m thick and stand up to 1.3m high. A rough stone boundary wall extends for some 40m along the coast edge in front of the structure.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	517	3		Taobh a Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77011	29155	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A mooring place/boat noost, bordered to its seaward side by a wall, occupies the side of a small inlet. The wall extends for some 18m; it is up to 1.5m high and 1m thick. The mooring place/boat noost is between 2m and 3m in width.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	518	3		Taobh a Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	76978	29167	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A slipway/boat noost is bordered by a rough stone wall. The wall is 8m long, 0.6m wide and up to 1m high; it incorporates natural boulders. The slipway/noost is c. 2m wide and backs onto a sloping coast edge.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	519	3		Taobh a Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	76891	29256	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A U-shaped inlet has had revetted stone walls built against its sides to form a small landing place or harbour. The walls are c.12m long, 0.3m wide and stand up to 1m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	520	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81979	44131	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<20m		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A ruinous house is located on a small promontory some 10m from the coast edge. It measures 5m by 15m; the walls are 0.5m wide and 0.5m high. It is internally divided into two chambers. The footings of an associated garden/enclosure wall are located in front of the house.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	521	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81971	44029	10m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
50m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Cultivation remains extend over an area measuring c.100m by 100m on sloping ground. The rigs, which are now overgrown, lie c.1m apart. Two probable clearance cairns lie amongst the rigs.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	522	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81780	44124	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary bank				Agri/past	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
An earthen bank runs uphill from the sea and is intermittently visible for over 60m. It is 1m wide and stands up to 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	523	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81808	43918	10m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic/Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
The footings of a probable blackhouse measure 10m by 4m; the walls stand up to 2m high and are 1m wide. A smaller outbuilding stands adjacent. Both buildings are enclosed by a low wall to the front. The buildings face onto a small inlet; this is surrounded by low stone walls. A cleared area to the center of the inlet suggests that it was used as a slipway for boats. Nearby, the footings of a turf and stone bank enclose an area measuring 33m by 14m; the bank stands no more than 0.5m high and is 0.6m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	524	1	NF84SW 5	Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81589	44066	6m			2770
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
50m	n	poor	nil	nil		

**Description**  
The remains of a structure are indicated by walling and a heap of loose stone. The surviving walls cover an area measuring 3m by 8m and stand up to 1m; the rubble, which is mainly contained by the walls, stands up to 2m high. These remains are located in the vicinity of a township (GUARD, 2006, site 225).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	525	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81317	4438	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
20m	n	poor	nil	nil		

**Description**  
The footings of a possible house are situated behind a small inlet, close to a watercourse. It measures 8m by 4m; the drystone walls stand to 0.8m in height and are 1m thick.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	526	1		Rubha Strombrat		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81649	43768	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Mound				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
15m	n	fair	nil	nil		

**Description**  
A stony mound is situated on a promontory. It measures 2.5m in diameter and stands up to 0.4m high. It may be a clearance cairn.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	527	1		Rubha Strombrat		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81349	43831	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
The grass-covered footings of a rectilinear structure lie some 2m from the coast edge. It measures 4m by 7m, with walls 0.8m wide standing up to 0.4m high. There are apertures in the E and W end walls. Two low walls stand inside the building, forming an enclosure some 2m by 4m; a further section of walling, 4m in length, extends from the external NE corner. The internal enclosure and aperture arrangements may indicate the use of this building as a sheep pen, possibly with a dipping tank.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	528	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81099	43912	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
The footings of a probable blackhouse stand on a small promontory, some 2m from the coast edge. The building measures 6m by 4m; the walls are double faced and measure 1m in width, standing to no more than 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	529	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81028	43939	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary bank				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
An L-shaped section of earthen bank survives close to the coast edge. It extends for 8m by 4m; it is 0.8m wide and stands to 0.5m high. It may be the remains of a field boundary or small enclosure.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	530	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	809	439				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement: houses and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	good	nil		nil	

#### Description

At NF 80993 43957 (5m accuracy) the footings of a probable blackhouse measure 5m by 10m. The walls are 1m wide and survive to a height of 1.5m. The external corners are rounded. A second probable blackhouse is located at NF 80961 43966 (5m accuracy. this also has rounded corners and measures 7m by 4m. The walls are 0.8m wide and stand to 1.75m high. A landing place, comprising of a revetted wall built along the coast edge and an adjacent cleared slipway in the intertidal zone stands between the houses. The wall is 12m long and 1.75m high; the slipway is up to 3m wide.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	531	1	NF84SW 4	Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	810	438				2768
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement: houses and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	good	nil		nil	

#### Description

Four structures, probably representing 2 houses and two outbuildings, together with a landing place, are clustered along the coast edge. These remains are located in the vicinity of a township (GUARD, 2006, site 229). The following information was recorded during fieldwork: (i) At NF 81008 43864 (5m accuracy) the footings of a probable blackhouse measure 11m by 5m. Two windows, flanking a central door face inland. (ii) Nearby at NF 81022 43870 (5m accuracy) a second probable blackhouse measures 12m by 5m. The walls of both buildings have rounded corners, stand to 2m and are 0.8m wide. (iii) & (iv) The outbuildings are situated to the E and W of the houses: the E building measures 3m by 4m while the W building is 6m by 4m and is internally divided into two chambers. (v) A landing place occupies a natural inlet and is defined by a length of revetted walling; this is 30m long.



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	532	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81092	43837	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosure				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Three sides of a ruinous drystone enclosure stand 3m from the coast edge. It is sub rectilinear in form: the surviving portion measures 9m by 7m. The wall is of rough construction, is 1m wide and stands up to 1m high. It is located in the vicinity of a township (GUARD, 2006, site 229).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	533	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81597	43623	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
Two drystone walls frame a landing place. One wall, measuring 20m in length, is free standing and projects into the sea forming a breakwater. The other wall, some 15m in length, is revetted against the coast edge and forms a low wharf.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	534	1		Loch a Charnain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	817	435				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
Three buildings, comprising of two probable blackhouses (1 of which is occupied) and an outbuilding lie within 5m of the coast edge. The occupied house (NF 81656 43575, 6m accuracy) measures some 7m by 5m. It faces onto the sea and has a central doorway, flanked by two windows. The second house (NF 81728 43533, 6m accuracy) is unroofed and measures 7m by 5m. The walls are 1m wide and stand to 2m high. The external corners are rounded. It has a central doorway, flanked by two windows. The third building, probably a shed or byre, measures 9m by 5m and stands close to the unoccupied house. The walls are 0.8m thick and survive to 0.5m high. It has a single doorway and no windows.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	535	1		Ob a' Chlachain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81897	43502	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A natural inlet has revetted walling built along its outer sides to form a small harbour. One wall is 12m long, 1.75m wide and 2m high; the other is 8m long, 0.5m wide and 1m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	536	1		Ob a' Chlachain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82020	43498	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and shed				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A landing place occupies a small inlet and has a wall built to its seaward side. This measures 5m long, is 0.8m high and 0.5m wide. Nearby, the footings of a probable shed are situated 2m behind the coast edge. This structure measures 4m by 4m; the walls are 0.6m wide and survive up to 1m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	537	1		Ob a' Chlachain		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	824	433	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places and sheds				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
Two landing places and three drystone structures are clustered along the coast edge. To the E of the area a landing place (NF 82427 43355, 7m accuracy) is bounded to either side by two walls which project into the sea on the side of a small inlet. On an adjacent promontory there are two small buildings. One measures 3m by 3m, has a single aperture and walls which survive to 0.3m high. The second structure is formed from a section of walling built out from natural outcrop to for a three-sided rough shelter. The third structure (NF 82466 43368, 6m accuracy) lies to the W side of the promontory and measures 4m by 6m. The walls survive to 1.5m high. A second landing place is located on the coast edge nearby. This is defined by a section of walling which projects into the sea for 10m to form a small pier.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	538	1		Tholmair		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83323	42383	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
A natural inlet has revetted walling built along its S side to form a landing place. The walling forms a right-angled wharf, measuring 15m by 6m and standing to 1m in height. It is likely that this walling is the same as that noted previously on an AP and interpreted as a possible enclosure (GUARD 2006, site 237).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	539	1		Tholmair		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83524	42220	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
A natural inlet has two sections of walling built to form a landing place. This lies in the shelter of a rocky outcrop.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	540	2		Creag a Chuilbh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84188	41464	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement: houses and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
Three structures and a landing place are situated in a small valley at the head of a sheltered inlet. At the center of the settlement, a blackhouse measuring 10m by 6m has walls standing to 2m high (probably their full original height). It faces seaward and has a central door flanked by two windows. Inside, the remains of hearths are visible to either end. To the W of this building there is a second structure (5m by 4.5m) which has been maintained into recent times as a shed. The walls stand to 1.2m high and are 1m thick. Gable ends have been added in concrete/cement to support a pitched roof. To the E of the blackhouse there is landing place, equipped with a revetted stone wall (10m X 1m) which forms a wharf. A third building lies close to its head and may be associated. This measures 5m by 4.5m and has a single corner entrance to the landward side.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	541	2		Creag a Chuilbh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84427	41276	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Wall				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
5m	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A section of drystone walling runs parallel to the coast edge over a distance of 4m. It stands to 0.4m high and is 0.7m wide. Its function is unclear.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	542	2		Creag a Chuilbh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84826	41060	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Wall				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
7m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A section of drystone walling runs down to the coast edge. It measures 10m long and stands to 0.6m high. It probably represents the seaward end of a fence line, the inland section of which is no longer in evidence.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	543	2		Creag a Chuilbh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84879	40835	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and shed				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A landing place and a building lie at the coast edge and may be associated with a house further inland (see SU544). The landing place comprises of a cleared slipway, bordered by a drystone wall. The wall is c.15m long and incorporates natural rock outcrop. Situated some 100m to the NE are the remains of a rectilinear building. This measures 7m by 5m and has a single doorway at its eastern end. The walls are well built and stand up to 2m high; they are 1m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	544	2		Creag a Chuilbh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84787	40749	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	good	nil		nil	

Description

Three buildings and a landing place cluster along the coast edge. At the center of the complex, a blackhouse stands 20m behind the shore and has been renovated; it has a corrugated iron roof. It measures 12m by 4.5m, has a fireplace at either end and a central door flanked to either side by a window and a third window in the rear wall. Two smaller structures lie to the W of the house. Both measure 5m by 6m. To the E there is a landing place within a natural inlet. This has a revetted drystone wall, 15m long and forming a low wharf.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	545	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84135	40906	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	

Description

A drystone wall has been built across the width of a small inlet, possibly to form a small landing place or wharf. The wall is 15m long, 1m wide and stands up to 1.15m high.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	546	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83664	41114	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and shed				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	

Description

A landing place is situated within a natural inlet; a drystone wall (20m by 1.5m by 2m high) extends into the sea to one side of a cleared slipway. At a distance of some 50m inland, the ruins of a small building may represent an associated shed. This measures 3m by 3m; the walls stand up to 1m high. These remains are located in the vicinity of a township located further inland (GUARD, 2006, site 240).



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	547	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83453	41235	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	

Description

A natural inlet has three sections of walling built long its shores. These form landing places with low wharves. In two cases, the walling is revetted against the coast edge, the third wall is free standing and extends into the sea. These remains are located in the vicinity of a previously recorded township located further inland (NF84SW 19, GUARD, 2006, site 241).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	548	2	NF83NW 13	Loch Sgiopot		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82913	38636	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Pier				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	poor	nil		nil	

Description

This site has been previously noted (GUARD 2006, site 262). The following information was recorded by this survey: The remains of wooden pier extend into the sea at one side of an inlet. The pier survives to a maximum length of 25m and is 12m wide and 2m high. It comprises only of upright posts and a few cross beams; the walkway planking is lost. Several sections of drystone walling extend along the coast edge nearby.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	549	2	NF83NW 5	Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82700	38689	10m			2758
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	good	nil		nil	

#### Description

A blackhouse, together with a shed and a landing place, are clustered close to the coast edge. The blackhouse (12m by 4m) is roofless, with walls standing up to 2m high. The front faces onto the sea; the facade has a central door, flanked by a window to either side. There is also a window in the rear wall and a fireplace to either end of the interior. A shed (6m by 4m) stands to the landward side of the house. The walls are reduced to 0.5m. A landing place is located nearby on the coast edge. Here, a stone wall has been built along one side of a natural inlet, with an associated cleared slipway in the intertidal zone. There are further remains, including field walls and structural remains located inland. These remains have been recorded previously (GUARD, 2006, site 261).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	550	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77889	27447	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement: houses and landing place				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	good	nil		nil	

#### Description

A complex of buildings are clustered close to the coast edge, with a landing place nearby. At the center of the complex, a roofless house (10m by 6m) appears to have been occupied into the mid-20th century. It has been extended, with a porch added to its front facade. The footings of two further buildings lie nearby. One of these, measuring 9m by 5m, contains the remains of an iron 'kettle', possibly associated with cleaning fishing nets and/or sails or boiling tar. The footings are reduced to 1m or less in height and are covered with turf. The other building (4m by 6m) utilises large outcrop boulders within its walls. The landing place comprises of a cleared slipway extending through the intertidal zone to the sea and a concrete pier (3m wide by 15m long).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	551	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77854	27579	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Possible clearance cairns				Agri/past	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<20m	n	poor	nil		nil	
Description						
Three turf covered stony mounds are located on a low-lying promontory, close to a settlement (SU550). On average, they measure 2.5m in diameter and stand to 0.5m high. They may represent either clearance cairns associated with cultivation or, alternatively, may be the remains of collapsed sheds.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	552	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	7857	27527	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<20m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
The turf-covered footings of a sub rectangular building are located at the neck of a low promontory. It measures 6m by 5m; the walls are 1m thick. It has a single aperture, located at the seaward end.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	553	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77829	27518	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places and shed				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A natural inlet has two drystone walls built out from its coasts to form a landing places. One wall is 8m long but has been reduced to a single line of stones, no more than 0.3m in height. The other is 12m long by 2.5m wide and stands up to 1.5m/5 courses high. Nearby, a ruinous shed (8m by 10m) has had a roof of corrugated iron; this is now collapsed and dilapidated.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	554	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77655	27691	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cairn				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<20m	n	fair	nil	monitor		
Description						
A concentration of earthfast stones, forming a cairn, sits on top of a natural rise, surrounded by old peat cuttings. The cairn is up to 1m high and measures 7m N-S by 13m E-W. It may have once been covered by peat and therefore may be of a considerable age.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	555	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77617	27805	12m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Possible clearance cairn				Agri/past	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<20m	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A small heap of loose and earthfast stones sits on a natural rise on a promontory. This cairn measures 2m in diameter and stands no more than 0.5m high. It may represent a clearance cairn or rubble heap.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	556	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77611	27911	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cairn				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	fair	nil	monitor		
Description						
An amorphous stone pile or cairn is heaped over a natural rise at the seaward end of a small promontory. It comprises of both loose and earthfast stone and measures 10m by 9m. It stands up to 1.2m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	557	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77547	27755	10m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A revetted drystone wall has been built along the coast edge to form a small landing place or wharf. The wall is 20m long, 0.8m wide and stands up to 0.6m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	558	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77501	27695	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A drystone wall has been built around the head of a small inlet, possibly to form a small landing place or wharf. The wall incorporates outcrops on the shore and is some 20m long. Further stretches of walling are present along the coast up to NF 77630 27607 (6m accuracy) and probably represent part of a much depleted boundary.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	559	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77491	27561	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and structural remains				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<8m		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A length of curving, double faced wall lies on rough ground above the coast edge. It forms one corner of a probable structure, measuring 5m by 2.5m; it is 0.8m wide and stands up to 0.5m high. Nearby, on the shore, a section of rough walling extends into the sea and is suggestive of a landing place. This wall is visible for some 15m.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	560	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77402	27635	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains: possible house				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
The footings of a rectilinear building, built with large squared blocks, stands behind a revetted terrace at the coast edge. It measures 15m by 6m and has walls up to 2m high and 1m wide. It is internally divided into two chambers, with one door facing seaward and a second facing to the landward side.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	561	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77290	27661	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosure and boundary banks				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A rectilinear earth banked enclosure is located at the neck of a small promontory. It measures 10m by 8m. A boundary bank runs across the promontory and can be traced for some 30m. It is up to 2m wide and stands to 1m high. Traces of a second bank lie some 15m further out onto the promontory. This is visible for some 10m and is 0.7m wide and 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	562	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77231	27716	2m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains: possible house				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
The footings of two rectangular stone buildings are situated on a rocky promontory. Both have a central doorway, flanked to either side by a window. One is aligned N-S and measures 9m by 12m; the walls stand up to 2m in height and are 0.8m thick. The other measures 5m by 10m and is aligned E-W.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	563	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77043	28176	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary wall				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A field boundary wall extends at right angles down to the coast edge. It stands to 1.1m high and is 0.8m wide. It can be traced for some 15m inland.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	564	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77015	28260	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cairn				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A heap of stone, which includes some large boulders and stones with drilled holes, is piled into a cairn measuring 4m in diameter by 1.2m high. This may represent recent quarry waste, possibly associated with road building.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	565	3		Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	76846	28598	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary bank				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
The remains of an L-shaped section of boundary bank, comprising large boulders and an earthen constituent, extends across the end of a promontory and along the coast edge. It is shown on the OS map. It measures up to 1m in height and is 1m wide. It can be traced long the coast edge for 20m and inland for some 15m. It would appear to represent the remains of a field boundary.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	566	3	NF72NE 11	Loch Aineort		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	769	287				2706
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Township				Domestic, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	

#### Description

The remains of a township (see GUARD, 2006, site 307) are situated around the head of Loch Aineort. Twenty six features were identified during fieldwork. These include: (i) rig and furrow cultivation, NF 76914 28722; (ii) rough walling along coast, from NF 76914 28722 to NF 76945 28910; (iii) an enclosed field, NF76988 28745; (iv) footings of a possible shed and landing places, NF 77007 28756; (v) a shed, NF 76989 28792; (vi) a former house, now used as a shed, NF 76975 28803; (vii) a possible landing place, NF 76945 28910; (viii) rig and furrow cultivations, NF 76945 28910; (ix) a possible quarry, NF 76818 29137; (x) a landing place, NF 76773 29199; (xi) a possible house or shed, NF76722 29261; (xii) a landing place, NF 76722 29261; (xiii) a possible fish trap, NF 76722 29261; (xiv) a house, NF 76734 29322; (xv) a shed, NF 76743 29347; (xvi) an enclosed field, NF 76743 29347; (xvii) a dyke, NF 76570 29576; (xviii) a shed, NF 76743 29347; (xix) a restored blackhouse, NF 76484 29681; (xx) a house and sheds, NF 76530 29744; (xxi) a landing place, NF 76530 29744; (xxii) a restored blackhouse and sheds, NF 76607 29820; (xxiii) the remains of a bridge, NF 76649 29940; (xxiv) boundary walls, NF 76638 30005; (xxv) a possible landing place, NF 76749 29714; (xxvi) a landing place, NF 76796 29642. More detailed descriptions are available in the site archive.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	567	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82193	44231	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary bank and cultivation remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	

#### Description

A turf covered bank can be traced for over 50m across an area of rough moorland, extending to the coast edge. It is up to 1m wide and stands no more than 0.5m high. It is marked on the OS map. There are other relict field banks present in the wider area also (see note under SU569). Nearby, at NF 82242 44200 (7m accuracy), traces of lazy bed cultivation cover an area measuring approximately 20m by 20m. This is now very overgrown.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	568	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82316	44159	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Causeway				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A drystone causeway, extending for 15m, connects a islet with the mainland. It is square in profile, with a flat top; it measures 2m in width and 2m in height.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	569	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82284	44250	9m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place and boundary bank				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
The sides of a small inlet have been revetted with drystone walling to form a landing place and jetty. Overall, the construction extends over an area measuring 12m in length by 4m in width. Inland, a section of turf covered banking may be associated with field boundaries noted under entry SU567.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	570	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82298	44304	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
The ruins of a rectilinear drystone building, probably a house, are aligned N-S and stand close to the coast edge. The building measures 10m by 6m; the walls stand up to 1.5m high. A concrete sheep dip has been inserted into one end. The ruins of a shed, measuring 4m by 4m, are located nearby; the walls are reduced to 0.5m or less. Traces of former cultivations can be seen to the N side of the house, while there are fragments of boundary walls in the surrounding area.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	571	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8235	4445				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains: possible shed				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
The remains of a drystone building, probably a shed, lie some 5m from a rocky shore. It measures 8m by 6m; the walls stand to 1.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	572	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8240	4451				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Causeway				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	y	fair	wave action		nil	
Description						
A drystone causeway, extending for 12m, connects a islet with the mainland. It has a flat top and measures 2m in width.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	573	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82517	44431	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A ruinous and roofless blackhouse measures 12m long by 8m wide. The front facade faces inland and has a block and concrete porch attached. The walls are rounded and have render applied externally. Traces of a thatched roof are in evidence. Some window glass and internal timbers survive, suggesting that this structure may have been inhabited into recent times. Nearby, at NF 82469 4449 (7m accuracy) the footings of a rectilinear building, probably a shed, are situated on sloping rough ground. The building is 9m long by 6m wide and is aligned N-S. The walls stand up to 2m high. The house and shed are surrounded by fragmentary field boundaries and greener vegetation, perhaps indicating formerly cultivated areas. The remains of stone revetting on the adjacent coast edge are likely to represent the remains of an associated landing place.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	574	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82661	44118	18m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosures				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Ruinous and discontinuous sections of stone and turf banking define one or more enclosures, located at the tip of a promontory. The banking is up to 0.7m wide and stands to maximum height of 0.5m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	575	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8269	4410				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Causeway				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	y	fair	wave action		nil	
Description						
A drystone causeway links an islet to the mainland. It is some 30m long and 3m wide. Originally square in profile, the top surface is now uneven and slightly eroded due to wave action.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	576	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8269	4410				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary bank				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A substantial turf covered wall or bank can be traced for over 50m inland from the coast edge. It stands to 1m or more in height and spreads, at its base, up to 2m in width. It is marked on the OS map.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	577	1	NF84SW 17	Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82822	43890	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		

Description

A settlement, comprising of a house and associated features, is located on rough ground behind a rocky shore. (i) A ruinous blackhouse measures 12m by 6m, has rounded ends and no gables and walls up to 1m in thickness. There are chimneys at either end and a facade comprising of central door, flanked to either side by a window. Traces of a shelly render adhere to the interior wall surfaces; (ii) a ruinous boundary wall, NF 82704 43801; (iii) a ruinous enclosure, NF 82713 43834; (iv) and (v) two sheds, measuring 12m by 6m and 8m by 5m respectively, located to the seaward side of the house; (vi) a shed, measuring 5m by 7m, located close to the house; (vii) a landing place, comprising revetted walls built along the coast edge, stands immediately in front of the house. These remains are located in the vicinity of previously recorded site (GUARD, 2006, site 228).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	578	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82982	43798	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains: possible shed				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	poor	nil	nil		

Description

The footings of a rectangular stone structure, measuring 6m by 7m, are situated on level ground behind the coast edge. The walls are double faced and stand up to 0.35m high; they are 1.2m in width.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	579	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83218	43674	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		

Description

Cultivation remains, represented by disturbed ground and stone clearance heaps, are visible in two areas; one measuring some 50m by 50m, the other some 40m by 40m. The associated clearance cairns are heaped up onto bedrock outcrops in some instances.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	580	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83369	43698	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
The remains of settlement include a house, a track, sheds and a landing place. (i) A roofless blackhouse measures 12m by 5m and is aligned N-S, facing away from the coast. It has rounded ends, no gables and chimneys at either end. The walls stand to roof height. Traces of render are apparent on both internal and external walls; (ii) a metalled track, now very overgrown, runs inland from the coast, NF 83297 43712; (iii) and (iv) two sheds, measuring 5m by 4m and 6m by 4m respectively, are located to the rear of the house; (v) an inlet with revetted drystone walls forms landing place on the coast edge, in front of the house.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	581	1		Bagh nam Faoilean		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83091	44584	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A drystone wall/platform has been built around one side of a small inlet to form a small landing place or wharf. The wall is some 40m long and 6m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	582	1		Bagh nam Faoilean		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83034	44690	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<40m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Probable former rig and furrow cultivation covers an area measuring some 100m by 100m on sloping rough ground above a cliff edge. The area is now very overgrown.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	583	1		Bagh nam Faoilean		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82811	44851	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Numerous features seen in the coastal zone are likely to be associated with an inhabited house which is located further inland, (see SU37). These features include: (i) traces of former cultivations, now overgrown. These cover an area measuring some 50m by 50m and 50m by 30m; (ii) landing places composed of rough stone walling, located in an inlet behind the house. (iii) There are also numerous traces of ruinous drystone walls and banks in this area.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	584	1		Bagh nam Faoilean		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82494	44946	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A rough stone wall within a small rocky inlet represents a former landing place. The wall is 12m long and 1m high. Inland, traces of boundary walls can be seen; these are marked on the OS map.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	585	1		Bagh nam Faoilean		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82388	44965	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	y	fair	wave action		nil	
Description						
Lengths of rough walling have been constructed to either side of a natural inlet to form a low jetty or platform. The walls stand up to 1.5m high and are constructed with larger boulders to the front and smaller stone forming the core. They are revetted against the natural rocky sides of the inlet.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	586	1	NF84SW 7	Tholmair		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83288	42597	6m			2781
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A gabled building, formerly a house but now in use as a shed, measures 12m by 6m. It has a tin roof. The drystone walls have mortar applied to their exterior face. On the shore in front of the house are the rotting remains of a small clinker built boat. These remains are located in the vicinity of a previously recorded township and may be associated (GUARD 2006, site 236).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	587	1		Tholmair		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83547	42496	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Hulk				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
intertidal	y	fair	wave action	nil		
Description						
The hulk of a steel hulled vessel, the 'Fairweather', lie grounded in shallow waters at the head of a small inlet. Two masts and a wheelhouse survive more or less intact.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	588	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83321	42777	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two formerly cultivated areas lie on rough sloping ground, close to the coast edge: both are now overgrown. Each area measures some 30m by 40m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	589	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83190	42970	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains: possible shed				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
The ruins of a rectangular drystone building, measuring 5m by 6m, stand behind a rocky coast edge. The walls, which have been reduced to 1m or less in height, are faced on both sides and up to 0.8m thick.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	590	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82695	43289	9m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two landing places occupy natural inlets along the coast edge: (i) A former landing place stands at the head of a long narrow inlet with high rocky sides. It comprises of a stone wharf or platform, measuring 2m by 2m, situated on one side of the inlet and a length of roughly built walling which extends for over some 25m on the other side; (ii) Some 60m to the NW of (i), a second inlet has rough walling built around its head to form a landing place. This wall is 10m long and 3m wide; a boat was tied up to it at the time of this survey.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	591	1		Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82547	43370	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary bank				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A meandering low turf bank, possibly representing the base of fence line, extends at right angles to the coast edge and from here, extends long the coast for some 40m. It stands up to 0.5m in height and is 1m wide.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	592	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84304	40197	9m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<30m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
The remains of a 1 and 1/2 storied gabled house occupies level ground above a rocky coast edge. It measures 5m by 10m. The windows have been blocked up.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	593	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8475	4020				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Traces of former rig and furrow cultivations can be traced on a sloping hillside. The area covered is estimated to be some 30m by 50m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	594	2	NF83NE 1	Cnoc Dubh Lairsay		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85337	39939	6m			2761
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Settlement remains, comprising of a ruinous house, outbuildings and former cultivated ground are located close to the coast edge. These remains are located in the vicinity of a previously recorded farmstead (GUARD 2006, site 247). The following information was recorded during fieldwork: (i) The house is aligned NE- SW , faces seaward and measures 11m by 6m. The walls stand to over 3m and are 1m wide. The corners are squared. Concrete mouldings survive around the door and window apertures and there are traces of mortar on both the internal and external wall faces. The house is surrounded by a small garden enclosure; (ii) a shed, 5m by 6m in area, lies to the landward side of the house, some 20m away; (iii) traces of former cultivations can be seen at NF 85155 40047, a small mound lying within this area (3m in diameter by 1m high) has an anchor stuck into its top; (iv) further old cultivated ground can be seen at NF 85444 40092, covering an area some 100m by 50m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	595	2		Rubha Caolas Liursaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85512	40382	9m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		

**Description**  
Settlement remains, including a ruinous house, outbuildings, a causeway and cultivation remains are located behind the coast edge. These remains are located in the vicinity of a building noted on an early map (GUARD, 2006, site 242). The following information was recorded during fieldwork: (i) The house, measuring 5m by 10m, is ruinous and roofless. It is aligned N-S. The drystone walls retain some applied render on both internal and external faces; (ii) There are traces of extensive former cultivations located to the NE and S sides of the house; these are now very overgrown; (iii) a shed, measuring 5m by 4m, is located close to the coast edge at NF 85474 40339; (iv) a causeway crosses the junction between the outflow from an inland loch and the mouth of a sea inlet. This drystone construction is 10m long and 1m wide.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	596	2		Rubha Caolas Liursaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85448	40180	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Probable structural remains				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<40m	n	poor	nil	nil		

**Description**  
A spread of earthfast stone may represent the remains of a structure. The spread covers an area measuring some 5m by 3m.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	597	2	NF83NE 2	Bagh Clann Alasdair		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85189	39835	7m			2762
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosure				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<60m	n	fair	nil	nil		

**Description**  
A curvilinear drystone enclosure measures some 10m in diameter. It lies on a sloping rugged hillside and is now very overgrown with heather. Structural remains have been noted here previously (GUARD 2006, site 249).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	598	2		Rubha Camas nam Feuchaig		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84996	39337	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Boundary bank				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	y	poor	soil erosion		nil	
Description						
A bank extends across the neck of a promontory. It is some 30m long, up to 1m wide and no more than 0.3m high. It is located in an area of dense heather was visible at the time of this survey due to a recent fire which had removed the vegetation cover.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	599	2		Rubha Camas nam Feuchaig		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84500	39470	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<30m	n	poor	nil		nil	
Description						
The footings of a rectilinear drystone structure are situated on a NW- SE alignment in an elevated position between a loch and the sea. It measures 10m by 5m; the walls survive to a height of 0.75m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	600	2		Loch Sgiopot		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82627	38770	15m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
The remains of a wooden and concrete pier/jetty occupy a natural inlet. A concrete wall, 8m in length and 1.5m wide, extends along the head of the inlet. A series of wooden beams, representing the substructure for the now ruinous pier, extend from the concrete base into the sea. To either side of this construction are the remains of drystone walls: these may represent earlier or subsidiary pier structures.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	601	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	85936	38875	10m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Wall				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A 3m long section of drystone walling, situated at the coast edge, may represent the seaward end of a former fence line. It is 1.5m wide.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	602	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81568	39632	9m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
A low stone platform has been built up to form one side of a landing place within a natural inlet. It is 10m long, 7m wide and stands up to 1m high. The area to the W of this construction has been cleared of stone to form a slipway.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	603	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81598	39766	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Shed				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A ruinous rectilinear building stands close to the coast edge. It measures 6m by 4m; the walls are 1m wide and stand to 1.5m high. It has a single entrance which is located on the landward side. A concrete trough lies nearby. It is likely to be the same structure as that noted on an AP (GUARD 2006, site 250).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	604	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81537	39827	9m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
Two landing places are indicated by rough stone walls built within natural inlets on the coast edge. One measures 4m in length and is made from large boulders; the other is 5m long and is revetted against a natural rock outcrop.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	605	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81531	39955	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
A stone platform or landing place has been built against the seaward side of a rocky coast edge, within an inlet. It measures 12m long by 5m wide and is up to 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	606	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81451	40050	10m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places and possible embanking				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
A series of rough stone walls and platforms have been constructed to form landing places along the rocky coast near to the head of an inlet. Further towards the head of the inlet, revetment walls lining the coast to either side of a river outflow (with sluice gate) may have been constructed to impede erosion.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	607	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81721	39923	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	poor	nil		nil	
Description						
A rough stone wall, measuring 5m by 4m, forms a landing place for boats located within a natural inlet. It stands to 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	608	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	81810	39918	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Possible landing places or fence lines				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
In this area, a series of short sections of rough drystone walling are present on or close to the coast. The larger of these, measuring between 7m and 25m in length, may represent landing places; the shorter sections (typically <5m) may either represent remnant landing places, associated boundaries or perhaps the seaward end of former banks or fence lines, which in these islands tend to be constructed of stone where they lie in or close to water.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	609	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82005	39725	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
A stone platform, representing a landing place, has been roughly built within a small cove. It measures 5m in length by between 7m and 2m in width and stands up to 1m high. It may be associated with an inhabited house situated inland.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	610	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82091	39698	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A rough wall forms one side of a landing place. It measures 6m by 3m and stands to 1.5m high. A cleared slipway lies to one side.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	611	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82387	39354	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Wall				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A drystone wall runs for 4m close to the tip of a promontory. It stands up to 0.3m high and may have formed a small enclosure.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	612	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82971	39107	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
An 8m long section of rough drystone walling protrudes into the intertidal zone within an inlet to form a landing place. It is 1m wide and stands to 1.5m in height.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	613	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	82953	38769	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A revetted stone platform has been constructed against the rocky side of a small inlet to form a landing place. It measures 12m long by 10m wide and stands to 1m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	614	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83275	38931	11m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	poor	nil	nil	
Description						
A 6m long section of revetted stone walling forms landing place within a natural inlet. The wall stands to 1.2m high and has been built against the rocky coast edge.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	615	2		Loch Sgioport		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83324	39070	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Three sections of drystone walling located on the coast edge form two or more landing places. The largest measures 30m in length; the others measure 8m and 6m respectively.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	616	4		Gleann Dail Bho Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	79447	17788	13m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Two blocks of walling, set parallel to one another, extend out from the side of an inlet to form a landing place. One block of walling measures 7m long and 2m wide; the other is 4m wide and 3m long. One the other side of the inlet, boats are secured onto a huigh rock cliff face.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	617	4		Gleann Dail Bho Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	79336	17777	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A harbour area has been created through the construction of several lengths of drystone walling around the sides of a sheltered inlet. Two walls, set parallel to each other, form the main landing place. One of these walls is 17m long and stands up to 2m high. Another wall is positioned at the mouth of the inlet.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	618	4		Gleann Dail Bho Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	19151	17666	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Possible landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
An 8m long section of curving walling is set within a natural inlet. It extends out from the coast edge into the intertidal zone, possibly forming a landing place. It is 0.4m wide and stands to 0.8m high. Alternatively, it may represent the seaward end of a former fenceline.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	619	4		Gleann Dail Bho Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	79081	17589				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Two sections of revetted walling built against the coast edge around the sides of an inlet form landing places for boats which remains in use. Both walls are 5m long by 0.4m wide; one stands to 0.5m high, the other is 1.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	620	4		Gleann Dail Bho Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78782	17595	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Five lengths of drystone walling are built around the sides of a sheltered natural inlet to form landing places. Two of the walls (both 6m in length) project outwards into the water; the other three walls (4m, 3m and 1.5m, respectively) are revetted against the coast edge.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	621	4		Gleann Dail Bho Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78627	17693	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Seven free standing drystone walls project out into the sea around the sides of an inlet to form landing places. They range in length from 8m to 3m .						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	622	4		Gleann Dail Bho Tuath		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78444	17783	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A 35m long section of drystone walling projects into the intertidal zone in a small stony inlet. It may represent a landing place, although since it continues the line of a fence, it may alternatively represent only the seaward end of this barrier.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	623	4		Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78356	17764	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two or more landing places are represented by sections of freestanding and revetted drystone walling within a bay. The walling comprises of a 20m long section built around the coast edge; with a platform projecting out from it (this measures 6m long and is 2m wide). The platform forms one side of U-shaped berth, the other side of which is formed by a 9m long freestanding wall. At the seaward end of the bay, a third wall projects into the sea for 17m, forming either a breakwater or perhap a pier.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	624	4		Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78172	17823	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A landing place/slipway is defined by two freestanding drystone walls set parallel to each other at the head of an inlet. One wall is 6m long, the other is 7m long.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	625	4		Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77992	17846	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A landing place has been created in a narrow inlet. On one side, a 60m long revetted wall stands up to 2m high. On the other side, an-L-shaped wall (in 3m and 6m sections) forms a pier.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	626	4		Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77904	17897	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
A 10m long section of revetted walling lines one side of an inlet to form a landing place. It is up to 2m wide and stands to a maximum height of 2.5m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	627	4		Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77833	17944	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
(i) Three lengths of revetted drystone walling have been constructed within an inlet to form a landing place. The walling is split into sections, measuring 7m long, 5m long and 0.5m long ; each is between 0.3m and 0.5m wide. (ii) A second landing place has been created through the construction of walls in an adjacent inlet.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	628	4		Ceann a Deas Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77748	17887	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
Two parallel walls have been constructed at the head of an inlet to form a landing place for boats. One wall is 8m long, the other is 12m long; they lie some 3m apart.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	629	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77677	17715	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
A series of nine or more walls have been built around the sides of an inlet to form landing places. Two of these comprise of parallel walls projecting into the intertidal zone, three comprise of revetted walls built against the coast edge and one 10m long wall projects into the sea forming a breakwater or small pier.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	630	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77345	17648	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
A 30m long wall projects into the sea from the centre of a bay and may either represent a landing place or the seaward end of a fence line. It is 1m wide and stands up to 1.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	631	4		opp Eilean Mor		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77214	17726	8m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A 25m long section of walling extends along the side of an inlet, representing either a boundary wall or possibly, a landing place. It is 1.5m wide and stands to 0.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	632	4		opp Eilean Mor		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77069	17758	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
A 20m long section of walling is revetted against the coast edge within an inlet and probably represents a former landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	633	4		opp Eilean Mor		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77013	18064	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places and causeway				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A series of three walls have been built around the shores of an inlet to form two landing places and a causeway. (i) One landing place is 9m long and runs from the land into the intertidal zone, where it curves around the coast edge. It is 0.8m wide and stands to 1m high. (ii) A second landing place wall is 7m long and has been revetted against the coast edge. It stands up to 2m high. (iii) The causeway is a 16m long wall which extends between the land and an offshore islet. It is 1.1m wide and stands to 1.5m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	634	4		opp Eilean Mor		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	76950	18307	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Three fragmentary sections on the coast edge represent the remains of former landing places.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	635	4		opp Eilean Mor		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	76945	18366	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	good	nil	nil	
Description						
A natural inlet has a 12m long wall built along one of its shores to form a landing place. This remains in use.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	636	4		opp Eilean Mor		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	76925	18655	9m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
Two sections of walling have been built to form a landing place within an inlet.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	637	1	NF84SW 13	4a Rhughasinish		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8270	4277		Listed: B		11943
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
House				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<80m	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
A listed building (GUARD 2006, site 221) lies over 50m inland and was not inspected by this survey. It has been previously described as a single storied Skye-type cottage with a thatched roof, dating from c. 1900.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	638	1		Sanndabhaig		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8253	4338				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosure				Agri/past	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
?	?	?	?		nil	
Description						
A large oval enclosure, noted on an AP (GUARD 2006, site 231), was not relocated on the ground during the survey.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	639	1	NF84SW 12	Loch Carnan		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8311	4306				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Jetty				Maritime	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
?	?	?	?		nil	
Description						
A jetty, noted in NMRS (GUARD 2006, site 233), was not relocated during this survey.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	640	2	NF83NW 17	Bagh A'Mhanaich		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8361	3923				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosure				Agri/past	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
?	?	?	?		nil	
Description						
An enclosure, described as a sheepfold is noted in this location by NMRS (GUARD 2006, site 255). It was not relocated during this survey.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	641	2	NF83NW 8	Airigh Ard		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8280	3930				2777
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Sheiling hut				Agri/past	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
?	?	?	?		nil	
Description						
A sheiling hut was noted on the 1st edition (1881) OS map, but was no longer in evidence on the 1971 1:10,000 edition. It was not relocated during this survey.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	642	2	NF83NW 14	Loch Sgiopoirt		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	8246	3906				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Pier				Maritime	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
?	?	?	?		nil	
Description						
A pier was noted in this location in NMRS (GUARD 2006, site 257). It was not relocated by this survey.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	643	4	NF71NE 12 etc.	Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	7926	1942		inc. Listed		inc 11940
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Village				Domestic etc	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<100m	n	good	nil		nil	

#### Description

The village of Loch Baghasdail and surrounding area includes the following previously recorded sites: school, listed 'C' NF71NE 16; schoolhouse, listed 'C', NF71NE 16.1; hotel, NF71NE 13; pier, NF71NE 15; church, NF71NE 14; police station, NF71NE 17; former military camp, NF71NE 19; wreck of fishing vessel 'Excelsior', NF71NE 8001; former site of blackhouses, NF71NE 9; buildings at NF 7880 1930, noted on an AP (GUARD 2006, site 358); house, NF71NE 30; house, listed 'B', NF71NE 18; post office, listed 'B', NF71NE 18.1; Boisdale House, listed 'B', NF71NE 18.2; dyke, NF 7843 1783, noted on an AP (GUARD 2006, site 378); building, NF 7951 1785, noted on a historic map (GUARD 2006, site 377); house at 466 South Lochboisdale, listed 'B', NF71NE 21 (SMR = 11940).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	650	2		Loch Sgiopoint		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84448	39165	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Shed/enclosure				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	

#### Description

A rectangular drystone structure, probably representing either a shed or an enclosure, is situated on low-lying ground behind a rocky coast edge. It measures 10m by 5m; the walls stand to 1.2m high. It is aligned N-S, with an entrance to the W side. A slightly raised stony green platform lies nearby; this may represent the remains of an associated feature. This site may be the same as that noted on an AP (GUARD 2006, site 256).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	651	2		Loch Sgiopoint		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	84264	39157				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<30m	n	fair	nil		nil	

#### Description

Two areas of former cultivation are visible on sloping rough ground above a rocky coast edge. (i) At NF 84264 39157 traces of rig and furrow cover an area measuring some 50m by 70m; (ii) at NF 84035 39090 similar remains cover an area measuring some 300m by 200m. This activity may be associated with a settlement located inland (see SU652).



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	652	2	NF83NW 16	Loch Sgiopoint		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83805	39271	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic, agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	fair	nil	nil		

**Description**  
A settlement, comprising of ruinous houses, outbuildings, enclosures, a landing place and cultivation remains, lies behind the coast edge. A farmstead has been recorded previously in this area (GUARD 2006, site 254). The following information was recorded during fieldwork: (i) At NF 83805 39271, a house, located some 100m from the coast, is now roofless. It measures 6m by 12m, It is mortared and rendered and has external stone steps and a pathway; one step is inscribed with the date '1947'; (ii) a series of rough walls on the coast nearby represent the remains of landing places; (iii) cultivation remains are present within the wider area; (iv) an enclosure, with substantial mortared walls is located at NF 83654 39199. This contains the footings of a concrete building of probable mid-20th C date; (v) a third structure, a ruinous drystone house, lies further inland (ie 100m+ from coast). This measures 10m by 5m. The walls survive to roof height.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	653	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83646	40226	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<10m	n	poor	nil	nil		

**Description**  
A heap of loose and earthfast stones indicate the site of a former structure. The stone is strewn over an area measuring some 8m by 5m. There are no further indications to the nature of this structure.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	654	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83729	40322	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cultivation remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	fair	nil	nil		

**Description**  
Formerly cultivated ground can be traced over an 80m by 40m area on a grassy headland. Further areas of similar cultivations lie inland.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	655	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83527	40458	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A landing place has been created in a small inlet by the construction of two walls at its mouth. One wall extends across the mouth for 5m, the other is 4m long and turns in to the inlet, providing an access. Both walls are faced to their seaward side only.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	656	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83051	40790	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Shed and landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A rectangular shed, measuring 5m by 3m, is aligned NE-SW and set behind the coast edge. The drystone walls stand up to 2m high. The remains of a tin roof can be seen collapsed inside the shed. Nearby on the shore at NF 8345 40826 a section of walling extending in to the intertidal zone represents the remains of a landing place. This comprises of a 10m long rough stone platform, with walling extending off at either end.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	657	2		Loch Sheileabhaigh		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	83004	40877	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Cairn				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<60m	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
A heap of loose and earthfast stones, 0.5m high, extends over a 2m by 2m area on a natural rise. There are no further indications to the nature of this structure.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	658	4		Oratobht		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78671	20471	7m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Bridge				Industrial	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
A 20m long bridge constructed from stone and concrete and surfaced with timber, crosses the outflow from a loch. It appears to be of early-mid 20th C construction. Nearby, a line of stone present within the watercourse may be the remains of a weir or of a causeway.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	659	4		Oratobht		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78722	20463	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosures				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Two small enclosures are situated on a promontory, to the east side of bridge (see SU658). One measures 5m by 6m, the other measures 4m by 5m. The walls of both are 1m wide and stand up to 0.75m high.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	660	4		Oratobht		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	79053	20276	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Walling				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
A series of short sections of walling extend from the lands end into the intertidal zone in this area. Most are built of boulders and are 0.5m or so wide, standing up to 0.75m high. They represent the seaward end of former fence lines, the landward part of which no longer survives.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	661	4		Oratobht		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	79096	20215	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Mound				Indeterminate	Indeterminate	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
An amorphous mound is situated on a small promontory. It measures 5m in diameter and stands to 1.5m high. Several boulders protrude through its surface. It could represent a cairn, possibly of prehistoric date.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	662	4		Oratobht		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	79049	20232	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	y	poor	wave action	nil		
Description						
A landing place, comprising of a 6m long and 2m wide stone platform, has been built in a small inlet.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	663	4		opp Glas-eilean		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	79252	19922	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	y	poor	wave action	nil		
Description						
An L-shaped section of rough drystone walling forms a landing place. It extends from the shore into the intertidal zone for some 20m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	664	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78716	19278	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	y	poor	wave action		nil	
Description						
<p>(i) At NF 78716 19278 a rough wall, 10m long and 5m wide, has been built in a natural inlet to form a landing place.</p> <p>(ii) At NF 78851 19273 the floor of a natural inlet has been cleared of stone. The cleared stone has been built up to form a 20m long rough wall on the west side of the inlet, thus providing a landing place for a boat.</p>						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	665	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78716	19278	4m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Enclosure				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	poor	nil		nil	
Description						
The remains of a rectilinear enclosure lie close to the coast edge. Defined by occasional earthfast stones, it measures some 4m by 4m but only three sides can be traced.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	666	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78392	19322	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Possible landing places or fence lines				Indeterminate	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	
Description						
Two 5m long sections of rough drystone walling may either represent remnant landing places, associated boundaries or perhaps the seaward end of former banks or fence lines. The latter are numerous in this area.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	667	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78359	19413	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Shed				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A rectangular stone shed is situated on a promontory. It measures 3m by 5m; the walls stand to 1.7m high. It has one doorway and a window.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	668	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78550	19581	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	y	good	wave action	nil		
Description						
A rough stone platform forms a landing place at the head of a bay. Overall the walling extends for 30m in length and is 5m wide. A section of walling runs at right angles across the landward end, possibly forming a boat noost.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	669	4		Leathad Glas		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	7832	1994	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	y	poor	wave action	nil		
Description						
A landing place, comprising of a rough stone wall and an area cleared of stone, is located to the side of a bay. The cleared area measures 10m by 5m; the wall is 3m long, 1m wide and 0.75m high.						



Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	670	4		Leathad Glas		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78354	19973	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Shed				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
<5m	n	fair	nil	nil		
Description						
A shed, constructed from boulders and with a cement mortar, is situated on a small promontory. It measures 5m by 5m; the walls stand up to 2m high. It appears to have been constructed on the site of an earlier building, the remains of which can be seen as occasional earthfast boulders and is estimated to have measured some 10m by 5m.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	671	4		Leathad Glas		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78354	20082	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	good	nil	nil		
Description						
Two lengths of rough walling have been constructed to either side of a small inlet to form a landing place. The walls are up to 3m wide and extend for some 20m in length.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	672	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78335	20195	6m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation		
on HWM	n	poor	nil	nil		
Description						
The remains of rough stone walling are present in the intertidal zone and may have originally formed a landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	673	4	NF72SE 9	Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78335	20195	10m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	

#### Description

The remains of three buildings lie close together, behind the coast edge. These remains are located in the vicinity of buildings noted previously on APs and associated with a recorded township (GUARD, 2006, site 339). The findings of fieldwork indicate the following information: (i) A building measuring 5m by 7m has walls 1m thick and surviving to a maximum of 1.5m high. It contains two doorways, one of which has been blocked. (ii) The footings of two conjoined buildings measure approximately 3m by 6m and 5m by 5m. The walls are reduced to ground level and are 0.8m wide.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	674	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	78096	20221	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains, landing place and enclosure				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	fair	nil		nil	

#### Description

(i) Two spreads of stone represent the remains of demolished structures. One measures some 12m by 8m, the other is 5m by 6m. They lie 10m apart. (ii) Fragments of walling on the adjacent coast edge may be the remains of a landing place. (iii) Some 10m to the N of the buildings, a drystone walled enclosure measures 10m by 10m; this is now partly submerged in the intertidal zone.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	675	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	779	202				
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
on HWM	n	poor	nil		nil	

#### Description

Six landing places are defined either by stone clearance or by walling located in the intertidal zone: (i) - (iii) at NF 77957 20251 (accuracy 6m) three landing places lie around the sides of a small inlet. The largest measures 20m long, the others are 10m and 7m long respectively. (iv) At NF 77892 20920 (accuracy 5m) a cleared area or slipway measures 10m long and is 3m wide. (v) At NF 77848 20339 (accuracy 6m) rough walling lines an inlet to form a landing place with platforms or wharves. (vi) At NF 7837 20326 (accuracy 6m) a fragment of rough walling forms a small landing place.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	676	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77800	20054	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing place				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		y	poor	wave action	nil	
Description						
A 15m long by 4m wide rough stone wall and an adjacent cleared area indicate the location of a former landing place.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	677	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77563	19963	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
<5m		n	fair	nil	nil	
Description						
The footings of three drystone buildings lie immediately behind the coast edge. (i) One building measures 3m by 4m and may be the remains of a shed. (ii) A second building, measuring 12m by 7m, has rounded corners and an internal division: it may represent the remains of a house or shed. (iii) A third building measures 3m by 5m and may have been a shed.						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	678	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77499	19943	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Landing places				Maritime	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM		Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site	Recommendation	
on HWM		y	fair	wave action	nil	
Description						
A rough stone platform located on the W side of an inlet forms a landing place. The platform is 10m long and 2m wide. A second, similar, feature is located at NF 77485 19901 (accuracy 6m).						

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	679	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77255	19868	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Structural remains				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	poor	nil		nil	

**Description**  
Two ruinous buildings lie close to the coast edge. (i) Only the E end of this rectilinear building survives; the W end can be traced as low footings. It measures some 4m by 9m; the walls stand up to a maximum height of 1.75m. The walls retain traces of a cement based render. The ruin is currently in use as a sheep shelter. (ii) The footings of a second building, measuring 7m by 3m, lie some 5m to the S of (i).

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	680	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	77070	19870	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Shed				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<5m	n	fair	nil		nil	

**Description**  
A ruinous shed, measuring 3m by 4m, has walls up to 1m high and is located to one side of an inlet.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	681	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	76870	19862	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Settlement				Domestic	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<10m	n	good	nil		nil	

**Description**  
A settlement, comprising of a ruinous blackhouse and a shed stands on the E side of an inlet. The house measures 10m by 5m, has rounded corners and walls surviving to 1.5m high. A shed, measuring 4m by 4m, lies to the S end of the house.

Area	Site	Map	NMRS	Placename		
SU	682	4		Loch Baghasdail		
NGR	East	North	Accuracy	Status	HS Index	SMR
NF	76938	19611	5m			
Characterisation				Site Type	Date Range	
Clearance cairn				Agri/past	18th- 20th C	
Distance to HWM	Eroding ?	Condition	Threat to Site		Recommendation	
<20m	n	good	nil		nil	
Description						
A clearance cairn measures 2m in diameter and stands to 0.5m high.						

## Photographic Record (digital)

Picture No.	Description	Site Code	No. of shots
1	General view from E	SU500	1
2	View from N of slipway	SU501	3
3	View from W of harbour	SU501	1
4	View from N of harbour	SU501	1
5	View from N	SU502	2
6	View from E of pier	SU503	1
7	View from NE of pier	SU503	1
8	View from N of blackhouse	SU504	2
9	View of interior, N facing wall	SU504	1
10	View of harbour from E	SU503	2
11	View of jetty from SE	SU503	1
12	View of slipway from W	SU503	1
13	View from S	SU505	1
14	View from N	SU506	1
15	View from N	SU506	1
16	View from E	SU506	1
17	View from N	SU506	1
18	View from W	SU507	1
19	View of interior from N	SU507	1
20	View of wall from W	SU508	1
21	View of wall from N	SU508	2
22	View to W	SU509	1
23	View to W	SU510	1
24	View to N	SU510	1
25	View to NW	SU510	1
26	View to E	SU510	1
27	View to W	SU510	1
28	View to NE	SU510	1
29	View to S	SU511	1
30	View to E	SU511	1
31	View to NW	SU512	2
32	View to S	SU513	2
33	View to S	SU514	1
34	View to E	SU514	1
35	View to NE	SU514	1
36	View to S	SU514	1
37	View to W	SU515	2
38	View to NE	SU516	1
39	View to S	SU517	1
40	View to E	SU517	1
41	View to W	SU518	1
42	View to W	SU519	1
43	View to NW	SU520	1
44	View to NE	SU521	2
45	View to W	SU521	1
46	View to N	SU522	1
47	View to SE	SU523	2
48	View to S	SU523	1
49	View to NW	SU523	1
50	View to SW	SU523	1
51	View to NW	SU523	1



52	View to NE	SU524	1
53	View to S	SU525	1
54	View to SE	SU526	1
55	View to SW	SU527	1
56	View to SW	SU528	1
57	View to W	SU529	1
58	View to N	SU530	1
59	View to W	SU530	2
60	View to W	SU531	1
61	View to NW, blackhouse	SU531	1
62	View to W, blackhouses	SU531	1
63	View to NW, blackhouse	SU531	1
64	View to SW, outbuilding	SU531	1
65	View to SW, slipway	SU531	1
66	View to SE	SU532	1
67	View to W	SU533	1
68	View to NW	SU534	1
69	View to E	SU534	1
70	View to W	SU534	1
71	View to NE	SU534	1
72	View to NE	SU535	1
73	View to NW	SU535	1
74	View to SE	SU535	1
75	View to SW, slipway	SU536	1
76	View to SE	SU537	2
77	View to NE	SU537	1
78	View to SW	SU537	2
79	View to S	SU538	1
80	View to SW	SU539	1
81	View to S	SU539	1
82	View to S	SU540	1
83	View to W	SU540	1
84	View to W	SU540	1
85	View to E	SU540	1
86	View to E	SU540	1
87	View to N	SU540	1
88	View to W	SU542	1
89	View to E	SU542	1
90	View to SW	SU543	1
91	View to E	SU543	1
92	View to NE	SU543	1
93	View to W	SU544	1
94	View to W	SU544	1
95	View to E	SU544	1
96	View to S	SU545	1
97	View to SW	SU546	1
98	View to E	SU546	1
99	View to W	SU547	1
100	View to E	SU548	1
101	View to N	SU549	1
102	View to SE	SU549	1
103	View to N	SU549	1
104	View to W	SU600	1
105	View to SE	SU601	1

106	View to NW	SU602	1
107	View to W	SU603	1
108	View to E	SU604	1
109	View to S	SU604	1
110	View to N	SU604	1
111	View to NW	SU605	1
112	View to E	SU606	1
113	View to E	SU606	1
114	View to NE	SU606	1
115	View to NW	SU606	1
116	View to SE	SU606	1
117	View to NW	SU606	1
118	View to S	SU607	1
119	View to NW	SU608	1
120	View to SE	SU608	1
121	View to S	SU608	1
122	View to E	SU608	1
123	View to W	SU608	1
124	View to W	SU609	1
125	View to W	SU610	1
126	View to NW	SU611	1
127	View to W	SU612	1
128	View to E	SU613	1
129	View to NE	SU614	1
130	View to N	SU615	1
131	View to E	BB500	1
132	View to W	BB501	1
133	View to NE	BB502	1
134	View to NE	BB502	1
135	View to SE	BB502	1
136	View to NW	BB503	1
137	View to SW	BB503	1
138	View to E	BB503	1
139	View to W	BB504	1
140	View to SE	BB504	1
141	View to SW	BB506	1
142	View to W	BB505	1
143	View to NE	BB505	1
144	View to E	BB506	1
145	View to W	BB507	1
146	View to S	BB508	1
147	View to N	BB508	1
148	View to W	BB508	1
149	View to SE	BB509	1
150	View to NW	BB510	1
151	View to NW	BB510	1
152	View to NE	BB510	1
153	View to SE	BB510	1
154	View to W	BB510	1
155	View to W	BB511	1
156	View to W	BB511	1
157	View to S	BB512	1
158	General view	BB512	1
159	View to SE	BB513	1

160	View to NW	BB513	1
161	View to NW	BB514	1
162	View to S	BB514	1
163	View to S	BB515	1
164	View to NW	BB515	1
165	View to SW	BB515	1
166	View to W	BB516	1
167	View to NW	BB516	1
168	View to W	BB516	1
169	View to SW	BB516	1
170	View to SE	BB517	1
171	View to SE	BB518	1
172	View to E	BB529	1
173	View to NW	BB531	1
174	View to W	BB532	1
175	View to E	BB532	1
176	View to NE	BB532	1
177	View to SE	BB534	1
178	View to NE	BB534	1
179	View to NW	BB533	1
180	View to N	BB535	1
181	View to NW	BB535	1
182	View to NW	BB536	1
183	View to E	BB537	1
184	View to NE	BB538	1
185	View to NE	BB539	1
186	View to SE	BB539	1
187	View to SE	BB540	1
188	View to NE	BB540	1
189	View to E	BB541	1
190	View to NE	BB542	1
191	View to SE	BB543	1
192	View to SE	BB543	1
193	View to SE	BB543	1
194	View to SE	BB544	1
195	View to NW	BB545	1
196	View to W	BB545	1
197	View to E	BB546	1
198	View to SE	BB547	1
199	View to SW	BB547	1
200	View to E	BB547	1
201	View to SE	BB547	1
202	View to NE	BB548	1
203	View to NW	BB548	1
204	View to NE	BB549	1
205	View to E	BB550	2
206	View to S	BB552	1
207	View to W	BB551	1
208	View to SW	BB551	1
209	View to W	SU616	1
210	View to W	SU617	1
211	View to NW	SU617	1
212	View to N	SU617	1
213	View to W	SU618	1

214	View to NW	SU619	1
215	View to N	SU620	3
216	View to SW	SU621	1
217	View to W	SU621	2
218	View to E	SU621	1
219	View to N	SU622	1
220	View to N	SU623	1
221	View to W	SU624	1
222	View to W	SU625	1
223	View to E	SU626	1
224	View to SW	SU627	2
225	View to S	SU628	1
226	View to SW	SU629	1
227	View to SE	SU629	1
228	View to NW	SU630	1
229	View to NE	SU631	1
230	View to N	SU632	1
231	View to N	SU633	1
232	View to NE	SU633	1
233	View to N	SU634	1
234	View to SE	SU635	1
235	View to N	SU636	1
500	View from W	SU550	1
501	View from S	SU550	1
502	Possible cairns, general view	SU551	2
503	View from N	SU552	1
504	View from E	SU553	1
505	View from S	SU553	1
506	View from W	SU554	1
507	View from W	SU555	1
508	View from E	SU556	1
509	View from W	SU557	1
510	Harbour etc, general view	SU558	1
511	View from S	SU559	1
512	View from road	SU560	1
513	View from N	SU561	1
514	View from E	SU562	1
515	Wall, general view	SU563	1
516	Possible cairn, general view	SU564	1
517	View from NW	SU565	1
518	View from S	SU566	3
519	View of cultivation remains	SU566	1
520	View of landing place	SU566	1
521	View to S of possible fish trap	SU566	1
522	View of blackhouse	SU566	3
523	Shed	SU566	1
524	General view	SU566	1
525	View from S	SU577	1
526	View from N	SU578	1
527	View from S	SU580	1
528	Landing place	SU581	1
529	Cultivation remains	SU583	1
530	Hulk 'Fairweather IV'	SU587	1

531	General view of Lon Dubh, looking towards SU592	SU592	2
532	Cultivation remains	SU594	1
533	House	SU595	2
534	House	SU594	1
535	Enclosure	SU650	3
536	House	SU652	1
537	Possible cairn, general view	SU653	1
538	Landing place	SU655	1
539	View from N	SU656	1
540	Standing stone	BB601	2
541	Harbour	BB604	1
542	View from S	BB605	1
543	Landing place	BB613	2
544	Landing place	BB614	1
545	Erosion near to site BB616	BB616	1
546	Structural remains	BB621	3
547	Structural remains	BB622	3
548	People at work	n/a	1
549	Structure	BB622	1
550	Structure	BB622	1
551	View from N (with people at work)	BB623	3
552	Fish traps	BB624	2
553	Landing place	BB625	1
554	Bridge	BB631	1
555	Structure	BB632	3
556	Structure	BB632	2
557	Structure	BB632	1
558	Enclosures	BB635	1
559	General view	BB637	3
560	Structure	BB640	1
561	Pier	BB644	1
562	Structure	BB648	1
563	Structure	BB648	1
564	Possible cairn	BB649	2
565	View to NE	SU658	1
566	View to NE	SU658	1
567	View to SE	SU659	1
568	View to NW	SU661	1
569	View to SW	SU662	1
570	View to SE	SU663	1
571	General view of Loch Boisdale docks	SU643	2
572	View to NW	SU665	1
573	View to NW	SU667	2
574	View to N	SU668	2
575	View to NW	SU670	2
576	View to NE	SU673	1
577	View to N	SU672	1
578	View to N	SU673	1
579	View to NE	SU674	1
580	View to N	SU674	1
581	View to W	SU677	1
582	View to NW	SU677	1
583	View to N	SU677	1
584	View to SE	SU679	1

585	View to W	SU679	1
596	General view	SU645	1



## Bibliography

Armit, I 1996 *The Archaeology of Skye and the Western Isles*, Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press.

Ashmore, P 2003 (i) 'Archaeology and the Coastal Erosion Zone' in Dawson, T (ed.) *Coastal Archaeology and Erosion in Scotland*, Historic Scotland, Edinburgh, 1-5.

Ashmore, P 2003 (ii) 'Coastal Erosion of Archaeological Sites' in Dawson, T (ed.) *Coastal Archaeology and Erosion in Scotland*, Historic Scotland, Edinburgh, 203-215.

Barber, J 2003 *Bronze Age Farms and Iron Age Farm Mounds of The Outer Hebrides*, Scottish Archaeological Internet Report 3, [www.sair.org.uk](http://www.sair.org.uk).

Brannigan, K and Foster, P 1995 *Barra: Archaeological Research on Ben Tangaval*, Sheffield: Sheffield Academic Press.

Brannigan, K and Foster, P 2002 *Barra and the Bishop's Isles: living on the margin*, Tempus.

Brennand, M, Parker Pearson, M and Smith, H 1998 'Cille Pheadair (Kilpheder) (South Uist parish), Norse settlement and Pictish cairn' in *Discovery and Excavation in Scotland 1998*, 102-103.

Campbell, E 1991 'Excavations of a wheelhouse and other Iron Age structures at Sollas, North Uist, by RJC Atkinson in 1957', *Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland*, 121, 117-73.

Crawford, I A 1977 'A corbelled Bronze Age burial chamber and beaker evidence from the Rosinish machair site, Benbecula', *Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland*, 108, 94-107.

Dawson, A G, Elliott, L, Noone, S, Hickey, K, Holt, T, Wadhams, P and Foster, I 2004 'Historical storminess and climate 'seesaws' in the North Atlantic region', *Marine Geology*, 210, 247-259.

Dawson, A G, Smith, D E and Dawson, S 2000 *Potential impacts of climate change on sea levels in Scotland*. Scottish Natural Heritage: Commissioned Report.

Dawson, A G 2003 'Estimating the vulnerability of Scotland's coastline to the effects of future climate change and sea level rise' in Dawson, T (ed.) 2003 *Coastal Archaeology and Erosion in Scotland*, Historic Scotland, Edinburgh, 25-36.

Dawson, S, Jordan, J, Smith, D E and Dawson, A G 2004 'Late Holocene coastal sand movements in the Outer Hebrides, N.W. Scotland', *Marine Geology*, 210, 281-306.

Dawson, T (ed.) 2003 *Coastal Archaeology and Erosion in Scotland*, Historic Scotland, Edinburgh.

Fairhurst, H 1971 'The wheelhouse site A'Cheardach Bheag on Drimore machair, South Uist', *Glasgow Archaeological Journal*, 2, 72-106.

GUARD. 2006 *Coastal Zone Assessment Survey, East Coast of North Uist, Benbecula & South Uist: Desk based Assessment*. Unpublished report. GUARD Project 2198.

Historic Scotland, 1996 *Procedure Paper 4: Coastal Zone Assessment Survey*, Historic Scotland, Edinburgh.

Historic Scotland 2002 *A List of Scheduled Monuments, Properties in Care and Protected Wrecks in Scotland 2002*, Historic Scotland, Edinburgh.

Hothersall, S and Tye, R 2000 *The Lost Wheelhouses of Uist*, Robert Tye: South Uist.

Lethbridge, TC 1952 'Excavations at Kilpheder, South Uist, and the problem of the brochs and wheelhouses', *Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland*, 18, 176-93.

Maclaren, A 1974 'A Norse house on Drimore machair, South Uist', *Glasgow Archaeological Journal*, 3, 9-18.

Maclean, C 1978 *Monitoring of the Uists*, internal HBM/SDD report.

Maclean, C 1981 *Monitoring of the Uists*, internal HBM/SDD report.

Meeker, L D and Mayewski, P 2002 'A 1400-year high-resolution record of atmospheric circulation over the North Atlantic and Asia', *Holocene*, 12, 257-266.

Moore, H and Wilson, G with Dawson, A & Dawson, S 2005 *Western Isles (South) Coastal Zone Assessment Survey: Grimsay, Benbecula & South Uist*. Unpublished report for The Scape Trust/Historic Scotland.

Nature Conservancy Council 1977 *Outer Hebrides: localities of geological and geomorphological importance*. Nature Conservancy Council (Geology and Physiography Section), 91pp.

Ordnance Survey 1880 1st edition 6" map 'Inverness-shire, Hebrides, North and South Uist, etc.'

Parker Pearson, M, Sharples, N and Symonds, J 2004 *South Uist: Archaeology and History of A Hebridean Island*, Tempus.

Parker Pearson, M, Sharples, N with Mulville, J and Smith, H 1999 *Between Land and Sea: excavations at Dun Vulcan, South Uist*, SEARCH volume 4, Sheffield: Sheffield Academic Press.

Rogers, J C 1997 'North Atlantic storm track variability and its association to the North Atlantic Oscillation and climate variability of northern Europe', *Journal of Climate* 10, 1635-1647.

Ritchie, W 1971 *The beaches of Barra and the Uists*. Report commissioned for The Countryside Commission for Scotland, 83pp.

Ritchie, W 1979 'Machair development and chronology in the Uists and adjacent islands', *Proceedings of the Royal Society of Edinburgh*, 77B, 107-22.

RCAHMS 1928 *The Outer Hebrides, Skye and the Small Isles*, Edinburgh, HMSO.

RCAHMS CANMORE database, [www.rcahms.gov.uk](http://www.rcahms.gov.uk)

Shepherd, IAG 1976 'Preliminary results from the Beaker settlement at Roisinish, Benbecula', in Burgess, C and Miket, R (eds) *Settlement and Economy in the Third and Second Millennia BC*, 209-19, Oxford: BAR (British Series) 33.

Shepherd, IAG and Tuckwell, A 1977 'Traces of Beaker cultivation at Rosinish, Benbecula', *Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland*, 108, 108-113.

Shepherd, IAG and Shepherd, AN 1978 *Machair Sites Survey: Uists and Benbecula*, internal HBM/SDD report.

Shepherd, IAG 1978 *Western Isles Machair Sites: Uists*, internal HBM/SDD report.

Thomas, FWL 1868 'On the primitive dwellings and hypogea of the Outer Hebrides', *Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland*, 7, 153-95.

Thomas, FWL 1890 'On the duns of the Outer Hebrides', *Archaeologia Scotica*, 5, 365-415.

Young, A and Richardson, K M 1960 'A'Cheardach Mhor, Drimore, South Uist', *Proceedings of the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland*, 93, 135-73.

Wallingford, H R 1995 Survey of coastal erosion in the Western Isles. Scottish Natural Heritage: Report EX 3155.